UAB 2022 Financial Report University of Alabama at Birmingham



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Senior Vice President for Finance and Administration The University of Alabama at Birmingham Birmingham, Alabama 35294

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Office of the Senior Vice President for Finance and Administration

Management's Responsibility for Financial Reporting

The accompanying financial statements of the University of Alabama at Birmingham (UAB) for the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 were prepared by UAB's management in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management of UAB is responsible for the integrity and objectivity of these financial statements, which are presented on the accrual basis of accounting and, accordingly, include some amounts based upon judgement. Other financial information in the annual report is consistent with that in the financial statements. Our system of internal accounting controls is designed to help ensure that the financial reports and the books properly reflect the transactions of the institution, in accordance with established policies and procedures as implemented by qualified personnel.

The Board of Trustees of The University of Alabama, through its Audit, Risk and Compliance Committee, monitors the financial and accounting operations of the institution, including the review and discussion of periodic financial statements and the evaluation and adoption of budgets. The Board of Trustees of The University of Alabama, through its Audit, Risk and Compliance Committee, monitors the basis of engagement and reporting of independent auditors.

Brain D. Burnett, PhD Senior Vice President for Finance and Administration

Stephanie Mullins

Stephanie Mullins UAB Chief Financial Officer Associate Vice President for Financial Affairs

The University of Alabama at Birmingham 1030 Administration Building 701 South 20th Street Birmingham, Alabama 35294-0110



Report of Independent Auditors

To the Board of Trustees of The University of Alabama

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of The University of Alabama at Birmingham ("UAB"), a campus of The University of Alabama System, a component unit of the State of Alabama, which comprise the statements of net position as of September 30, 2022 and 2021, and the related statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position and of cash flows (where applicable) for the years then ended, including the related notes (collectively referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of The University of Alabama at Birmingham as of September 30, 2022 and 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of Southern Research Institute, UAB's discretely presented component unit, which statements reflect total assets of \$124.1 million and \$125.5 million as of December 31, 2021 and January 1, 2021, and changes in net position of \$9.7 million and \$12.1 million for the years then ended. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the discretely presented component unit, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (US GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of UAB and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matters

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, UAB changed the manner in which it accounts for leases in 2022. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements of UAB are intended to present the financial position, the changes in financial position, and the cash flows of only that portion of the business-type activities of the financial reporting entity of The University of Alabama System that is attributable to the transactions of UAB. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of The University of Alabama System as of September 30, 2022 and 2021, the changes in its financial position, or its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

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Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with US GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with US GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of UAB's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplemental Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the accompanying management's discussion and analysis on pages 5 through 22 and the required supplementary information for the pension plan and postemployment benefits on pages 81 and 84 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express



an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Pricewoterhouselloopers Z. J.P.

Birmingham, Alabama January 24, 2023

The University of Alabama at Birmingham

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

The objective of management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A") is to help readers of The University of Alabama at Birmingham ("UAB")'s financial statements better understand the financial position and operating activities for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021. This discussion has been prepared by management along with the financial statements and related note disclosures and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes. The financial statements, notes, required supplementary information, and this discussion are the responsibility of management. In January 2020, the World Health Organization declared the novel Coronavirus ("COVID-19") a Public Health Emergency of International Concern. The outbreak of COVID-19 caused domestic and global disruption in operations for institutions of higher education and healthcare organizations and impacted several areas of UAB and University Hospital's financial statements as further discussed within the MD&A and Note 1.

History, Mission and Governance

The University of Alabama at Birmingham ("UAB") became an autonomous campus within The University of Alabama System in 1969 and, in the five decades since, has grown into a world-renowned research university and medical center, occupying more than 105 city blocks in Alabama's largest metropolitan area. UAB is the state's largest single-site employer with more than 26,000 employees. *Forbes* ranked UAB the number one Best Large Employer in America (above the likes of Mayo Clinic, NASA and Google) in 2021 and the number one best employer for diversity among colleges and universities.

UAB's mission is to serve students, patients, the community and the global need for discovery, knowledge dissemination, education, creativity and the application of groundbreaking solutions. UAB is a leader among comprehensive public urban research universities with academic medical centers.

As of 2017, UAB had an economic impact on Alabama that exceeds \$7.15 billion annually and is key in growing a robust tech and knowledge-based economy for the Birmingham region and Alabama. The UAB Harbert Institute for Innovation and Entrepreneurship generated \$5.6 million in revenue, 106 intellectual property disclosures, 39 licenses and eight U.S. patents in FY2022 alone - the Institute's eighth straight year to achieve a positive bottom line (among only 20 percent of university tech transfer offices nationally to do so). UAB's research partner, a discretely presented component unit, Southern Research Institute ("SRI") broke ground in May 2022 on a state-of-the-art biotech innovation center (and anchor of a future urban research park in Birmingham's Southside) that will double its lab space to study infectious diseases, expand capacity to research chronic diseases, grow 150 new scientific and professional jobs, and double a current annual economic impact to \$300M.

At UAB, we have never settled on merely finding what's next - we have helped build the future through new ideas and initiatives in the classroom, the laboratory, the studio and the clinic. UAB's vision, mission and shared values provide a foundation for the strategic plan, Forging the Future.

UAB is accredited by the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools Commission on Colleges to award baccalaureate, masters, doctorate, and professional degrees. UAB's accreditation was reaffirmed during the 2015 cycle. UAB's next reaffirmation will occur in the 2025 cycle. UAB offers Baccalaureate, Master's, Specialist, Doctoral, D.M.D., M.D., and O.D. degrees. At the same time, UAB continues to offer students unrivaled research opportunities and novel academic programs, such as a new Bachelor of Science in Entrepreneurialism that has enrolled more than 108 students in its first two years and earned the 2022 Model Emerging Program Award from the U.S. Association for Small Business and Entrepreneurship. UAB graduate programs continue to rank highly in *US News & World Report*, with 16 programs in the top 25, including a Master's in Health Administration that is number one nationally and six nursing programs in the top 10.

UAB is governed by The Board of Trustees of The University of Alabama (the "Board"), a body corporate under Alabama Law. The Board also governs The University of Alabama and The University of Alabama in Huntsville, which, along with UAB, make up The University of Alabama System (the "System"). The Board determines policy and approves operating budgets, educational programs, facilities and capital financings for each university, and sets the separate tuition and fee schedules applicable at each university. Oversight responsibilities of the Alabama Commission on Higher Education ("ACHE") and annual requests for appropriations from the Alabama legislature are coordinated for each campus by the Chancellor of the System with the approval of the Board.

UAB Awards, Accomplishments and Accolades

University:

UAB's research enterprise is more competitive than ever. In FY2022, research awards topped \$700 million for the first time with a record \$715 million--marking a 50 percent increase since FY2017 and continuing the most successful era of research funding in the university's history. Among public universities, UAB ranks 17th (top 4 percent) in federal research funding and 11th (top 4 percent) in NIH funding. *U.S. News & World Report* recently ranked UAB among the top eight percent of higher education institutions globally for academic research and reputation.

As a globally respected academic medical center, UAB excels at translating research into leading-edge patient care. UAB is home to the eighth largest hospital in the U.S. (1,207 beds), the state's only accredited Level 1 Adult Trauma Center, and the only National Cancer Institute-designated comprehensive cancer center in Alabama and a four-state region. In *U.S. News & World Report* Best Hospitals (2022-23), UAB was again named the top hospital in Alabama with eight specialties in the nation's top 50. Three faculty from the Heersink School of Medicine were named to the prestigious national Academy of Medicine ("NAM") in 2022, making for a total of 17 NAM members in UAB history.

University Hospital:

This year's U.S. News and World Report's "Best Hospitals" special edition issue ranked eight UAB Medicine specialties among the nation's top 50 and ranked University Hospital as the top hospital in Alabama. U.S. News and World Report also ranked hospitals in adult procedures and conditions. University Hospital is ranked high performing, which is the highest ranking conferred, in 3 specialties and 17 adult procedures and conditions. Becker's Hospital Review named University Hospital on its most recent list of the "100 Great Hospitals in America," a compilation of hospitals that are considered industry innovators and known nationally for excellence in clinical care and, in 2022, the eighth largest hospital in America. University Hospital has been named a Magnet-designated organization for the fifth consecutive time by the American Nurses Credentialing Center Magnet Recognition Program®. University Hospital is only the 21st hospital worldwide to receive this designation five consecutive times. Magnet hospitals are recognized for excellence in nursing care and patient outcomes. UAB Medicine also ranked among the highest in the nation on the Consumer Loyalty list, based on results from NRC Health's Market Insights survey, the largest database of health care consumer responses in the country. For the third year in a row, the UAB Medicine eMedicine program was recognized with Hicuity Health's 2022 WE SEE YOU CARE Award for its innovation, leadership, and partnership in implementing a shared services model of tele-ICU care. UAB Medicine received nine Women's Choice Awards in 2022, including among the highest ranked in the Best Hospitals and Patient Experience categories. The Women's Choice Award is an independent referral source for women, aiming to empower women to make better health care choices. For the sixth time since 2016, UAB Medicine has received the LGBTQ Healthcare Equality Leader designation from the Human Rights Campaign Foundation, scoring a perfect 100 in the organization's five criteria.

Overview of Financial Statements

UAB's financial report includes three financial statements: the Statement of Net Position; the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position; and the Statement of Cash Flows. These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") principles, which establish standards for external financial reporting for public colleges and universities. The financial statements present comparative financial information of the University, the University of Alabama Hospital ("University Hospital"), and UAB's blended component units. The University Hospital's condensed financial information is presented at Note 15. The blended component units included within the financial information of UAB are UAB Research Foundation ("UABRF"), UAB Athletics Foundation ("UABAF"), Hospital Management L.L.C. ("LLC"), and Triton Health Systems, L.L.C. ("Triton"). In addition to the blended component units, UAB has one discretely presented component unit in the Southern Research Institute ("SRI"). The financial information of SRI does not form part of UAB's MD&A, UAB's financial statements, or UAB's footnotes. However, SRI's Statement of Net Position and Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position are disclosed separately on pages 27-28.

During fiscal year 2022, the UAB adopted GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, which establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the principle that leases serve to finance the right to use an underlying asset. The statement requires lessees to recognize right-to-use assets and related liabilities, and lessors to recognize receivables and corresponding deferred inflows of resources, for leases that were previously classified as operating and recognized as inflows or outflows of resources. The adoption of GASB Statement No. 87 has been reflected at the beginning of the earliest period presented in the financial statements, or October 1, 2020. For purposes of the MD&A, fiscal year 2020 information does not reflect the adoption of GASB Statement No. 87.

UAB's overall financial position remained strong, as assets totaled \$6.40, \$6.89, and \$5.93 billion at September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020, respectively. The decrease of \$495.3 million or 7.2% from September 30, 2021 to September 30, 2022 was primarily due to decreases in the fair market value of the investments held offset by increases in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and in cash from debt proceeds. Increases of \$959.1 million or 16.2% from September 30, 2020 to September 30, 2021 were primarily due to increases in the fair market value of the investments held offset by increases from September 30, 2020 to September 30, 2021 were primarily due to increases in the fair market value of the investments held.

Total liabilities decreased \$544.5 million or 13.3% from September 30, 2021 to September 30, 2022. The decrease results primarily from a reduction in pension and OPEB liability due to changes in actuarial evaluations. Total liabilities increased \$638.1 million or 18.5% from September 30, 2020 to September 30, 2021. The increase results primarily from pension and OPEB liability growth due to changes in actuarial evaluations.

The change in net position reflects the operating, nonoperating and other activity of UAB, which results from revenues, expenses, and gains and losses, and is summarized for the years ended September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020, as follows:

	2022		2021		 2020
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	\$	4,358,101,318	\$	4,133,641,841	\$ 3,712,470,836
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		4,672,591,992		4,348,737,086	3,953,876,475
NET OPERATING LOSS		(314,490,674)		(215,095,245)	 (241,405,639)
TOTAL NONOPERATING (LOSS) INCOME, CAPITAL, ENDOWMENT AND OTHER ACTIVITIES		(87,063,705)		1,045,051,799	 450,349,699
(DECREASE) INCREASE IN NET POSITION	\$	(401,554,379)	\$	829,956,554	\$ 208,944,060

Statements of Net Position

The statement of net position presents the financial position of UAB at the end of the fiscal year, and includes all assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows recorded on the accrual basis of accounting. The changes in net position are indicators of whether the overall financial condition of UAB has improved or worsened during the year. A summarized comparison of UAB's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, and net position at September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020, is as follows:

	20	022	2021		2020
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Current assets	\$ 2,588	3,374,852 \$	\$ 2,856,565,711	\$	2,502,144,919
Capital assets, net	1,918	3,644,336	1,896,543,024		1,784,230,411
Other assets	1,88	8,302,417	2,137,550,819		1,645,174,783
TOTAL ASSETS	6,39	5,321,605	6,890,659,554		5,931,550,113
Deferred outflows from debt refundings	15	5,092,272	12,081,090		13,336,713
Deferred outflows pension and OPEB related	71	6,467,779	850,533,926		305,494,017
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	73	1,560,051	862,615,016		318,830,730
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 7,126	5,881,656 \$	\$ 7,753,274,570	\$ e	6,250,380,843
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION					
Current liabilities	63	4,403,041	802,155,961		800,205,475
Noncurrent liabilities	2,90	0,237,877	3,277,031,877		2,640,898,752
TOTAL LIABILITIES	3,53	4,640,918	4,079,187,838		3,441,104,227
Deferred inflows from leases	29	9,984,253	31,345,123		_
Deferred inflows pension and OPEB related	84	6,514,810	525,445,555		521,937,116
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	876	6,499,063	556,790,678		521,937,116
Net position	2,71	5,741,675	3,117,296,054		2,287,339,500
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$ 7,126	5,881,656 \$	\$ 7,753,274,570	\$ e	5,250,380,843

The major categories of current assets consist of cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, and accounts receivable and are used to support UAB's normal operations. At September 30, 2022, the major categories totaled \$2.43 billion of the \$2.59 billion. Total current assets decreased \$268.2 million or 9.4% from 2021. This decrease resulted from a decline in unrealized gains due to poor investment performance during the middle and later part of 2022. The decrease was offset by a increase in net receivables from sponsoring agencies. At September 30, 2021, the major categories totaled \$2.71 billion of the \$2.86 billion and increased \$354.4 million or 14.2% from 2020. This increase resulted from the contributions made to the Liquidity and Capital Reserve Pool ("LCRP") throughout the year, reinvesting gains during a period of poor market performance at the start of the year, followed by growth in unrealized gains due to improved investment performance during the middle and later part of 2021. The increase was offset by a decrease in both cash and cash equivalents and net receivables.

Deferred outflows represent the consumption of net assets attributable to a future period and consists of bond deferred refunding amounts (Note 7), pension obligations (Note 9), and other post-employment benefits ("OPEB") obligations (Note 10). At September 30, 2022, deferred outflows from debt refundings increased \$3.0 million to \$15.1 million due to new debt issuances during the year. Deferred outflows related to the pension obligations decreased \$30.1 million to \$270.3 million. The decrease in deferred outflows related to the pension obligations is a result of a decrease in net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments offset by an increase in changes in assumptions. Deferred outflows related to the OPEB obligations decreased \$104.0 million to \$446.2 million. The decrease in the deferred outflows related to the OPEB obligations is a result of a decrease in actuarial assumptions and changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions. At September 30, 2021, deferred outflows from refundings decreased \$1.3 million to 12.1 million due to the annual amortization of the refundings. Deferred outflows related to the pension obligations increased \$101.7 million to \$300.3 million in deferred outflows related to the pension obligations is a result of an increase in net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments and difference between expected and actual experience offset by a decrease in changes in actuarial assumptions. Deferred outflows related to the OPEB obligations increased \$443.3 million to \$550.2 million is a result of an increase in changes in actuarial assumptions and an increase in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions.

Current liabilities consist primarily of accounts payable, accrued payroll and related benefits, unearned revenue, and current portion of long-term debt. At September 30, 2022, current liabilities decreased \$167.8 million to \$634.4 million. The decrease is due to University Hospital's Due to third-party payors and advances payable related to repayment of advance payments received in fiscal year 2020 from the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services ("CMS") Accelerated and Advance Payments Program. At September 30, 2021, current liabilities increased \$2.0 million to \$802.2 million. The increase is due to University Hospital's Due to third-party payors and advances payable related to repayment of advance payments received in fiscal year 2020 from the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services ("CMS") Accelerated and Advance payments received in fiscal year 2020 from the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services ("CMS") Accelerated and Advance payments received in fiscal year 2020 from the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services ("CMS") Accelerated and Advance payments received in fiscal year 2020 from the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services ("CMS") Accelerated and Advance Payments Program.

Deferred inflows represent the acquisition of net assets attributable to a future period and are associated future lease payments, pension obligations (Note 9) and other post-employment benefits ("OPEB") obligations (Note 10). At September 30, 2022, deferred inflows related to leases decreased \$1.4 million to \$30.0 million. The decrease is due to future lease payments received during the fiscal year. At September 30, 2022, deferred inflows related to the pension obligations increased \$296.9 million to \$356.3 million. The increase in deferred inflows related to the pension obligations is the result of an increase change in net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments offset by a decrease in changes in assumptions. Deferred inflows related to the OPEB obligations increased \$24.1 million to \$490.3 million. The increase in deferred inflows related to the OPEB obligations is a result an increase in changes of assumptions offset by a decrease in differences between expected and actual experiences. At September 30, 2021 deferred inflows related to the pension obligations decreased \$30.9 million to \$59.3 million. The decrease in deferred inflows related to the pension obligations is the result of a decrease in differences between expected and actual experience, changes in proportion, and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of total contributions. Deferred inflows related to the OPEB obligations increased \$34.4 million to \$466.1 million. The increase in deferred inflows related to the OPEB obligations is a result of an increase in differences between expected and actual experiences, a change in proportion, and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of total contributions.

Endowment, Life Income and Other Investments

The composition of UAB's endowment, life income and other investments at September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020, is summarized as follows:

	2022		2022		2021		2022 2021		 2020
Endowment and Life income investments	\$	673,323,752	\$	711,622,472	\$ 539,974,716				
Investment in Professional Liability Trust Fund		40,809,631		69,880,913	59,920,845				
Other long-term investments		142,971,739		117,568,898	 107,735,412				
TOTAL ENDOWMENT, LIFE INCOME AND OTHER INVESTMENTS	\$	857,105,122	\$	899,072,283	\$ 707,630,973				

UAB's endowment funds are invested in an investment pool established by the Board. UAB's endowment funds held within the investment pool consists of both permanent and quasi-endowments. Permanent endowment funds are those funds received from donors with the requirement that the principal remain unspent and invested in perpetuity to produce income to be expended for the purposes specified by the donor. Quasi-endowments consist of restricted or unrestricted funds that have been set aside by actions of the Board to produce income for an established purpose or until the time the Board reverses its action. Endowment income supports scholarships, fellowships, professorships, research efforts, and other programs and activities of UAB.

UAB uses its endowment funds to support operations in a way that strikes a balance between generating a predictable stream of annual support for current needs and preserving the purchasing power of the endowment funds for future periods. UAB held 2,028, 1,884, and 1,790 individual endowment funds within the pool at September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020, respectively, the majority of which are restricted for specific purposes. UAB made contributions to the endowment funds totaling \$62.8, \$22.7, and \$20.0 million for the years ended September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020, respectively.

The Board-approved spending rule provides for distributions from the pool to UAB. The annual distribution rate is 4.5 percent and is based on a moving five-year average of the market (unit) value. This spending rule is one element of an ongoing financial management strategy that has allowed UAB to effectively weather the uncertainties of challenging economic environments. Endowment spending rate distributions totaled \$27.4, \$26.0, and \$24.9 million for the years ended September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020, respectively.



UAB's endowment and life income investments decreased \$38.3 million to \$673.3 million from September 30, 2021 to September 30, 2022. This decrease resulted from a weak investment performance offset by establishment of new endowment funds through gifts and the creation of Board-designated quasi-endowments throughout the year. UAB's endowment and life income investments increased \$171.6 million to \$711.6 million from September 30, 2020 to

September 30, 2021. This increase resulted from the establishment of new endowment funds through gifts and the creation of Board-designated quasi-endowments throughout the year, reinvesting of underwater endowment gains during a period of poor market performance at the start of the year, followed by growth in unrealized gains due to improved investment performance during the middle and later part of 2021.

University Hospital participates in The University of Alabama Professional Liability Trust Fund (the "PLTF"). The PLTF uses contributions from University Hospital and other contributing entities, together with the earnings thereon, to pay liabilities arising from performance of certain professional services by employees of these entities. University Hospital reports its share of the net position of the PLTF as a joint venture investment using the equity method in the accompanying statements of net position. At September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020, University Hospital's investment in the PLTF totaled approximately \$40.8, \$69.9, and \$59.9 million, respectively.

At September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020, UAB's other investments totaled \$143.0, \$117.6, and \$107.7 million, respectively. Other investments primarily consisted of investments held by UAB's blended component unit Triton Health Systems, L.L.C. ("Triton"), which totaled \$142.4, \$117.0, and \$107.2 million, respectively.

Capital and Debt Activities

An aspect of UAB's continued growth is an emphasis on the expansion and maintenance of capital assets. UAB continues to implement its long-range capital plan to modernize its existing infrastructure and strategically invest in new construction. Capital assets primarily include land, buildings, fixed equipment systems, and inventoried equipment.

Construction in progress additions totaled \$84.0 million and \$32.9 million at September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Capital projects in process at September 30, 2022 include Altec/Styslinger Genomic Medicine & Data Sciences and Science and Engineering Building. Capital projects in process at September 30, 2021 include Altec/Styslinger Genomic Medicine & Data Sciences, Central Utilities, McCallum Building renovations, and the Science and Engineering Building.

Capital asset additions totaled \$153.3 million in 2022 as compared to \$208.5 million in 2021. Capital asset additions primarily represent renovation and new construction of academic, research, clinical and athletic facilities, as well as significant investments in equipment, including information technology. Current year capital asset additions were funded with debt proceeds designated for capital purchases of \$166.0 million and \$35.2 million, and capital funds, grants, gifts totaling \$39.2 million and \$5.3 million, in 2022 and 2021, respectively.

During fiscal year 2022, S&P Global, formerly known as Standard & Poor's Ratings Services, raised its rating on UAB's general revenue bonds from AA to AA+ with a stable outlook. Long-term debt activity for the years ended September 30, 2022 and September 30, 2021 is summarized as follows:

	2022									
	Beginning Balance	Additions	Repayments	Ending Balance						
Direct borrowing and direct placement	204,410,664	99,757,259	22,273,231	281,894,692						
General receipt bonds	962,481,000	231,245,000	178,742,000	1,014,984,000						
	\$ 1,166,891,664	\$ 331,002,259	\$ 201,015,231	\$ 1,296,878,692						
		20	021							
	Beginning Balance	Additions	Repayments	Ending Balance						
Direct borrowing and direct placement	164,033,008	60,349,379	19,971,723	204,410,664						
General receipt bonds	998,471,000		35,990,000	962,481,000						

UAB's long-term debt consists of leases, a note payable, and general revenue bonds. Long-term debt increased \$130.0 million to \$1.30 billion from September 30, 2021 to September 30, 2022. The increase in debt is due to the issuances of Series 2022 bonds during the year (Note 7). Long-term debt increased \$4.4 million to \$1.17 billion from September 30, 2020 to September 30, 2021. The increase in debt is the result of entering into new leases of \$42.7 million, offset by principal payments made in accordance with the debt instruments.

During 2022, the University issued \$311.5 million of general revenue bonds with a net original issue premium of \$12.0 million. Total bond proceeds of \$323.5 million were utilized to finance the cost of certain capital improvements to the

facilities of UAB and refund existing Series 2010A, Series 2010C, Series 2013A2, and Series 2013D2 bonds, totaling \$6.2 million, \$3.8 million, \$58.4 million and \$75.9 million, respectively. The University deposited the funds received in an escrow trust for the purpose of making subsequent payment of principal and interest on the defeased indebtedness. Under the trust agreements, funds deposited in the trust accounts were invested in obligations of the U.S. Government. The University estimates that the amounts on deposit will be sufficient to satisfy the debt service requirements on the defeased indebtedness and that the defeasance will result in lower overall debt service payments. The University remains legally obligated for the repayment of the defeased indebtedness. Neither the assets of the trust accounts nor the defeased indebtedness are included in the accompanying statements of net position. The principal outstanding on defeased indebtedness at September 30, 2022 is approximately \$139.2 million.

Effective interest rates on the University general revenue bonds averaged 2.83% percent and 3.18% percent in 2022 and 2021, respectively. Interest expense on general revenue bonds totaled \$44.7 million and \$37.6 million in 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Obligations For Pension and Post-employment Benefits

GASB Statements No. 68 and 75 require governmental employers participating in multi-employer cost-sharing pension and healthcare benefit plans to recognize liabilities for their proportionate share of the unfunded liability for plans whose actuarial liabilities exceed the plan's net assets. As required by Alabama statute, all eligible employees of a qualifying public educational employer must be a member of the Teacher's Retirement System of Alabama ("TRS"). As a qualifying employer, UAB is required to make certain employer contributions on behalf of its employees participating in TRS's defined benefit pension plan (the "Plan"). Additionally, Alabama statutes permitted UAB to opt-in to provide its eligible retirees with healthcare benefits through the Public Education Employees' Health Insurance Plan ("PEEHIP").

The employer contribution rates for both plans are established annually by TRS and PEEHIP, and adopted by the Alabama Legislature. Both the TRS employer contribution rate and the employer's PEEHIP cost for retiree coverage are based upon the actuarial valuations performed by TRS and PEEHIP, respectively. Although the liabilities recognized under GASB 68 and 75 meet GASB's definition of a liability within GASB's framework for accounting standards, UAB does not believe that the associated recorded liabilities associated with the TRS and PEEHIP constitute legal liability for UAB, nor do they open UAB to other claims on its resources.

Using current actuarial assumptions, and presuming a continuation of the current level of benefits, UAB's obligations for pension benefits as prescribed by GASB 68 totaled \$1.05 billion at September 30, 2022, as compared to \$1.41 billion and \$1.25 billion at September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. The decrease in the reported liability at September 30, 2022 was driven by a decrease in the UAB's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability. The increase in the reported liability at September 30, 2021 was driven by an increase in UAB's proportionate share of a larger collective net pension liability compared to September 30, 2020.

Using current actuarial assumptions, and presuming a continuation of the current level of benefits, UAB's obligations for postemployment benefits through PEEHIP as prescribed by GASB 75 totaled \$546.6 million at September 30, 2022, as compared to \$680.4 million and \$265.2 million at September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. The decrease in the reported liability at September 30, 2022 was driven primarily by a increase in the discount rate and an decrease in UAB's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability. The increase in UAB's proportionate share of the discount rate and an increase in UAB's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability.

UAB also administers a single-employer plan which offers its members hospital benefits, major medical benefits, a prescription drug program and a basic term life insurance up to an established maximum policy limit. The health care benefits cover medical and hospitalization costs for retirees and their dependents. UAB retired employees make contributions to the plan by making premium payments associated with their selected health plan option. Eligible disabled retirees are responsible for only the employee portion of those premiums and UAB is responsible for the employer portion. All other UAB retirees are responsible for the full premium cost of the plan and in no case does the employer contribute to the plan.

Using current actuarial assumptions, and presuming a continuation of the current level of benefits, UAB's obligations for postemployment benefits through UAB plan totaled \$7.2 million at September 30, 2022, as compared to \$5.3 million and \$6.3 million at September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. The increase in the reported liability at September 30, 2022 was driven primarily by changes of assumptions. The decrease in the reported liability at September 30, 2021 was driven primarily by differences between expected and actual experience, changes in actuarial assumptions and benefit payments.

Net Position

Net position represents the residual interest in UAB's assets and deferred outflows after liabilities and deferred inflows are deducted. The UAB's net position decreased \$401.6 million during fiscal year 2022, reaching \$2.72 billion. This decrease reflects the UAB's current year's operations including increased net patient revenue, grants and contracts revenue, and net auxiliary revenue offset by increased in operating expenses and weaker investment performance. During fiscal year 2021 net position increased \$830.0 million, totaling \$3.12 billion, which reflects UAB's operations including an increase in net patient revenue, nonoperating grants and contracts revenue and investment income. UAB's net position at September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020, is summarized as follows:

	 2022 2021			 2020
NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS	\$ 785,417,963	\$	786,585,310	\$ 769,281,767
RESTRICTED				
Nonexpendable	435,778,701		390,793,182	405,615,948
Expendable	466,127,882		600,618,098	353,055,159
UNRESTRICTED	1,028,417,129		1,339,299,464	759,386,626
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 2,715,741,675	\$	3,117,296,054	\$ 2,287,339,500

Net position invested in capital assets represent UAB's capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and outstanding principal of debt in excess of related bond proceeds attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. The \$1.2 million decrease in 2022 reflects an increase in total debt related to the Series 2022 bond issuance during the year offset by growth in capital assets net of annual depreciation expense. The \$17.3 million increase in 2021, reflects the growth in capital assets net of annual depreciation expense, along with the decrease in total debt related to the annual principal payments.

Restricted nonexpendable net position includes UAB's permanent endowment funds, annuity and life income assets that will ultimately become pure endowment funds. The changes relate primarily to contributions made during the fiscal year.

Restricted expendable net position is subject to externally imposed restrictions governing its use. Restricted expendable net position includes UAB's assets whose use is restricted by an external restriction. The \$134.5 million decrease in 2022 is the result of the decline in investment market value offset by an increase in new gifts during the year. The \$247.6 million increase in 2021 is the result of the growth in investment market value and an increase in new gifts during the year.

Unrestricted net position includes UAB's assets whose use is not restricted by an external entity. Although unrestricted net position is not subject to externally imposed restrictions, UAB has designated available unrestricted net position to be used for academic and research programs as well as capital projects. Unrestricted net position decreased by \$310.9 million in 2022, primarily due to an increase in operating expenses coupled with a decrease in investment income. Unrestricted net position increased by \$579.9 million in 2021, primarily due to an increase.

Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position ("SRECNP") presents UAB's results of operations, as well as the nonoperating revenues and expenses. Primary components of UAB's operating revenue sources are tuition and fees, grants and contracts, and sales and services. Sales and services revenues is comprised of revenues from University Hospital operations (Hospital sales and services), revenues generated from both self-supporting departments (including intercollegiate Athletics, residence halls, food service operations) and Triton Health Systems, L.L.C. revenues (a blended component unit) (Auxiliary sales and services). Other significant revenue sources, which are considered nonoperating as defined by the GASB, include State educational appropriations, private gifts, and investment income.

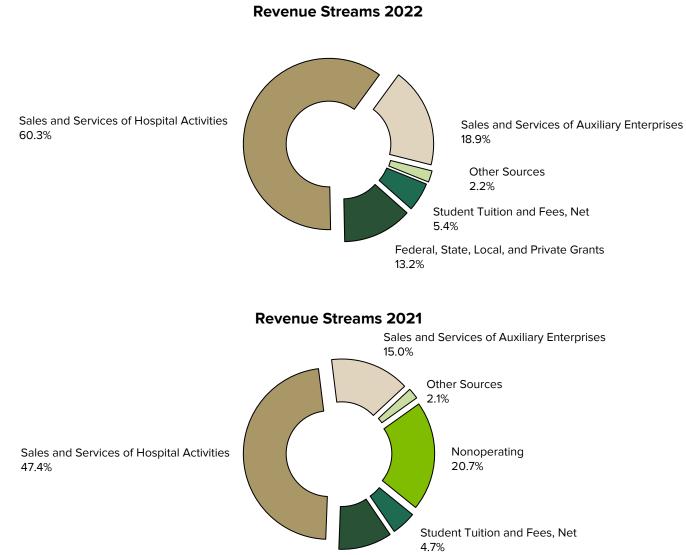
Operating expenses are those incurred in conjunction with the fulfillment of the UAB's mission and include salaries, wages and benefits; supplies and services; depreciation; and scholarships and fellowships. The SRECNP also includes other changes affecting its net position including capital gifts and grants, additions to permanent endowments, and intragovernmental transfers between the University, University Hospital, and UAB Athletics Foundation. During fiscal year 2022, intragovernmental transfers to related governmental entities totaled \$48.6 million.

Annual state appropriations are classified as nonoperating revenues according to governmental accounting standards, even though the state-appropriated funds are used to support the operations of UAB. Without the nonoperating revenues, in particular the state appropriations and private gifts, UAB would not be able to cover its costs of operations.

A summarized comparison of UAB's revenues, expenses and changes in net position for the years ended September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020 is presented below:

	 2022	 2021	 2020
OPERATING REVENUES			
Student tuition and fees, net	\$ 238,778,078	\$ 243,476,387	\$ 244,929,737
Grants and contracts	572,438,335	526,727,011	483,921,582
Sales and services	3,519,577,463	3,322,823,875	2,931,632,967
Other revenues	 27,307,442	 40,614,568	 51,986,550
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	4,358,101,318	4,133,641,841	3,712,470,836
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Operating expenses	 4,672,591,992	 4,348,737,086	 3,953,876,475
OPERATING LOSS	(314,490,674)	(215,095,245)	(241,405,639)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Economic relief funds	21,209,457	412,719	71,281,070
State educational appropriations	332,448,930	314,953,056	306,964,712
Grants and contracts	61,949,289	105,093,454	57,856,589
Private gifts	37,066,668	61,112,310	18,705,016
Investment income	(521,865,832)	555,919,121	15,735,962
Interest expense	(41,794,231)	(38,235,066)	(40,126,392)
Net other nonoperating revenue	(11,570,614)	7,377,048	 322,621
NET NONOPERATING (EXPENSES) REVENUES	(122,556,333)	1,006,632,642	430,739,578
OTHER CHANGES IN NET POSITION	35,492,628	38,419,157	19,610,121
(DECREASE) INCREASE IN NET POSITION	(401,554,379)	829,956,554	208,944,060
Net Position, beginning of year	 3,117,296,054	 2,287,339,500	 2,078,395,440
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 2,715,741,675	\$ 3,117,296,054	\$ 2,287,339,500

The following are graphic illustrations of revenues by source, both operating and nonoperating, which are used to fund UAB's operating activities for the years ended September 30, 2022 and September 30, 2021, respectively. Certain recurring sources of the University's revenues are considered nonoperating, as defined by Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"), such as state appropriations, distributions from investments, private gifts and federal Pell grants.



Federal, State, Local, and Private Grants 10.1%

Student Tuition and Fees, Net

Tuition and fees funding make up a large portion of the University's academic programs. Factors that impact gross tuition revenue include enrollment growth and changes in rates. Enrollment for the fall semester of the 2021-2022 school year is outlined in the following table.

		Fal	1 2021	
	UNDERGRADUATE	GRADUATE	FIRST PROFESSIONAL/ ADVANCED PROFESSIONAL *	TOTAL
SCHOOL OF ARTS AND SCIENCES	6,713	651	276	7,640
SCHOOL OF BUSINESS	2,526	995	_	3,521
SCHOOL OF EDUCATION	1,073	609	94	1,776
SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING	857	443	103	1,403
UNCLASSIFIED		145	4	149
SUBTOTAL	11,169	2,843	477	14,489
ACADEMIC HEALTH CENTER:				
SCHOOL OF MEDICINE	_	_	1,900	1,900
SCHOOL OF DENTISTRY	13	1	405	419
SCHOOL OF OPTOMETRY	_	1	236	237
SCHOOL OF NURSING	924	1,136	668	2,728
SCHOOL OF HEALTH PROFESSIONS	1,153	940	435	2,528
SCHOOL OF PUBLIC HEALTH	288	587	105	980
JOINT HEALTH SCIENCES		52	413	465
SUBTOTAL, ACADEMIC HEALTH CENTER	2,378	2,717	4,162	9,257
TOTAL ENROLLMENT	13,547	5,560	4,639	23,746

* Includes 1,146 first professionals and 1,457 advanced professionals.

In fall 2021 UAB continued its record enrollment trend with 22,289 students, of which 2,415 students were first-time freshman. Underrepresented students make up 45 percent of the enrollment and 53 percent of first-time freshman. Full-time students make up 67 percent of the enrolled students. For the years ended September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020, net student tuition and fees revenue consisted of the following components:

	2022		2021		 2020
Student tuition and fees, gross	\$	334,484,698	\$	335,202,452	\$ 330,385,766
Less: scholarship allowances		(95,706,620)		(91,726,065)	 (85,456,029)
STUDENT TUITION AND FEES, NET	\$	238,778,078	\$	243,476,387	\$ 244,929,737

Tuition rates are reviewed annually by the University and presented to the Board for approval. Based upon the University's annual review of tuition the Board approved the management recommendation to hold all undergraduate/ graduate rates for both resident and non-resident students consistent with the prior year for the 2021-2022 academic year. However, rate increases for First Professional programs were proposed and received Board approval in April 2021 as follows: School of Medicine, 1.0% residents only (no increase for non-residents); School of Dentistry, 1.0% for both residents and non-residents; and School of Optometry, 1.0% for residents only (no increase for non-residents). Additionally, the School of Dentistry received board approval to increase first year class size from 63 to 84 beginning in 2021-2022 academic year. Fall 2021 in-state enrollment decreased by 2.7% to 16,574 students and out-of-state enrollment increased by 3.4% to 5,715 students. The decline in in-state enrollment growth was offset by rate increases contributed to the decrease in gross tuition revenue of \$0.7 million. The increase in gross tuition and fees was offset by an increase of 4.3% or \$4.0 million in scholarship allowances. Net tuition and fees revenue decreased \$4.7 million, to \$238.8 million in 2022.

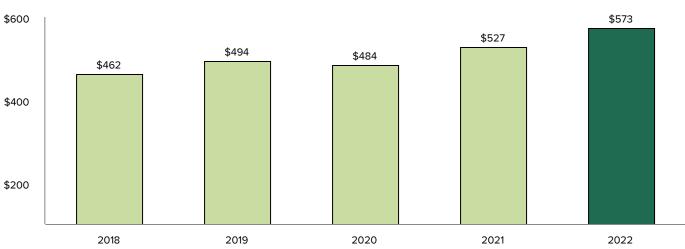
For the 2020-2021 academic year rate increases for First Professional programs were proposed and received Board approval in April 2020 as follows: School of Medicine, 2.5% residents only (no increase for non-residents); School of Dentistry, 3.2% for residents and 3.8% for non-residents; and School of Optometry, 2% for residents only (no increase for non-residents). Fall 2021 in-state enrollment increased by 1.4% to 17,034 students and out-of-state enrollment

increased by 4.7% to 5,529 students. The rate increases and enrollment growth contributed to the increase in gross tuition revenue of \$4.8 million. The increase in gross tuition and fees was offset by an increase of 7.3% or \$6.3 million in scholarship allowances. Net tuition and fees revenue decrease \$1.5 million, to \$243.5 million in 2021.

Grants and contracts revenue

The University receives revenues for sponsored programs from various government agencies and private sources, which normally provide for both direct and indirect costs to perform these sponsored projects, with a significant portion related to federal research.

During fiscal year 2022, UAB recognized \$634.4 million in sponsored grants and contracts revenues. Various federal agencies provided support for these projects, with the National Institutes of Health ("NIH") being the primary sponsor. Non-federal funding sources include state agencies, local governmental agencies, and a wide variety of private sponsors. Operating revenues from grants and contracts increased \$45.7 million in 2022, as compared to an increase of 8.8%, or \$42.8 million, to \$526.7 million in 2021. The increase in 2022 and 2021 was driven primarily by an increase in federally sponsored activity.



Operating Grants and Contract Revenue (in millions)

Figures B and B1 below are illustrations of the breakout of the funding sources for grant and contract revenue for the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. These funds are used to further the mission of UAB: research, education, and public service.

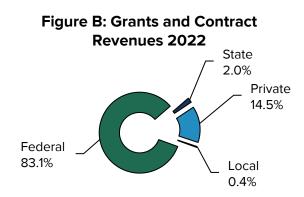
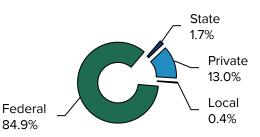


Figure B1: Grants and Contract Revenues 2021



Sales and services revenue of hospital activities

University Hospital is a fund of UAB and a part of UAB Health System. For the fiscal year 2022, inpatient discharges decreased 2.7% and adjusted patient discharges increased 1.6%. Operating room cases increased 3.5% over fiscal year 2021. Also emergency room visits increased 5.4% during fiscal year 2022. University Hospital had a decrease in net position of \$272.0 million in fiscal year 2022. For the fiscal year 2021, inpatient discharges increased 8.8% and adjusted patient discharges increased 9.9%. Operating room cases increased 9.1% over fiscal year 2020. Also emergency room visits increased 8.3% during fiscal year 2021. The Hospital had an increase in net position of \$362.5 million in fiscal year 2021. Selected University Hospital operating statistics are outlined below:

	2022	2021	2020
Beds in service	1,172	1,172	1,126
Patient discharges	53,532	55,005	50,579
Adjusted patient discharges	92,004	90,594	82,418
Patient days	416,716	409,203	363,854
Adjusted patient days	716,197	673,966	592,899
Operating room cases	39,289	37,973	34,811
Emergency department visits	135,702	128,718	118,839
Patient origin:			
Jefferson County	46.3%	48.2%	47.2%
Other Alabama counties	47.8%	46.5%	47.2%
Out of state	5.9%	5.3%	5.6%

For the years ended September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020, University Hospital revenues by source are summarized as follows:

	2022 2021		2022 2021		2020
Net patient service revenue	\$ 2,206,972,965	\$	2,118,262,314	\$	1,784,614,324
Other operating revenue	423,866,270		354,539,102		325,219,253
TOTAL UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL OPERATING REVENUE	\$ 2,630,839,235	\$	2,472,801,416	\$	2,109,833,577

Patient service revenue, net of allowances for contractual discounts, charity care and bad debt expense, was \$2.2 billion, an increase of \$88.7 million, or 4.2%, over fiscal year 2021. The increase was related to increased volume and contract improvements. The increase from 2020 to 2021 was \$333.6 million, or 18.7%. The increase was related to increased volume and contract improvements.

Other operating revenues primarily consists of pharmacy related sales. The increase in other operating revenues from September 30, 2022 to 2021 was \$69.6 million or 20% compared to \$29.1 million in 2020 or an 8.9% increase. Both 2022 and 2021 had increases related to increases in volumes associated with retail pharmacy.

Sales and services revenue of auxiliary enterprises

Auxiliary enterprise revenue primarily includes revenue from UAB's blended component unit, Triton Health Systems, L.L.C. Refer to Note 2 for additional information on blended component units. Net auxiliary sales and service revenue totaled \$822.2, \$782.4, and \$762.4 million, an increase of 5.1% and 2.6% from 2021 to 2022 and 2020 to 2021, respectively. These increases resulted from Triton's premium revenue growth.

Other sources

Other sources consist of sales and service educational activities and other operating revenues. Net educational sales and service revenue totaled \$66.6, \$67.7, and \$59.4 million, a decrease of 1.6% from 2021 to 2022 and an increase of 14.0% from 2020 to 2021, respectively. The current year decrease is due to miscellaneous external service revenue activity. Other operating revenue totaled \$27.3, \$40.6, and \$52.0 million, a decrease of 32.8% from 2021 to 2022 and a decrease of 21.9% from 2020 to 2021, respectively. The current year decrease is due to a decline in UAB Heersink School of Medicine Academic Enrichment Fund activity revenues.

Nonoperating revenues

Due to the required classification of key revenue sources such as State educational appropriations, financial aid grants, and private gifts as nonoperating revenues, UAB's operating expenses will typically exceed operating revenues, resulting in an operating loss. These nonoperating revenues are essential in offsetting the operating loss. For the years ended September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020, UAB's nonoperating revenue is summarized as follows:

	2022	2022 2021		2020
Economic relief funds	\$ 21,209,457	\$	412,719	\$ 71,281,070
State educational appropriation	332,448,930		314,953,056	306,964,712
Grants and contracts	61,949,289		105,093,454	57,856,589
Gifts	37,066,668		61,112,310	18,705,016
Investment income	(521,865,832)		555,919,121	15,735,962
Capital gifts and grants	12,806,674		1,645,260	1,854,223
Endowment gifts	 44,941,789		33,163,130	 17,755,898
TOTAL UAB NONOPERATING (LOSSES) REVENUES	\$ (11,443,025)	\$	1,072,299,050	\$ 490,153,470

In response to the impact of COVID-19, the federal government implemented the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security ("CARES") Act. The CARES Act was signed into law in March 2020 in order to provide economic assistance for organizations and individuals that have been negatively impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic. During 2020, University Hospital received CARES Act payments primarily from the Provider Relief Fund. The Provider Relief Fund is administered through the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services and offers funding to hospitals and health care providers to offset expenses incurred or revenues lost associated due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Economic Relief Funds received and recognized by University Hospital totaled \$21.2 million and \$413 thousand in federal CARES Act provider relief funding through September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

State Appropriations for UAB are made by the Alabama State Legislature based upon a process which involves requests from the Board of Trustees of The University of Alabama, and budget recommendations by the Alabama Commission on Higher Education and the Governor. State funds are appropriated annually from the Educational Trust Fund ("ETF") to UAB. In 2022, State educational appropriations from the ETF increased \$22.5 million from the prior year, reaching a total of \$328.3 million. In 2021, State educational appropriations from the ETF increased \$8.2 million over 2020 for a total received of \$305.9 million. State educational appropriations also include supplemental appropriations received from the Mental Health Trust Fund and Advancement and Technology Fund. In 2022, UAB received appropriations from Mental Health Trust Fund which totaled \$4.4 million. In 2021, UAB received appropriations from the Mental Health Trust Fund and Advancement and Technology Fund. UAB also received Public School and College Authority funds and other state capital funds in 2022 and 2021 totaling \$26.4 million and \$3.6 million, respectively.

Nonoperating grants historically consist primarily of Federal Pell grant awards. This program provides financial assistance grants to qualifying undergraduate students to promote access to post-secondary education. During fiscal years 2022, 2021 and 2020, the University received COVID-19 emergency grant funding, primarily through Higher Education Emergency Relief Funds ("HEERF") I, II, and III, and the Coronavirus Relief Fund ("CRF"). Total HEERF funds of \$58.4 million and \$12.7 million were awarded in fiscal years 2021 and 2020, respectively, to be distributed as emergency financial aid grants directly to students, as well as to provide funding for areas of the University negatively impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic. CRF funds of \$49.6 million were received during fiscal 2020 to offset necessary expenses incurred due to the public health emergency with respect to COVID-19. These amounts were recorded in nonoperating grants revenue. As a result, nonoperating grant revenue increased to \$105.1 million from \$57.9 million in 2021, and then declined to \$61.9 million in 2022. UAB did not receive any additional HEERF in 2022 and did not receive any CRF funding during fiscal year 2022 and 2021. Further information on COVID-19 emergency grant funding can be found in note 1.

The University Hospital recognized \$172.4 thousand as nonoperating revenue from CARES funds allocated from the State of Alabama in 2021 and recognized no such revenue in 2022. Alabama State Cares funds were required to be expended by December 30, 2020 and used to cover expenses necessary to prevent, prepare for, and respond to COVID-19.

In addition, University Hospital received \$180.2 million during 2020 in advance payments from the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) Accelerated and Advance Payments Program reported as due to third party payors and advances payable, net on the Statements of Net Position. The Medicare advance payment amount was classified as a current liability in 2020 based on guidance that existed as of September 30, 2020; however, guidance issued subsequent to September 30, 2020 provided for the advance payments to be repaid over a period extending beyond twelve months after the September 30, 2020 balance sheet date. Based on current guidance, however, the remaining Medicare advance payments are required to be paid by September 30, 2022 and were recorded as a current liability as of September 30, 2021. As of September 30, 2022, there are no funds outstanding to CMS.

Gift revenue consists of gifts, pledges, endowment gifts and capital gifts. UAB's gift revenue totaled \$94.8 million at September 30, 2022, which was a decrease of \$1.1 million from the prior year. The change in gift revenue is due to a decline in new pledges offset by an increase in endowment gifts during 2022. In 2021 UAB gift revenues increased \$57.6 million to \$95.9 million, The change in gift revenue is primarily due to the generous Heersink naming pledge made to the UAB School of Medicine in 2021.

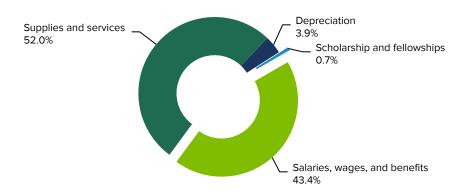
Both investment and endowment income are combined as investment income on the SRECNP. Net investment income decreased \$1.08 billion from 2021 to 2022 and increased \$540.2 million from 2020 to 2021. The decrease in 2022 was largely the result of poor performance of the investments held in the UA Investment Pools, which eroded the fair value of investments at September 30, 2022. The increase in 2021 was the result of a much improved performance of the investments held in the UA Investment of a much improved performance of the investments held in the UA Investment of a much improved performance of the investments held in the UA Investment of a much improved performance of the investments held in the UA Investment at September 30, 2022.

Operating Expenses

A comparative summary of UAB's operating expenses by natural classification for the years ended September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020, is as follows:

	2022		2021		2020
Salaries, wages, and benefits	\$ 2,028,850,498	\$	1,963,628,897	\$	1,766,044,825
Supplies and services	2,430,596,642		2,154,297,244		2,001,552,207
Depreciation	180,030,404		175,757,850		150,994,130
Scholarships and fellowships	33,114,448		55,053,095		35,285,313
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	\$ 4,672,591,992	\$	4,348,737,086	\$	3,953,876,475

Graphic illustrations of UAB's operating expenses by natural classification for the year ended September 30, 2022 is presented as below:



2022 Operating Expenses by Natural Classification

UAB is one of the largest employers in the state with a total workforce of 24,259, 23,609, and 23,791 in 2022, 2021, and 2020, respectively. The workforce consisted of 17,723 full-time and 6,536 part-time employees, of which underrepresented employees making up approximately 42% in 2022. UAB employed 2,561 faculty of which 908 or 35% were tenured in 2022. UAB's salaries, wages, and benefits totaled \$2.03 billion, \$1.96 billion, \$1.77 billion and makes up 43.4%, 45.2%, and 44.7% of total operating expenses in 2022, 2021, and 2020, respectively. Salaries, wages, and benefits increased \$65.2 million or 3.3% to \$2.03 billion during 2022. Salaries, wages, and benefits increased

\$197.6 million or 11.2% to \$1.96 billion and \$17.0 million or 1.0% to \$1.77 billion during 2021 and 2020, respectively. The increases in both years are primarily due to the growth of UAB's salary base and rising benefit costs related to growth in salary base.

Supplies and services totaled \$2.43 billion, \$2.15 billion, and \$2.00 billion and makes up the largest portion of total operating expenses at 52.0%, 49.5%, and 50.6% in 2022, 2021, and 2020, respectively. During 2022, Supplies and services increased \$276.3 million to \$2.43 billion due to increases in patient volume and inflationary increases in supplies and service costs and an 3% increase in Triton's medical and hospital expenses per member. Supplies and services increased \$152.7 million or 7.6% to \$2.15 billion during 2021. This increase is due to increases in patient volume and inflationary increases in supplies and service costs and an 6% increase in Triton's medical and hospital expenses per member. Supplies and services increased \$155.3 million or 8.4% to \$2.00 billion during 2020. This increase is due to costs incurred to prevent, prepare for, and respond to the COVID-19 pandemic and inflationary increases in supplies and service costs.

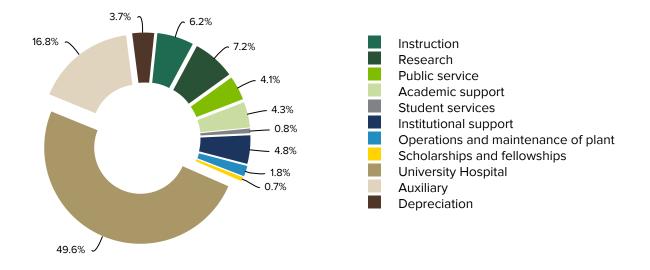
Depreciation expense increased 2.4%, or \$4.3 million to \$180.0 million in 2022, as compared to an increase of 16.4%, or \$24.8 million, to \$175.8 million in 2021. This increase is due to the 4% or \$168.6 million growth in total assets in 2022. Capital assets placed in service during 2022 included phase two of the McCallum Building renovation and Physical Education Building renovation.

Scholarships and fellowships expense is reported net of scholarship allowances. The net expenses of \$33.1, \$55.1, and \$35.3 million for fiscal years 2022, 2021, and 2020, respectively, represent payments made directly to students after awards have been applied against tuition and fees and auxiliary housing charged to student accounts. Gross scholarship expenses, including allowances, totaled \$128.8, \$146.8, and \$120.7 million for the years ended September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020, respectively. During fiscal year 2020 the University received CARES Act - HEERF funding to assist students negatively impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic. Student aid of \$23.9 million and \$6.1 million is included in scholarships and fellowships expense at September 30, 2021, and 2020, respectively.

In addition to natural classifications, operating expenses are reported by functional classifications as defined by the National Association of College and University Business Officers ("NACUBO"). It is informative to review operating expenses by functional classification. The functional classification of an operating expense (Instruction, Research, etc.) is assigned to a department based on the nature of the activity, which represents the material portion of the activity attributable to the department. This method reflects amounts expended in areas such as instruction, research, and operations and maintenance and is used most commonly for comparative reporting purposes among colleges and universities. The University's expenses by functional classification for the years ended September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020, are summarized as follows:

	2022		022 2021		 2020
Instruction	\$	288,100,234	\$	293,021,318	\$ 283,997,293
Research		335,222,646		338,353,105	294,178,648
Public service		191,887,121		182,472,393	167,182,949
Academic support		200,374,298		169,903,914	172,297,940
Student services		36,608,750		39,587,573	38,807,497
Institutional support		222,577,683		220,839,390	218,209,882
Operations and maintenance of plant		85,082,008		73,252,765	68,708,171
Scholarships and fellowships		33,114,448		55,053,095	35,285,313
University Hospital		2,315,809,037		2,060,650,890	1,800,120,115
Auxiliary		783,785,363		739,844,793	724,094,537
Depreciation		180,030,404		175,757,850	 150,994,130
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	\$	4,672,591,992	\$	4,348,737,086	\$ 3,953,876,475

Graphic illustrations of UAB's operating expenses by functional classification for the year ending September 30, 2022 is presented as follows:



2022 Operating Expenses by Functional Classification

The instruction category includes expenses for all activities that are part of UAB's instruction programs. Instruction expenses decreased \$4.9 million in 2022, and increased \$9.0 million in 2021. The research category includes all expenses for activities specifically organized to produce research, whether commissioned by an agency external to UAB or separately budgeted by an organizational unit within UAB. Research expenses decreased \$3.1 million in 2022, and increased \$44.2 million in 2021. The institutional support category includes expenses for central, executive-level activities concerned with management of UAB. Institutional expenses increased \$1.7 million in 2022, and increased \$2.6 million in 2021. University Hospital expenses increased 12.4%, or \$255.2 million, in 2022, and increased 14.5%, or \$260.5 million, in 2021, and reflect the impact of additional patient activity and capacity expansion. Increased compensation expense related to patient care includes annual salary adjustment and growth in staff levels. Increased medical supplies expense results from annual inflationary increases in supplied and services costs. The auxiliary enterprise category includes all expenses relating to the operation of auxiliary enterprises, and increased 5.9% or \$43.9 million in 2022, and increased 2.2% or \$15.8 million in 2021.

Economic Factors That Will Affect The Future

As a labor-intensive organization, UAB faces competitive pressures related to attracting and retaining faculty and staff.

The State of Alabama appropriates money each year to UAB for operating costs and nonoperating cash requirements, including capital expenditures. Because the State is mandated by its Constitution to operate with a balanced budget, the State occasionally has reduced its appropriations, through a process known as "proration," when its annual revenues are not expected to meet budgeted appropriations. As the State could potentially implement proration in future years, UAB continues to implement cost-saving measures in order to minimize the impact of any future proration.

Private gifts are an important part of the fundamental support of UAB. Economic pressures affecting donors may also affect the future level of support UAB receives from corporate and individual giving. In 2021 the University received the single largest philanthropic commitment in university history from longtime UAB supporter Marnix E. Heersink, M.D. As a result, the school of medicine is now known as the UAB Marnix E. Heersink School of Medicine. In addition, UAB established the Marnix E. Heersink Institute of Biomedical Innovation and the Mary Heersink Institute for Global Health. The gift and related matching gifts provide support with both endowed and outright funds for key initiatives of the UAB Marnix E. Heersink School of Medicine.

During fiscal year 2022, 66.2% of UAB students received financial aid, including \$183.7 million of Federal Financial Aid. In recent years, financial aid reform and reauthorization of existing aid programs have been topics in legislative sessions. Management is monitoring proposed future legislation in order to respond in a manner to assist current and future students.

The University Hospital faces significant challenges in a dynamic healthcare sector and volatile economic environment. The demand for health care services and the cost of providing them are increasing significantly while the revenues to support these services are diminishing. In addition to cost increases such as rising salary and benefit costs, the University Hospital also faces additional costs associated with new technologies, the education and training of health care professionals and provision of care for a disproportionate share of the medically underserved in Alabama. In recent years, federal legislation has been enacted to slow future rate increases in Medicare and Medicaid and reduce medical education and disproportionate share funding. Management is committed to staying abreast of pertinent issues; implementing appropriate management actions and continuing to provide quality care for all patients.

In January 2020, the World Health Organization declared the novel Coronavirus ("COVID-19") a Public Health Emergency of International Concern. The outbreak of COVID-19 caused domestic and global disruption in operations for institutions of higher education and healthcare organizations and impacted several areas of UAB and the University Hospital's financial statements as further discussed within Note 1.

These financial statements are prepared to provide a general overview of the University of Alabama at Birmingham and to demonstrate UAB's accountability. Questions concerning any information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to Office of the Senior Vice President for Finance and Administration, The University of Alabama at Birmingham, AB 1030, 1720 2ND AVE S, BIRMINGHAM AL 35294-0106.

The University of Alabama at Birmingham Statements of Net Position September 30, 2022 and 2021

	2022			2021
ASSETS				
Current Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	365,792,264	\$	473,086,415
Short term investments		1,417,861,440		1,626,016,694
Accounts receivable, net		643,058,051		610,753,961
Loans receivable, current portion		1,624,939		1,824,938
Pledges receivable, current portion		9,587,255		8,610,396
Inventories		43,796,437		41,477,751
Prepaid expenses and unearned scholarships		93,153,155		81,226,121
Other current assets		13,501,311		13,569,435
Total current assets		2,588,374,852		2,856,565,711
Noncurrent Assets:				
Cash designated for capital activities		165,975,422		35,225,414
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		374,185		12,304,675
Investments for capital activities		746,525,202		1,079,385,621
Endowment and life income investments		673,323,752		711,622,472
Investment in Professional Liability Trust Fund		40,809,631		69,880,913
Other long-term investments		142,971,739		117,568,898
Loans receivable, net		7,076,686		8,555,102
Pledges receivable		43,311,474		34,104,960
Due from affiliates		52,206,128		52,206,128
Capital assets, net		1,918,644,336		1,896,543,024
Other noncurrent assets		15,728,198		16,696,636
Total noncurrent assets		3,806,946,753		4,034,093,843
Total Assets		6,395,321,605		6,890,659,554
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Bond deferred refundings		15,092,272		12,081,090
Pension and OPEB related obligations		716,467,779		850,533,926
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		731,560,051		862,615,016
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	7,126,881,656	\$	7,753,274,570

The University of Alabama at Birmingham Statements of Net Position (continued) September 30, 2022 and 2021

LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 387,972,177 \$ 565,957,332 Deposits 19,553,960 17,439,588 Unearned revenue-grants 64,992,790 57,039,007 Unearned revenue-other 105,216,826 107,134,621 Long-term debt, current portion 56,667,288 54,585,413 Total current liabilities: 634,403,041 802,155,961 Noncurrent Liabilities: 4,743,839 6,780,063 Long-term debt, noncurrent portion 1,292,453,575 1,157,183,123 Pension liability 1,048,949,000 1,413,306,000 OPEB liability 553,774,052 685,712,303 Other noncurrent liabilities 317,411 14,050,388 Total noncurrent liabilities 317,411 14,050,388 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 29,984,253 31,345,123 Leases 29,984,253 31,345,123 Pension and OPEB related obligations 846,514,810 525,445,555 Total Deferred Inflows Of Resources 876,499,063 556,790,678 Net invest		2022			2021		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 387,972,177 \$ 565,957,332 Deposits 19,553,960 17,439,588 Unearned revenue-grants 64,992,790 57,039,007 Unearned revenue-other 105,216,826 107,134,621 Long-term debt, current portion 56,667,288 54,585,413 Total current liabilities: 634,403,041 802,155,961 Noncurrent Liabilities: 7441,8339 6,780,063 Long-term debt, noncurrent portion 1,292,453,575 1,157,183,123 Pension liability 1,048,949,000 1,413,306,000 OPEB liability 553,774,052 665,712,303 Other noncurrent liabilities 317,411 14,050,388 Total noncurrent liabilities 2,900,237,877 3,277,031,877 Total longer feated obligations 346,514,810 525,445,555 Total OPEB related obligations 846,514,810 525,445,555 Total Deferred Inflows OF Resources 876,499,063 556,790,678 Net investment in capital assets 785,417,963 786,585,310 Restricted 1028,417,129 1,33	LIABILITIES						
Deposits 19,553,960 17,439,58 Unearned revenue-grants 64,992,790 57,039,007 Unearned revenue-other 105,216,826 107,134,621 Long-term debt, current portion 56,667,288 54,585,413 Total current liabilities 634,403,041 802,155,961 Noncurrent Liabilities: 634,403,041 802,155,961 Federal advances-loan funds 4,743,839 6,780,063 Long-term debt, noncurrent portion 1,292,453,575 1,157,183,123 Pension liability 1,048,949,000 1,413,306,000 OPEB liability 553,774,052 685,712,303 Other noncurrent liabilities 2,900,237,877 3,277,031,877 Total noncurrent liabilities 2,900,237,877 3,277,031,877 Total liabilities 3,534,640,918 4,079,187,838 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Eases 29,984,253 31,345,123 Pension and OPEB related obligations 386,514,810 525,445,555 Total Deferred Inflows Of Resources 876,499,063 556,790,678 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets	Current Liabilities:						
Unearned revenue-grants 64,992,790 57,039,007 Unearned revenue-other 105,216,826 107,134,621 Long-term debt, current portion 56,667,288 54,585,413 Total current liabilities 634,403,041 802,155,961 Noncurrent Liabilities: 634,403,041 802,155,961 Federal advances-loan funds 4,743,839 6,780,063 Long-term debt, noncurrent portion 1,292,453,575 1,157,183,123 Pension liability 1,048,949,000 1,413,306,000 OPEB liability 553,774,052 685,712,303 Other noncurrent liabilities 317,411 14,050,388 Total noncurrent liabilities 2,900,237,877 3,277,031,877 Total Liabilities 2,9304,253 31,345,123 Pension and OPEB related obligations 846,514,810 525,445,555 Total Deferred Inflows Of Resources 876,499,063 556,790,678 NET POSITION Intersterted 1028,417,1963 786,585,310 Restricted 465,127,882 600,618,098 10,028,417,129 1,339,299,464 Unrestricted <td< td=""><td>Accounts payable and accrued liabilities</td><td>\$</td><td>387,972,177</td><td>\$</td><td>565,957,332</td></td<>	Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	387,972,177	\$	565,957,332		
Unearned revenue-other 105,216,826 107,134,621 Long-term debt, current portion 56,667,288 54,585,413 Total current liabilities 634,403,041 802,155,961 Noncurrent Liabilities: Federal advances-loan funds 4,743,839 6,780,063 Long-term debt, noncurrent portion 1,292,453,575 1,157,183,123 Pension liability 1,048,949,000 1,413,306,000 OPEB liability 553,774,052 685,712,303 Other noncurrent liabilities 317,411 14,050,388 Total noncurrent liabilities 2,900,237,877 3,277,031,877 Total Liabilities 2,900,237,877 3,277,031,877 Total Liabilities 2,900,237,877 3,277,031,877 Total Liabilities 2,900,237,877 3,277,031,877 DeFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES E E Leases 29,984,253 31,345,123 Pension and OPEB related obligations 846,514,810 525,445,555 Total Deferred Inflows Of Resources 876,499,063 556,790,678 NET POSITION <td>Deposits</td> <td></td> <td>19,553,960</td> <td></td> <td>17,439,588</td>	Deposits		19,553,960		17,439,588		
Long-term debt, current portion 56,667,288 54,585,413 Total current liabilities 634,403,041 802,155,961 Noncurrent Liabilities: 6 634,403,041 802,155,961 Federal advances-loan funds 4,743,839 6,780,063 6,780,063 Long-term debt, noncurrent portion 1,292,453,575 1,157,183,123 9 Pension liability 1,048,949,000 1,413,306,000 0 OPEB liability 553,774,052 685,712,303 0 Other noncurrent liabilities 317,411 14,050,388 32,277,031,877 Total noncurrent liabilities 2,900,237,877 3,277,031,877 3,277,031,877 Total Liabilities 2,900,237,877 3,277,031,877 Total Liabilities 2,900,237,877 3,277,031,877 Total Liabilities 2,900,237,877 3,277,031,877 Deferred Inflows OF RESOURCES 2 2 2 Leases 29,984,253 31,345,123 Pension and OPEB related obligations 846,514,810 525,445,555 Total Deferred Inflows Of Resources 876,499,063	Unearned revenue-grants		64,992,790		57,039,007		
Total current liabilities 634,403,041 802,155,961 Noncurrent Liabilities: -	Unearned revenue-other		105,216,826		107,134,621		
Noncurrent Liabilities:	Long-term debt, current portion		56,667,288		54,585,413		
Federal advances-loan funds 4,743,839 6,780,063 Long-term debt, noncurrent portion 1,292,453,575 1,157,183,123 Pension liability 1,048,949,000 1,413,006,000 OPEB liability 553,774,052 665,712,303 Other noncurrent liabilities 317,411 14,050,388 Total noncurrent liabilities 2,900,237,877 3,277,031,877 Total Liabilities 3,534,640,918 4,079,187,838 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 2 29,984,253 31,345,123 Pension and OPEB related obligations 846,514,810 525,445,555 Total Deferred Inflows Of Resources 876,499,063 556,790,678 NET POSITION 390,793,182 Restricted 390,793,182 52,645,555 Total Deferred Inflows Of Resources 876,499,063 556,790,678 Net investment in capital assets 785,417,963 786,585,310 Restricted 390,793,182 Monexpendable 435,778,701 390,793,182 Expendable 466,127,882 600,618,098 <td>Total current liabilities</td> <td></td> <td>634,403,041</td> <td></td> <td>802,155,961</td>	Total current liabilities		634,403,041		802,155,961		
Long-term debt, noncurrent portion 1,292,453,575 1,157,183,123 Pension liability 1,048,949,000 1,413,306,000 OPEB liability 553,774,052 685,712,303 Other noncurrent liabilities 317,411 14,050,388 Total noncurrent liabilities 2,900,237,877 3,277,031,877 Total Liabilities 3,534,640,918 4,079,187,838 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 4,079,187,838 4,079,187,838 Leases 29,984,253 31,345,123 Pension and OPEB related obligations 846,514,810 525,445,555 Total Deferred Inflows Of Resources 876,499,063 556,790,678 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 785,417,963 786,585,310 Restricted 435,778,701 390,793,182 Nonexpendable 435,778,701 390,793,182 Expendable 4466,127,882 600,618,098 Unrestricted 1,028,417,129 1,339,299,464 Total Net Position 2,715,741,675 3,117,296,054	Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Pension liability 1,048,949,000 1,413,306,000 OPEB liability 553,774,052 685,712,303 Other noncurrent liabilities 317,411 14,050,388 Total noncurrent liabilities 2,900,237,877 3,277,031,877 Total Liabilities 3,534,640,918 4,079,187,838 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 4,079,187,838 525,445,555 Leases 29,984,253 31,345,123 Pension and OPEB related obligations 846,514,810 525,445,555 Total Deferred Inflows Of Resources 876,499,063 556,790,678 NET POSITION 1 1 390,793,182 Nonexpendable 435,778,701 390,793,182 Expendable 466,127,882 600,618,098 Unrestricted 1,028,417,129 1,339,299,464 Total Net Position 2,715,741,675 3,117,296,054	Federal advances-loan funds		4,743,839		6,780,063		
OPEB liability 553,774,052 685,712,303 Other noncurrent liabilities 317,411 14,050,388 Total noncurrent liabilities 2,900,237,877 3,277,031,877 Total Liabilities 3,534,640,918 4,079,187,838 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 2 9,984,253 31,345,123 Pension and OPEB related obligations 846,514,810 525,445,555 Total Deferred Inflows Of Resources 876,499,063 556,790,678 NET POSITION 876,499,063 556,790,678 Net investment in capital assets 785,417,963 786,585,310 Restricted 390,793,182 557,78,701 390,793,182 Nonexpendable 435,778,701 390,793,182 600,618,098 1,028,417,129 1,339,299,464 Unrestricted 1,028,417,129 1,339,299,464 1,028,417,129 1,339,299,464	Long-term debt, noncurrent portion		1,292,453,575		1,157,183,123		
Other noncurrent liabilities 317,411 14,050,388 Total noncurrent liabilities 2,900,237,877 3,277,031,877 Total Liabilities 3,534,640,918 4,079,187,838 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 2 9,984,253 31,345,123 Pension and OPEB related obligations 846,514,810 525,445,555 Total Deferred Inflows Of Resources 876,499,063 556,790,678 NET POSITION 3 390,793,182 390,793,182 Restricted 446,127,882 600,618,098 390,793,182 Unrestricted 1,028,417,129 1,339,299,464 317,411 14,050,388 Unrestricted 2,715,741,675 3,117,296,054 317,296,054	Pension liability		1,048,949,000		1,413,306,000		
Total noncurrent liabilities 2,900,237,877 3,277,031,877 Total Liabilities 3,534,640,918 4,079,187,838 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 29,984,253 31,345,123 Leases 29,984,253 31,345,123 Pension and OPEB related obligations 846,514,810 525,445,555 Total Deferred Inflows Of Resources 876,499,063 556,790,678 NET POSITION 785,417,963 786,585,310 Restricted 1 390,793,182 Nonexpendable 435,778,701 390,793,182 Lynestricted 1,028,417,129 1,339,299,464 Total Net Position 2,715,741,675 3,117,296,054	OPEB liability		553,774,052		685,712,303		
Total Liabilities 3,534,640,918 4,079,187,838 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 2 9,984,253 31,345,123 Leases 29,984,253 31,345,123 9 Pension and OPEB related obligations 846,514,810 525,445,555 Total Deferred Inflows Of Resources 876,499,063 556,790,678 NET POSITION 2 2 9	Other noncurrent liabilities		317,411		14,050,388		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 29,984,253 31,345,123 Leases 29,984,253 31,345,123 Pension and OPEB related obligations 846,514,810 525,445,555 Total Deferred Inflows Of Resources 876,499,063 556,790,678 NET POSITION 785,417,963 786,585,310 Restricted 785,417,963 786,585,310 Nonexpendable 435,778,701 390,793,182 Expendable 466,127,882 600,618,098 Unrestricted 1,028,417,129 1,339,299,464 Total Net Position 2,715,741,675 3,117,296,054	Total noncurrent liabilities		2,900,237,877		3,277,031,877		
Leases 29,984,253 31,345,123 Pension and OPEB related obligations 846,514,810 525,445,555 Total Deferred Inflows Of Resources 876,499,063 556,790,678 NET POSITION 785,417,963 786,585,310 Restricted 1 1 Nonexpendable 435,778,701 390,793,182 Expendable 466,127,882 600,618,098 Unrestricted 1,028,417,129 1,339,299,464 Total Net Position 2,715,741,675 3,117,296,054	Total Liabilities		3,534,640,918		4,079,187,838		
Pension and OPEB related obligations 846,514,810 525,445,555 Total Deferred Inflows Of Resources 876,499,063 556,790,678 NET POSITION 785,417,963 786,585,310 Restricted 785,778,701 390,793,182 Nonexpendable 466,127,882 600,618,098 Unrestricted 1,028,417,129 1,339,299,464 Total Net Position 2,715,741,675 3,117,296,054	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Total Deferred Inflows Of Resources 876,499,063 556,790,678 NET POSITION 785,417,963 786,585,310 Restricted 785,578,701 390,793,182 Nonexpendable 435,778,701 390,793,182 Expendable 466,127,882 600,618,098 Unrestricted 1,028,417,129 1,339,299,464 Total Net Position 2,715,741,675 3,117,296,054	Leases		29,984,253		31,345,123		
NET POSITION 785,417,963 786,585,310 Net investment in capital assets 785,417,963 786,585,310 Restricted 435,778,701 390,793,182 Nonexpendable 466,127,882 600,618,098 Unrestricted 1,028,417,129 1,339,299,464 Total Net Position 2,715,741,675 3,117,296,054	Pension and OPEB related obligations		846,514,810		525,445,555		
Net investment in capital assets 785,417,963 786,585,310 Restricted 435,778,701 390,793,182 Nonexpendable 435,778,701 390,793,182 Expendable 466,127,882 600,618,098 Unrestricted 1,028,417,129 1,339,299,464 Total Net Position 2,715,741,675 3,117,296,054	Total Deferred Inflows Of Resources		876,499,063		556,790,678		
Restricted 435,778,701 390,793,182 Nonexpendable 435,778,701 390,793,182 Expendable 466,127,882 600,618,098 Unrestricted 1,028,417,129 1,339,299,464 Total Net Position 2,715,741,675 3,117,296,054	NET POSITION						
Nonexpendable 435,778,701 390,793,182 Expendable 466,127,882 600,618,098 Unrestricted 1,028,417,129 1,339,299,464 Total Net Position 2,715,741,675 3,117,296,054	Net investment in capital assets		785,417,963		786,585,310		
Expendable 466,127,882 600,618,098 Unrestricted 1,028,417,129 1,339,299,464 Total Net Position 2,715,741,675 3,117,296,054	Restricted						
Unrestricted 1,028,417,129 1,339,299,464 Total Net Position 2,715,741,675 3,117,296,054	Nonexpendable		435,778,701		390,793,182		
Total Net Position 2,715,741,675 3,117,296,054	Expendable		466,127,882		600,618,098		
	Unrestricted		1,028,417,129		1,339,299,464		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Net Position\$ 7,126,881,656\$ 7,753,274,570	Total Net Position		2,715,741,675		3,117,296,054		
	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Net Position	\$	7,126,881,656	\$	7,753,274,570		

The University of Alabama at Birmingham Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Years Ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

		2022		2021
Operating Revenues				
Tuition and fees	\$	334,484,698	\$	335,202,452
Less: scholarship allowance		(95,706,620)		(91,726,065)
Tuition and fees, net		238,778,078		243,476,387
Grants and contracts:				
Federal		465,169,073		431,152,917
State		12,555,524		10,601,841
Local		2,610,062		2,733,401
Private		92,103,676		82,238,852
Sales and services:				
Educational activities		66,563,264		67,666,602
University Hospital, net of bad debt expense of \$204.9 million in 2022 and \$248.6 million in 2021		2,630,839,235		2,472,801,416
Other auxiliary enterprises, net of scholarship allowance of \$3.3 million in 2022 and \$1.8 million in 2021		822,174,964		782,355,857
Other operating revenues		27,307,442		40,614,568
Total operating revenues		4,358,101,318		4,133,641,841
Operating Expenses				
Salaries, wages and benefits		2,028,850,498		1,963,628,897
Supplies and services		2,430,596,642		2,154,297,244
Depreciation		180,030,404		175,757,850
Scholarships and fellowships		33,114,448		55,053,095
Total operating expenses		4,672,591,992		4,348,737,086
Operating loss		(314,490,674)		(215,095,245)
Nonoperating (Expenses) Revenues				
Economic Relief Funds		21,209,457		412,719
State educational appropriations		332,448,930		314,953,056
Grants and contracts		61,949,289		105,093,454
Gifts		37,066,668		61,112,310
Investment (loss) income		(521,865,832)		555,919,121
Interest expense		(41,794,231)		(38,235,066)
Loss on asset dispositions, net		(18,452,939)		(1,907,293)
Other nonoperating income, net		6,882,325		9,284,341
Net nonoperating (expenses) revenues		(122,556,333)		1,006,632,642
(Loss) income before other changes in net position		(437,047,007)		791,537,397
Other Changes in Net Position				<u> </u>
State capital funds		26,379,881		3,610,767
Capital gifts and grants		12,806,674		1,645,260
Endowment gifts		44,941,789		33,163,130
Intergovernmental transfers		(48,635,716)		
Total other changes in net position		35,492,628		38,419,157
(Decrease) increase in net position		(401,554,379)		829,956,554
Net Position, beginning of year		3,117,296,054		2,287,339,500
	\$	2,715,741,675	\$	3,117,296,054
Net Position, end of year	Ψ	2,713,741,075	Ψ	3,117,230,034

The University of Alabama at Birmingham Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

	2022			2021		
Cash flows from operating activities						
Student tuition and fees	\$	245,966,174	\$	249,506,292		
Grants and contracts:						
Federal		460,331,631		422,804,721		
State		12,516,743		10,194,733		
Local		1,246,452		4,307,528		
Private		99,227,010		81,575,192		
Receipts from sales and services of:						
Educational activities		66,820,688		66,724,028		
Patient services		2,495,475,779		2,361,365,878		
Auxiliary enterprises, net		52,651,080		46,375,753		
Premium and administrative fees collected		763,992,459		750,236,493		
Payment to employees and related benefits		(1,487,722,848)		(1,364,877,617)		
Payment for contract labor		(641,738,750)		(536,408,405)		
Payment to suppliers		(2,457,132,382)		(2,195,910,523)		
Payment for scholarships and fellowships		(33,114,447)		(55,053,096)		
Other receipts		26,752,341		34,006,204		
Net cash used in operating activities		(394,728,070)		(125,152,819)		
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities						
Economic relief funds		21,209,457		3,368,856		
State educational appropriations		332,448,930		314,953,056		
Private gifts		80,824,499		89,185,963		
Student direct lending receipts		160,577,061		163,479,335		
Student direct lending disbursements		(158,008,589)		(163,230,477)		
Intragovernmental Transfers		(48,635,718)		_		
Other deposits		55,499,781		141,166,406		
Deposits from affiliates		(5,143,741)		(2,736,808)		
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		438,771,680		546,186,331		
Cash flows from investing activities						
Interest and dividends from investments, net		83,325,800		62,043,622		
Proceeds from notes receivable		4,000		137,233		
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments		125,856,820		10,279,096		
Purchases of investments		(148,651,671)		(418,466,261)		
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		60,534,949		(346,006,310)		
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities						
Proceeds from issuance of capital debt		179,231,494		758,968		
State capital funds		26,379,881		3,610,767		
Capital gifts, grants and contracts		3,807,185		4,433,541		
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		2,689,301		4,985,095		
Purchases of capital assets		(202,900,394)		(176,474,734)		
Principal payments on capital debt		(56,740,231)		(55,961,723)		
Interest payments on capital debt		(45,520,428)		(41,051,740)		
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(93,053,192)		(259,699,826)		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		11,525,367		(184,672,624)		
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		520,616,504		705,289,128		
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	532,141,871	\$	520,616,504		

The University of Alabama at Birmingham Statements of Cash Flows (continued) Years Ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

	 2022	2021		
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents to the statements of net position				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 365,792,264	\$	473,086,415	
Cash designated for capital activities	165,975,422		35,225,414	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	374,185		12,304,675	
Total cash and cash equivalents	532,141,871	\$	520,616,504	
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities				
Operating loss	\$ (314,490,674)	\$	(215,095,245)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities				
Depreciation expense	180,030,404		175,757,851	
Pension expense	64,413,000		132,530,000	
OPEB expense (benefit)	11,510,608		24,990,489	
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable, net	(130,324,594)		(121,792,055)	
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(13,266,983)		(16,901,341)	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(81,218,562)		(2,428,892)	
Pension obligations	(101,166,000)		(96,839,000)	
OPEB obligations	(16,311,782)		(20,135,246)	
Unearned Revenue	6,096,513		14,760,620	
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (394,728,070)	\$	(125,152,819)	
Supplemental noncash activities information				
Capital assets acquired included in accounts payable	\$ 15,224,549	\$	14,017,423	
Capital assets acquired through all lease	11,773,467	·	42,106,867	
Debt proceeds immediately transferred into escrow	150,772,683		· · ·	
Payment of outstanding bonds principal and interest via escrow	149,278,865		_	

Southern Research Institute (A Discretely Presented Component Unit) Statements of Net Position December 31, 2021 and January 1, 2021

	2022	2021
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,218,692	
Investments	51,179,367	
Restricted cash and investments	13,308,476	
Accounts receivable, net	20,639,167	
Other receivables	514,425	
Materials and supplies, net	920,111	
Prepayments and other current assets	814,499	
Total current assets	89,594,737	75,889,570
Noncurrent Assets:		
Net OPEB asset	2,053,566	1,565,283
Capital assets:		
Land and improvements	4,128,885	5,122,675
Buildings and major plant equipment	50,606,039	66,665,302
Laboratory equipment and fixtures	55,608,810	57,654,248
Office furniture and equipment	3,417,399	3,522,256
Intangible assets, net	2,103,141	1,906,909
	115,864,274	134,871,390
Less accumulated depreciation	(85,047,276)) (88,209,821)
	30,816,998	46,661,569
Construction-in-progress	1,630,206	1,341,134
Total capital assets, net	32,447,204	48,002,703
Total noncurrent assets	34,500,770	
Total Assets	124,095,507	
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
OPEB	174,529	280,742
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 124,270,036	
	<u> </u>	+,,
Current Liabilities:	¢ 0.000 770	¢
Accounts payable	\$ 2,228,778	
Accrued liabilities	4,651,678	
Unearned contract revenue	9,710,441	
Current maturities of long-term debt and capital lease obligations	13,043,565	
Total current liabilities	29,634,462	28,088,152
Noncurrent Liabilities:		
Long-term debt and capital lease obligations	585,318	13,634,937
Total noncurrent liabilities	585,318	13,634,937
Total Liabilities	30,219,780	41,723,089
Deferred Inflows of Resources		-
OPEB	1,960,536	1,670,887
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	18,818,321	33,108,475
Restricted		· · · -
Expendable	12,481,131	12,401,179
Unrestricted	60,790,268	
Total Net Position	92,089,720	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows Of Resources, and Net Position	\$ 124,270,036	
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Southern Research Institute (A Discretely Presented Component Unit) Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Years Ended December 31, 2021 and January 1, 2021

	2022	2021		
Operating Revenues				
Contract revenues	\$ 78,975,963	\$	80,481,381	
Intellectual property revenues, net of direct expenses	 1,882,898		1,669,020	
Total operating revenues	 80,858,861		82,150,401	
Operating Expenses				
Salaries, wages and benefits	40,538,321		42,197,364	
Supplies and services	30,542,548		31,769,278	
Depreciation and amortization	 5,643,278		6,170,775	
Total operating expenses	76,724,147		80,137,417	
Operating income	4,134,714		2,012,984	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)				
Contributions	155,458		270,253	
Investment income	1,529,017		916,130	
Interest expense	(327,828)		(457,436)	
Gain on disposal of assets	 4,254,037		9,329,832	
Net nonoperating revenues	 5,610,684		10,058,779	
Change in net position	 9,745,398		12,071,763	
Net Position, beginning of year	 82,344,322		70,272,559	
Net Position, end of year	\$ 92,089,720	\$	82,344,322	

The University of Alabama at Birmingham Notes to Financial Statements Years Ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

(1) Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The University of Alabama at Birmingham ("UAB") is one of three universities of The University of Alabama System ("the System"), which is a component unit of the State of Alabama ("the State"). The financial statements of UAB are intended to present the financial position, changes in financial position, and the cash flows of only that portion of the business-type activities of the financial reporting entity of the System that is attributable to the transactions of UAB. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the System, its changes in financial position or cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The System is recognized as an organization exempt from Federal income tax under Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code as an organization described in Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

UAB, as a public institution, prepares its financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). UAB is not a separate legal entity from the System and therefore, management is not required to and has not performed a going concern analysis at the UAB level.

GASB Statement No. 35, *Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for Public Colleges and Universities,* establishes standards for external financial reporting for public colleges and universities and requires that resources be classified for accounting and reporting purposes into the following three net position categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets:

Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and outstanding principal balances of debt attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted:

Nonexpendable: Net position subject to externally imposed stipulations that they be maintained permanently by UAB. Such assets include UAB's permanent endowment funds.

Expendable: Net position whose use by UAB is subject to externally imposed stipulations that can be fulfilled by actions of UAB pursuant to those stipulations or that expire by the passage of time.

Unrestricted:

The net position that is not subject to externally imposed stipulations. Unrestricted net position may be designated for specific purposes by action of management. Substantially all of the unrestricted net position is designated for academic and research programs and initiatives and capital programs.

For financial reporting purposes, UAB is considered a special-purpose government engaged only in business-type activities as defined by GASB Statement No. 35. Business-type activities are those that are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. Under the accrual basis, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded when an obligation has been incurred.

UAB policy states that operating activities as reported by the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position are those that generally result from exchange transactions such as payments received for providing services and payments made for services or goods received. Certain significant revenue streams relied upon for operations are recorded as nonoperating revenues, as defined by GASB Statement No. 35.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the dates of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The estimates susceptible to significant changes include those used in determining the allowance for contractual adjustments and uncollectible accounts, valuation of investments, accruals related to compensated absences,

allowance for self-insurance, estimated amounts due to or from third-party payors, and reserves for general and professional liability claims. Although some variability is inherent in these estimates, management believes that the amounts provided are adequate.

Scope of Statements

UAB is principally comprised of a university ("the University") and the University of Alabama Hospital ("University Hospital") which are UAB's reportable segments as defined by GASB Statement No. 37, *Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis-For State and Local Governments: Omnibus an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 21 and No. 34.* UAB's financial statements present the financial position, changes in financial position, and the cash flows of the University, the University Hospital, and UAB's blended component units. Condensed financial information of UAB's reportable segments is presented at Note 15. Refer to Note 2 for information regarding UAB's component units.

UAB is affiliated with the UAB Educational Foundation ("UABEF"), the University of Alabama Health Services Foundation, P.C. ("HSF"), UAB Medicine Enterprise ("UABME"), formally known as UAB Health System ("UABHS"), Medical West, Cooper Green Mercy Health Services Authority, and the Valley Foundation ("VF"). UAB is not financially accountable for UABEF, HSF, UABME or VF; therefore, they do not constitute component units under the provisions of GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended. These entities are not required to be presented as component units under GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units – an Amendment of GASB Statement No.* 14 and No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity –* an *Amendment of GASB Statement No.* 14 and No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity –* an *Amendment of GASB Statement No.* 14 and No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity –* an *Amendment of GASB Statement No.* 14 and No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity –* an *Amendment of GASB Statement No.* 14 and No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity –* an *Amendment of GASB Statement No.* 14 and No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity –* an *Amendment of GASB Statement No.* 14 and No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity –* an *Amendment of GASB Statement No.* 14 and No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity –* an *Amendment of GASB Statement No.* 14 and No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity –* an *Amendment of GASB Statement No.* 14 and No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity –* an *Amendment of GASB Statement No.* 14 and No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity –* an *Amendment of GASB Statement No.* 14 and No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity –* an *Amendment of GASB Statement No.* 14 and S4. More information regarding HSF, UABME and VF can be found at Note 16.

UABEF provides funds and certain facilities to UAB for its educational and scientific functions. UABEF has 11 board members, including seven outside members not affiliated with UAB. The UABEF Board approved to modify the fiscal year from June 30 to September 30 effective as of September 30, 2021. The fiscal year 2021 amounts reflected below is for the fifteen months ended September 30, 2021. UABEF leases certain facilities to UAB, with lease payments of approximately \$2.7 million for the year ended September 30, 2022 and \$3.3 million for the fifteen months ended September 30, 2021. UABEF made contributions to UAB which totaled approximately \$3.5 million for the year ended September 30, 2022 and \$3.0 million for the year ended September 30, 2021.

Implementation of new standards: During fiscal year 2022, UAB adopted GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, which establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the principle that leases serve to finance the right to use an underlying asset. The statement requires lessees to recognize right-to-use assets and related liabilities, and lessors to recognize receivables and corresponding deferred inflows of resources, for leases that were previously classified as operating and recognized as inflows or outflows of resources. UAB's discretely presented component Southern Research Institute ("SRI") and blended component Triton Health Systems, L.L.C. ("Triton") have not yet adopted GASB 87 due to both entities have different fiscal year ends preceding the GASB Statement No. 87 effective date. The adoption of GASB Statement No. 87 has been reflected on a retrospective basis at the beginning of the earliest period presented in the financial statements, or October 1, 2020. The effects of adopting GASB 87 in the UAB's financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2021 are as follows:

	As Previously Effect of Adoption of Reported GASB 87			As Restated		
Statement of Net Position						
Current Assets						
Account receivable, net	\$	608,413,710	\$	2,340,252	\$	610,753,962
Total current assets	\$	2,854,225,459	\$	2,340,252	\$	2,856,565,711
Noncurrent Assets						
Capital assets, net	\$	1,788,161,516	\$	108,381,508	\$	1,896,543,024
Other noncurrent assets		125,061		16,571,575		16,696,636
Total noncurrent assets	\$	3,909,140,760	\$	124,953,083	\$	4,034,093,843
Total assets	\$	6,763,366,219	\$	127,293,335	\$	6,890,659,554

	As Previously Ef		Effec	t of Adoption of GASB 87	 As Restated
Current Liabilities					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	565,985,667	\$	(28,335)	\$ 565,957,332
Long-term debt, current	\$	37,443,982	\$	17,141,431	\$ 54,585,413
Total current liabilities	\$	785,042,866	\$	17,113,096	\$ 802,155,961
Noncurrent Liabilities					
Long-term debt, noncurrent	\$	1,063,644,857	\$	93,538,266	\$ 1,157,183,123
Other noncurrent liabilities	\$	26,655,309	\$	(12,604,921)	\$ 14,050,388
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$	3,196,098,532	\$	80,933,345	\$ 3,277,031,877
Total Liabilities	\$	3,981,141,397	\$	98,046,441	\$ 4,079,187,838
Deferred Inflow Of Resources					
Deferred inflows of resources - leases	\$	_	\$	31,345,123	\$ 31,345,123
Total deferred inflow of resources	\$	_	\$	31,345,123	\$ 31,345,123
Net Position					
Net Position - Unrestricted	\$	1,341,397,693	\$	(2,098,229)	\$ 1,339,299,464
Total net position	\$	3,119,394,283	\$	(2,098,229)	\$ 3,117,296,054

 As Previously Reported		Effect of Adoption of GASB 87		As Restated
\$ 40,280,076	\$	334,492	\$	40,614,568
\$ 4,133,307,349	\$	334,492	\$	4,133,641,841
\$ 2,174,043,204	\$	(19,745,960)	\$	2,154,297,244
 156,533,614		19,224,236		175,757,850
\$ 4,349,258,810	\$	(521,724)	\$	4,348,737,086
\$ (215,951,461)	\$	856,216	\$	(215,095,245)
\$ (35,280,621)	\$	(2,954,445)	\$	(38,235,066)
\$ 1,009,587,087	\$	(2,954,445)	\$	1,006,632,642
\$ 793,635,626	\$	(2,098,229)	\$	791,537,397
\$ 832,054,783	\$	(2,098,229)	\$	829,956,554
\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Reported \$ 40,280,076 \$ 4,133,307,349 \$ 2,174,043,204 156,533,614 \$ 4,349,258,810 \$ (215,951,461) \$ (35,280,621) \$ 1,009,587,087 \$ 793,635,626	Reported \$ 40,280,076 \$ \$ 4,133,307,349 \$ \$ 2,174,043,204 \$ \$ 2,174,043,204 \$ 156,533,614 \$ \$ 4,349,258,810 \$ \$ (215,951,461) \$ \$ (35,280,621) \$ \$ 1,009,587,087 \$ \$ 793,635,626 \$	Reported GASB 87 \$ 40,280,076 \$ 334,492 \$ 4,133,307,349 \$ 334,492 \$ 4,133,307,349 \$ 334,492 \$ 2,174,043,204 \$ (19,745,960) 156,533,614 19,224,236 \$ 4,349,258,810 \$ (521,724) \$ (215,951,461) \$ 856,216 \$ (35,280,621) \$ (2,954,445) \$ 1,009,587,087 \$ (2,954,445) \$ 793,635,626 \$ (2,098,229)	Reported GASB 87 \$ 40,280,076 \$ 334,492 \$ \$ 4,133,307,349 \$ 334,492 \$ \$ 2,174,043,204 \$ (19,745,960) \$ \$ 2,174,043,204 \$ (19,745,960) \$ \$ 2,174,043,204 \$ (19,745,960) \$ \$ 156,533,614 19,224,236 \$ \$ 4,349,258,810 \$ (521,724) \$ \$ (215,951,461) \$ 856,216 \$ \$ (35,280,621) \$ (2,954,445) \$ \$ 1,009,587,087 \$ (2,954,445) \$ \$ 793,635,626 \$ (2,098,229) \$

	As Previously Reported		Effect of Adoption of GASB 87		As Restated	
Statements of Cash Flows						
Cash flows from operating activities						
Other receipts	\$	33,633,580	\$	372,624	\$	34,006,204
Payment to suppliers		(2,215,523,953)		19,613,430		(2,195,910,523)
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(145,138,873)	\$	19,986,054	\$	(125,152,819)
Cash from capital and related financing activities						
Principal payments on capital debt	\$	(38,935,420)	\$	(17,026,303)	\$	(55,961,723)
Interest payments on capital debt		(38,097,294)		(2,954,446)		(41,051,740)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	\$	(239,719,077)	\$	(19,980,749)	\$	(259,699,826)
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used in operating activities						
Operating loss	\$	(215,984,292)	\$	889,047	\$	(215,095,245)
Depreciation	\$	156,533,614	\$	19,224,237	\$	175,757,851
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	(2,296,355)	\$	(132,537)	\$	(2,428,892)
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(145,138,873)	\$	19,986,054	\$	(125,152,819)
Supplemental noncash activities information						
Capital assets acquired through lease	\$	—	\$	11,773,467	\$	11,773,467

Certain notes to the financial statements for the period ended September 30, 2021 have been restated due to the adoption of GASB Statement No 87, Leases.

Cash and Cash Equivalents: For purposes of the statement of cash flows, UAB considers all highly liquid investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents representing assets of UAB's endowment, life income, and other long-term investments are included in noncurrent assets.

Investments: UAB's investments are reported at fair value. The majority of UAB's investment portfolio is invested in separate investment pools sponsored by the System. Fair value for the investment pools is provided by the System, based on the fair value of the underlying investment securities held by each investment pool. Fair value of the underlying securities held in each investment pool is based on quoted market prices or dealer quotes, where available, or determined using net asset values provided by underlying investment partnerships or companies. Fair value for equity securities, debt securities, mutual funds and U.S. government and agency obligations held by UAB is determined from quoted market prices or market prices of similar instruments. Real estate held as investments is reported at fair value based upon appraisals, acquisition value at the date of donation, and other valuations typically based on management assumptions or expectations. Investments received by gift are reported at fair value at date of receipt. Net investment income, including realized and unrealized gains and losses, is reported as nonoperating revenues (expenses) in the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

Investments are reported in four categories in the statement of net position. Investments recorded as endowment and life income investments are those invested funds that cannot be used to fund current operations and thus are included in noncurrent assets. Investments for capital activities represent the investment of cash to fund future capital projects and are included in noncurrent assets. Other long-term investments are those invested funds with maturities greater than one year or are considered by management to be of a long duration that are not an investment of the endowment and life income fund or the plant fund. Short-term investments represent investments available for current operations.

Inventories: Inventories are carried at the lower of cost or market. Inventories consist primarily of medical supplies and pharmaceuticals.

Accounts Receivable: Accounts receivable consist primarily of patient receivables, tuition charged to students and amounts due from federal, state, and local governments, or private sources, in connection with reimbursement of allowable expenditures made pursuant to UAB's contracts and grants.

Capital Assets: All capital assets are carried at cost on date of acquisition (or in the case of gifts, at fair value on the date of donation, and in the case of right of use assets for leased property and equipment, an amount equal to the lease liability at lease inception), less accumulated depreciation. UAB computes depreciation for buildings and building improvements (15-40 years) and for fixed equipment systems (3-20 years) using a component method. Depreciation of land improvements (40 years), library collection (10 years), inventoried equipment (3-20 years), and right of use assets (3-40 years) is computed on a straight-line basis. The University Hospital uses guidelines established by the American Hospital Association to assign useful lives to inventoried equipment.

Right of use assets acquired are amortized over the shorter of the lives of the respective leases or the estimated useful lives of the underlying assets. Capital assets acquired through federal grants and contracts in which the Federal government retains a reversionary interest are capitalized and depreciated.

Computer software capitalization, which is included as inventoried equipment, includes the costs of software and implementation. Implementation costs include consulting expenses and allocation of internal salaries and fringes for the core implementation team.

Pledges: UAB receives gift pledges and bequests of financial support. Revenue is recognized when a pledge representing an unconditional promise to give is received and all eligibility requirements, including time requirements, have been met. In the absence of such a promise, revenue is recognized when the gift is received. Pledges are recorded at their gross, undiscounted amount. Endowment pledges do not meet eligibility requirements and are not recorded as assets until the related gift is received in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions*. Due to uncertainties with regard to their realization and valuation, bequest intentions and other conditional promises are not recognized as assets until the specified conditions are met.

Endowment Spending: The State Legislature adopted the Alabama Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act ("UPMIFA"), effective January 1, 2009, which permits the Board of Trustees of the University of Alabama (the "Board") to appropriate an amount of realized and unrealized endowment appreciation as the Board determines to be prudent. UPMIFA prescribes guidelines for the expenditure of donor-restricted endowment funds in the absence of overriding, explicit donor stipulations. UPMIFA focuses on the entirety of a donor-restricted endowment fund, that is, both the original gift amount(s) and net appreciation. UPMIFA eliminates UMIFA's historic-dollar-value threshold, an amount below which an organization could not spend from the fund, in favor of a more robust set of guidelines about what constitutes prudent spending, explicitly requiring consideration of the duration and preservation of the fund.

UAB's policy is to retain the endowment realized and unrealized appreciation within an endowment after the spending rate distributions in a manner consistent with the standards of prudence prescribed by UPMIFA. The Board approved a spending rate for fiscal years September 30, 2022 and 2021 of 4.5%, based on a moving five-year average of the market (unit) value.

Prepaid Expenses and Unearned Scholarships: Prepaid expenses are composed of future expenses that have been paid in advance and include prepaid postage, travel, and other miscellaneous expenses. Unearned scholarship expense results from the Fall academic term spanning across the fiscal year-end. UAB prorates scholarship expense to recognize only the amounts incurred in each fiscal year.

Unearned Revenue: Unearned revenue consists primarily of student tuition and fees related predominantly to future fiscal years and amounts received from grant and contract sponsors that have not yet been earned under the terms of the agreements and, therefore, have not yet been included in the net position.

Federal Refundable Loans: Certain loans to students are administered by UAB with funding primarily supported by the federal government. UAB's statements of net position include both the notes receivable and the related federal refundable loan liability representing federal capital contributions and related activity owed upon termination of the program. The Federal Perkins Loan Program expired June 30, 2018. The University will continue operating the program and remit any excess cash annually for the pro rata federal and institutional capital contributions. As of September 30, 2022 and 2021, there was \$1.0 million and \$1.3 million, respectively, payable to the Department of Education for its portion of the excess cash available at June 30, 2022.

Compensated Absences: UAB accrues annual leave for employees at rates based upon length of service and job classification. UAB accrues compensatory time based upon job classification and hours worked. These amounts are included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

Deferred Outflows of Resources: Deferred outflows of resources consist of bond deferred refunding amounts, pension obligations, and OPEB obligations (Trust and UAB Plan). Pension obligations include employer contributions to the Teachers' Retirement System subsequent to the Plan's measurement date, differences between expected and actual

experience, and changes in actuarial and other assumptions. The Trust's obligations include employer contributions to the Alabama Retired Education Employees' Health Care Trust subsequent to the Trust's measurement date, differences between expected and actual experience, and changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions. The UAB Plan's obligations include employer contributions to the UAB Health Care Plan subsequent to the Plan's measurement date for eligible disabled retirees.

Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred inflows of resources are composed of pension obligations, OPEB obligations (Trust and UAB Plan), and leases. Pension obligations include differences between expected and actual experience, changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions, and net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments. The Trust's obligations include changes in actuarial and other assumptions and net differences between expected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments. The UAB Plan's obligations include differences between expected and actual experience and changes in actuarial and other assumptions. Deferred inflows for leases relate to those arrangements where UAB is the lessor.

Student Tuition and Fees and Scholarship Allowances and Student Aid: Student tuition and fees are presented net of scholarships and fellowships applied to student accounts, while stipends and other payments made directly to students are presented as scholarships and fellowships expense.

Grant and Contract Revenue: UAB receives grant and contract revenue from governmental and private sources. UAB recognizes revenue associated with the sponsored programs in accordance with GASB Statement No. 33, based on the terms of the individual grant or contract.

University Hospital Revenue: Net patient service revenue is reported at the University Hospital's estimated net realizable amounts from patients, third-party payors, and others for services rendered, including estimated retroactive revenue adjustments due to revenue audits, reviews, and investigations. Retroactive adjustments are considered in the recognition of revenue on an estimated basis in the period the related services are rendered.

The University Hospital provides care to patients who meet certain criteria under its charity care policy without charge or at amounts less than its estimated rates. Because the University Hospital does not pursue collection of amounts determined to qualify as charity care, they are not reported as revenue.

Auxiliary Enterprise Revenue: Auxiliary enterprise revenues primarily represent revenues generated by intercollegiate athletics and parking as well as subscriber premiums for Triton Health Systems, L.L.C.

Other Revenue: Other revenue represents primarily revenues generated by UAB for activities such as intellectual property income and the University of Alabama Health Services Foundation, P.C. ("HSF") transfers.

Equity Investments: Investments in affiliated companies where UAB can exercise significant influence and for which UAB's ownership interest is 50% or less are accounted for using the equity method. The investment in the Professional Liability Trust Fund ("PLTF") also is accounted for using the equity method. See Notes 4 and 8.

Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): Nonoperating revenues and expenses include State educational appropriations, federal appropriations, Federal Pell grants, private gifts for other than capital purposes, investment income, net unrealized appreciation or depreciation in the fair value of investments, interest expense, loss on asset dispositions, and CARES Act funds for fiscal years 2022 and 2021.

COVID-19 Pandemic: In January 2020, the World Health Organization declared the novel Coronavirus ("COVID-19") a Public Health Emergency of International Concern. The outbreak of COVID-19 caused domestic and global disruption in operations for institutions of higher education. The outbreak also negatively impacted both the global financial markets and the University's investments, including the investments held within the System Pools, and may continue to do so.

COVID-19 Emergency Grants for Higher Education: The CARES Act was signed into law in March 2020 to provide economic assistance for businesses and individuals that have been negatively impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic. The Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund ("HEERF I") and the Coronavirus Relief Fund ("CRF") are authorized by the CARES Act.

The Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund II ("HEERF II") is authorized by the Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act ("CRRSAA"), which was signed into law in December 2020. The CRRSAA funds support education in addition to the HEERF I CARES Act funding.

The Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund III ("HEERF III") is authorized by the American Rescue Plan ("ARP"), which was signed into law in March 2021 to provide support to institutions of higher education to serve students and ensure learning continues during the COVID-19 pandemic. ARP funds are in addition to funds authorized by the CRRSAA and CARES Act.

The HEERF funds are administered through the U.S. Department of Education and are designed to facilitate the distribution of emergency financial aid grants directly to students, as well as to provide funding for institutions negatively impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic. Under the terms of the student portion of this program, revenue is recognized once eligible expenditures associated with the distribution of aid to students have been incurred. For the institutional portions of this program, revenue is recognized as the University identifies eligible expenditures or lost revenues which qualify for reimbursement.

The Coronavirus Relief Fund is administered through the State of Alabama Department of Finance. The purpose of the Coronavirus Relief Fund appropriation is for the funds to be used to prevent, prepare for, and respond to coronavirus only. The CRF covers only those costs that are necessary expenditures incurred due to the public health emergency with respect to COVID-19. Eligibility to receive payment from the State's portion of funds from the CRF is contingent upon certifying that the University will: (1) use the funds in a lawful manner consistent with Section 601(d) of the Coronavirus Relief Fund and (2) will comply with any and all policies and directives issued by the Alabama Department of Finance related to the Coronavirus Relief Funds.

The Provider Relief Fund ("PRF") is administered through the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services ("HHS"). PRF payments may be used to cover lost revenue attributable to COVID-19 or health-related expenses purchased to prevent, prepare for, and respond to COVID-19. Providers are required to report the use of funds expended through June 30, 2021 by September 30, 2021 and funds expended through December 31, 2021 by March 31, 2022. Based on the most recent guidance, providers may be reimbursed for healthcare-related expenses attributable to coronavirus that another source has not reimbursed, as well as lost revenues as measured by one of three options, which include a) calculating based on the negative change in calendar year 2020 and 2021 patient care revenues compared to calendar year 2019 patient care revenues, b) calculating based on the negative change in calendar year 2020 and 2021 patient care revenues compared to budgeted 2020 and 2021 patient care revenues, respectively, provided the budget had been established and approved prior to March 27, 2020, and c) calculating by another reasonable method of estimating revenues.

All COVID-19 emergency grants received are included in nonoperating grants in the accompanying statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.



GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 14, No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 14 and 34 and No. 80, Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14, requires governmental entities to include in their financial statements as a component unit, organizations that are legally separate entities for which the governmental entity, as a primary organization, is financially accountable. The primary objective of these statements is to determine whether all entities associated with a primary government are potential component units and should be evaluated for inclusion in the financial reporting entity. The statements as amended provide additional guidance to determine whether certain organizations for which the primary government is not financially accountable should be reported as component units based on the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government.*

Southern Research Institute ("SRI") is a legally separate entity but its financial relationship with UAB is such that excluding SRI from the UAB financial report would be misleading. Management has therefore determined that SRI is a discretely presented component unit of UAB under GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61. SRI reports financial results under principles prescribed under the GASB. SRI offers research and technology services to support industry and federal government agencies primarily in the areas of drug design and evaluation, environmental controls, materials engineering, and chemical and biological defense. The activities of SRI are maintained using a fiscal calendar year-end that ends prior to UAB's fiscal year-end of September 30. The financial results of SRI are discretely presented in these financial statements.

UAB includes four blended component units, as follows: UAB Research Foundation ("UABRF"), UAB Athletics Foundation ("UABAF"), UAB Hospital Management, L.L.C. ("LLC") and Triton Health Systems, L.L.C. ("Triton"). The bylaws and corporate charters of UABRF allow UAB to appoint a majority of the board of directors and allow UAB to impose its will on the entity. UABRF operates for the exclusive benefit of UAB. UABAF was organized to support the UAB Athletics Department in its quest for excellence in all programs. UABAF operates as an extension of the UAB Athletics Department and it almost exclusively benefits the University. Additionally, LLC and Triton have governing bodies that are substantively the same as the governing body of UAB and there is a financial benefit or burden relationship between UAB and these entities. Therefore, management has determined that UABRF, UABAF, LLC and Triton (the Blended Component Units) constitute blended component units of UAB under GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61. The Blended Component Units report financial results under principles prescribed under the GASB.

UABRF was organized exclusively for charitable, scientific, and educational purposes in order to benefit UAB. UABAF was formed in November 2015 as a nonprofit corporation organized to build loyalty and philanthropic support for the UAB athletic program and support the staff in coordinating, developing and improving a superior inter-collegiate athletics program. UABAF encourages alumni and friends to generously support the Athletics Department and contribute to scholarship funding for UAB's student athletes. The LLC was organized for the exclusive purpose of supporting UAB in connection with the management, administration, and operation of the University Hospital, including, without limitation, providing management, administrative, and staffing services to the University Hospital. Triton was formed to advance the educational and research mission of UAB and to educate and train physicians and other health care professionals. Triton is owned 99% by UAB and 1% by The UABEF.

UABRF and LLC maintain a September 30 year-end. UABAF maintains a June 30 year-end. The activities of Triton are maintained using a fiscal calendar year-end that ends prior to UAB's fiscal year-end of September 30. However, interfund cash transactions during the period from January 1 through September 30 have been eliminated. Since Triton qualifies as a major component unit under GASB Statement No. 61, financial information for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 is presented below.

TRITON HEALTH SYSTEMS, L.L.C.	2022	2021
CONDENSED STATEMENT OF NET POSITION		
Current assets	\$ 230,034,809	\$ 264,795,048
Capital assets, net	1,993,300	2,727,482
Other assets	142,499,054	117,099,812
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 374,527,163	\$ 384,622,342
Current liabilities	 95,330,642	 97,434,894
Other noncurrent liabilities	317,411	633,846
TOTAL LIABILITIES	95,648,053	98,068,740
Net investment in capital assets	1,993,300	2,727,482
Restricted nonexpendable net position	100,000	100,000
Unrestricted net position	276,785,810	283,726,120
TOTAL NET POSITION	 278,879,110	 286,553,602
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$ 374,527,163	\$ 384,622,342
CONDENSED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION		
Operating revenues	\$ 864,396,954	\$ 845,745,980
Operating expenses	(830,085,277)	(799,945,073)
Depreciation and amortization expense	(1,230,269)	(1,282,471)
OPERATING INCOME	33,081,408	44,518,436
Investment income	(1,865,876)	7,737,096
Interest expense	20	_
Income tax expense	(612,693)	(2,266,772)
INCOME BEFORE OTHER CHANGES IN NET POSITION	30,602,859	49,988,760
Distributions to members	(38,277,351)	(35,272,264)
(DECREASE) INCREASE IN NET POSITION	(7,674,492)	14,716,496
Net position, beginning of year	 286,553,602	 271,837,106
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 278,879,110	\$ 286,553,602
CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS		
Net cash provided by (used in):		
Operating activities	\$ 13,140,146	\$ 37,114,595
Noncapital financing activities	(38,277,351)	(35,272,264)
Capital and related financing activities	(496,086)	(63,402)
Investing activities	(15,709,069)	(1,540,132)
NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(41,342,360)	 238,797
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	 144,582,084	 144,343,287
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$ 103,239,724	\$ 144,582,084

(3) Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Board approves, by resolution, all banks or other financial institutions utilized as depositories for UAB funds. Prior to approval, each proposed depository must provide evidence of its designation by the Alabama state treasurer as a qualified public depository under the Security for Alabama Funds Enhancement Act (SAFE). From time to time, the Board may request that the depository provide evidence of its continuing designation as a qualified public depository. In the past, the bank pledged collateral directly to each individual public entity. Under the mandatory SAFE program, each qualified public depository (QPD) is required to hold collateral for all its public deposits on a pooled basis in a custody account established for the State Treasurer as SAFE administrator. In the unlikely event a public entity should suffer a deposit loss due to QPD insolvency or default, a claim form would be filed with the state treasurer, who would use the SAFE pool collateral or other means to reimburse the loss. As of September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, UAB had cash and cash equivalents totaling \$532.1 million and \$520.6 million.



The Board has the responsibility for the establishment of the investment policy and the oversight of the investments for the System and related entities. In order to facilitate System-wide investment objectives and achieve economies of scale, the Board has established two distinct investment pools based primarily on the projected investment time-horizons for System funds: the Pooled Endowment Fund ("PEF") and the Liquidity and Capital Reserve Pool Fund ("LCRP"); collectively, the "System Pools." Pursuant to Board investment policies, each System or related entity may include all or a portion of their investments within the System-sponsored investment pools. These investment funds are considered "internal" investment pools under GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools, with the assets pooled on a market value basis. Separately managed funds that reside with each entity are to be invested consistent with the asset mix of the corresponding System investment pool.

The following disclosures relate to both the System Pools, which include the investments of other System entities and other affiliated entities, and the UAB-specific investment portfolio.

Pooled Endowment Fund

The purpose of the PEF is to pool endowment and similar funds to support the System universities, University Hospital and related entities in carrying out their respective missions over a perpetual time frame. Accordingly, the primary investment objectives of the PEF are to preserve the purchasing power of the principal and provide a stable source of perpetual financial support to the endowment beneficiaries. To satisfy the long-term rate of return objective, the PEF relies on a total return strategy in which investment returns are achieved through both capital appreciation and natural income. Asset allocation targets are established to meet return objectives while providing adequate diversification in order to minimize investment volatility.

Liquidity and Capital Reserve Pool

The LCRP serves as an investment vehicle to manage operating reserves of the System universities, University Hospital, and related entities with an investment strategy that matches the duration of reserves to their projected needs. The goals of the pool are to preserve and grow capital, maximize returns without undue exposure to risk, and maintain sufficient liquidity for credit ratings. The pool is invested in a diversified asset mix of liquid, semi-liquid, and illiquid securities. The pool can invest no more than 15% in illiquid assets and must invest no less than 60% in liquid assets as defined by Board Rule 404.

Fair Value Measurements

GASB 72 sets forth the framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under GASB 72 are described as follows:

• Level 1 – Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that UAB has the ability to access.

- Level 2 Inputs to the valuation methodology include:
- Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
- Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets;
- Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the assets or liabilities;

 \circ $\,$ Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

• Level 3 – Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement. Unobservable inputs reflect UAB's own assumptions about the inputs market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability (including assumptions about risk). Unobservable inputs are developed based on the best information available in the circumstances and may include UAB's own data.

GASB 72 allows for the use of net asset value ("NAV") as a practical expedient for valuation purposes for investments that do not have readily determinable fair value and meet certain other criteria. Investments that use NAV in determining fair value are disclosed separately from the valuation hierarchy as presented herein.

The level within the hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

The determination of what constitutes observable requires judgment by UAB's management. UAB management considers observable data to be that market data which is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable, and verifiable, not proprietary, and provided by multiple independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market.

The categorization of an investment within the hierarchy is based upon the relative observability of the inputs to its fair value measurement and does not necessarily correspond to UAB management's perceived risk of that investment.

The following is a description of the valuation methods and assumptions used by UAB to estimate the fair value of its investments. There have been no changes in the methods and assumptions used at September 30, 2022. The methods described may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. UAB management believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants. The use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

When available, quoted prices are used to determine fair value. When quoted prices in active markets are available, investments are classified within Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. UAB's Level 1 investments primarily consist of investments in mutual funds, exchange traded funds, and both domestic and foreign equity funds.

UAB's Level 2 investments consist of mutual funds that are priced or traded at the end of the day.

UAB's Level 3 investments primarily consist of very illiquid securities. The inputs or methodologies used for valuing securities are not necessarily an indication of the risks associated with investing in those securities. Changes in valuation techniques may result in transfers into or out of an assigned level within the disclosure hierarchy. Valuation techniques utilized by UAB are appraisals, entry price at the date of donation, and other valuations typically based on management assumptions or expectations.

At September 30, 2022 and 2021, the fair value of UAB's investments based on the inputs used to value them is summarized as follows:

		2022			
	 Level 1	Level 2	 Level 3	 NAV	 Total
Cash and equivalents: Commercial paper	\$ 100,000	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _	\$ 100,000
Equities:					
Common Stock	420,806	—	—	_	420,806
Fixed Income Securities:					
Corporate bonds	-	162,525,395	_	_	162,525,395
Commingled Funds:					
U.S. equity funds	_	1,022,600	_	_	1,022,600
Non-U.S. equity funds	—	251,427	—	_	251,427
Real Estate	 		 159,600	 	 159,600
	\$ 520,806	\$ 163,799,422	\$ 159,600	\$ 	\$ 164,479,828

Liquidity and Capital Reserve Pool Fund	 2,141,341,791
Pooled Endowment Fund	674,860,514
UAB Portion of System Pool Investments:	
Equity investments in partnerships	40,809,631

Total Net Asset Value with System Pooled Investments \$ 3,021,491,764

		2021			
	 Level 1	 Level 2	 Level 3	NAV	 Total
Cash and equivalents: Commercial paper	\$ 100,000	\$ _	\$ _	\$ -	\$ 100,000
Equities: Common Stock	420,806				420,806
Fixed Income Securities:	420,000	149 905 946			
Corporate bonds Commingled Funds:	_	148,895,846	_	_	148,895,846
U.S. equity funds	_	1,057,467	_	_	1,057,467
Non-U.S. equity funds	_	411,206	_	—	411,206
Real Estate	_	_	159,600	_	159,600
	\$ 520,806	\$ 150,364,519	\$ 159,600	\$ —	\$ 151,044,925
			Equity invest	ments in partnerships	69,880,913

Equity investments in partnerships

UAB Portion of System Pool Investments:

Pooled Endowment Fund 712,833,170

Liquidity and Capital Reserve Pool Fund 2,670,715,589

Total Net Asset Value with System Pooled Investments \$ 3,604,474,598

At September 30, 2022 and 2021, the fair value of investments for the System Pools based on the inputs used to value them is summarized as follows:

		2022			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	NAV	Total
Receivables:					
Accrued Income Receivables	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _	\$ 745,691
Total Receivables					745,691
Cash Equivalents:					
Money Market Funds	45,006,743	_	_	_	45,006,743
Total Cash Equivalents	45,006,743	_		_	45,006,743
Equities:					
U.S. Common Stock	140,307,712	_	_	_	140,307,712
Foreign Stock	30,583,042				30,583,042
Total Equities	170,890,754				170,890,754
Fixed Income Securities:					
U.S. Government Obligations	_	10,282,592	_	_	10,282,592
Mortgage Backed Securities	_	12,621,581	_	_	12,621,58
Corporate Bonds	_	21,255,552	_	_	21,255,552
Non-U.S. Bonds		4,370,866			4,370,866
Total Fixed Income Securities		48,530,591			48,530,591
Commingled Funds:					
U.S. Equity Funds	_	37,059,134	_	_	37,059,134
Non-U.S. Equity Funds	-	96,076,595	—	-	96,076,595
Hedge Funds	-	—	—	654,582,348	654,582,348
Private Equity Funds	-	—	2,043,040	444,027,507	446,070,547
Real Estate Funds			4,652,000	345,261,463	349,913,463
Total Commingled Funds		133,135,729	6,695,040	1,443,871,318	1,583,702,087
Total Fund Investments	215,897,497	181,666,320	6,695,040	1,443,871,318	1,848,130,175
Total Fund Assets	\$ 215,897,497	\$ 181,666,320	\$ 6,695,040	\$ 1,443,871,318	\$ 1,848,875,866

Affiliated Entity Investments

Total Net Asset Value

(276,714,171)

\$ 1,571,692,915

		2021			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	NAV	Total
Receivables:					
Accrued Income Receivables	\$ –	\$ –	\$ –	\$ –	\$ 515,924
Total Receivables					515,924
Cash Equivalents:					
Money Market Funds	45,941,864				45,941,864
Total Cash Equivalents	45,941,864				45,941,864
Equities:					
U.S. Common Stock	175,095,293	_	_	_	175,095,293
Foreign Stock	52,258,192				52,258,192
Total Equities	227,353,485				227,353,485
Fixed Income Securities:					
U.S. Government Obligations	_	13,246,381	_	_	13,246,381
Mortgage Backed Securities	-	14,281,482	_	-	14,281,482
Corporate Bonds	-	33,019,460	_	-	33,019,460
Non-U.S. Bonds		6,034,696			6,034,696
Total Fixed Income Securities		66,582,019			66,582,019
Commingled Funds:					
Non-U.S. Equity Funds	-	134,788,898	—	-	134,788,898
Hedge Funds	_	_	_	785,762,770	785,762,770
Private Equity Funds	-	—	3,673,786	415,061,514	418,735,300
Real Estate Funds			7,610,408	314,943,245	322,553,653
Total Commingled Funds		134,788,898	11,284,194	1,515,767,529	1,661,840,621
Total Fund Investments	273,295,349	201,370,917	11,284,194	1,515,767,529	2,001,717,989
Total Fund Assets	\$ 273,295,349	\$ 201,370,917	<u>\$ 11,284,194</u>	\$ 1,515,767,529	\$ 2,002,233,913
Total Fund Liabilities					(463,514)
Affiliated Entity Investments					(313,952,384)
Total Net Asset Value					\$ 1,687,818,015

		2022			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	NAV	Total
Receivables:					
Accrued Income Receivables	\$	\$ —	\$ –	\$	\$ 5,962,851
Total Receivables					5,962,851
Cash Equivalents:					
Money Market Funds	44,987,405				44,987,405
Total Cash Equivalents	44,987,405				44,987,405
Equities:					
U.S. Common Stock	385,970,310	_	_	_	385,970,310
Foreign Stock	60,037,640				60,037,640
Total Equities	446,007,950				446,007,950
Fixed Income Securities:					
U.S. Government Obligations	_	227,749,680	_	_	227,749,680
Mortgage Backed Securities	_	207,578,465	_	_	207,578,465
Collateralized Mortgage Obligations	_	18,211,357	_	_	18,211,357
Corporate Bonds	_	201,087,489	_	_	201,087,489
Non-U.S. Bonds	_	94,105,656	_	_	94,105,656
Other Fixed Income Assets		6,877,721			6,877,721
Total Fixed Income Securities		755,610,368			755,610,368
Commingled Funds:					
U.S. Equity Funds	_	118,141,348	_	_	118,141,348
Non-U.S. Equity Funds	_	171,024,233	_	_	171,024,233
U.S. Bond Funds	_	372,671,133	_	_	372,671,133
Hedge Funds	_	_	_	1,121,752,329	1,121,752,329
Real Asset Funds				228,743,023	228,743,023
Total Commingled Funds		661,836,714		1,350,495,352	2,012,332,066
Total Fund Investments	490,995,355	1,417,447,082	_	1,350,495,352	3,258,937,789
Total Fund Assets	\$ 490,995,355	\$ 1,417,447,082	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ 1,350,495,352</u>	\$ 3,264,900,640
Total Fund Liabilities					(1,094,294)

Total Net Asset Value

\$ 3,033,305,372

	LIQUIDITY	AND CAPITAL RESE	RVE POOL		
		2021			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	NAV	Total
Receivables:					
Accrued Income Receivables	\$ –	\$ –	\$ —	\$ –	\$ 3,879,956
LOC - Crimson Tide Foundation					13,464,676
Total Receivables	-	-	-	-	17,344,632
Cash Equivalents:					
Money Market Funds	101,990,000				101,990,000
Total Cash Equivalents	101,990,000				101,990,000
Equities:					
U.S. Common Stock	470,698,065	_	_	_	470,698,065
Foreign Stock	116,375,236	_	_	_	116,375,236
Total Equities	587,073,301				587,073,301
Fixed Income Securities:					
U.S. Government Obligations	_	250,565,337	_	_	250,565,337
Mortgage Backed Securities	_	239,316,613	_	_	239,316,613
Collateralized Mortgage Obligations	_	21,324,002	_	_	21,324,002
Corporate Bonds	_	204,635,474	_	_	204,635,474
Non-U.S. Bonds	_	91,866,955	_	_	91,866,955
Other Fixed Income Assets		10,780,861			10,780,861
Total Fixed Income Securities	-	818,489,242	_	_	818,489,242
Commingled Funds:					
U.S. Equity Funds	_	165,108,021	_	_	165,108,021
Non-U.S. Equity Funds	_	334,327,898	_	_	334,327,898
U.S. Bond Funds	_	495,084,539	_	_	495,084,539
Hedge Funds	_	_	_	1,253,780,387	1,253,780,387
Real Asset Funds				253,017,907	253,017,907
Total Commingled Funds		994,520,458		1,506,798,294	2,501,318,752
Total Fund Investments	689,063,301	1,813,009,700	_	1,506,798,294	4,008,871,295
Total Fund Assets	\$ 689,063,301	\$ 1,813,009,700	<u>\$ </u>	\$ 1,506,798,294	\$ 4,026,215,927
Total Fund Liabilities					(3,334,581)
Affiliated Entity Investments					(259,048,937)
Total Net Asset Value					\$ 3,763,832,409

Additional information on fair values, unfunded commitments, remaining life, and redemption for investments measured at the NAV for the System Pools at September 30, 2022 and 2021 is as follows:

				2022			
		Fair Value	Unfunded Commitments		Remaining Life	Redemption Notice Period	Redemption Restrictions
Hedge funds - absolute return, credit, long/short equities	\$	654,582,348	\$	36,000,000	No limit	Monthly,Quarterly, and Annually	Lock-up provisions ranging from none to 2 years
Private equity - private credit, buyouts, venture, secondary		444,027,507		210,125,649	1-15 years	Partnerships ineligible for redemption	Not redeemable
Real assets - public real estate, natural resources, and infrastructure		57,784,904		_	No limit	Monthly and Quarterly	None
Real assets - private real estate, natural resources, and infrastructure		287,476,559		102,280,510	1-15 years	Partnerships ineligible for redemption	Not redeemable
	\$	1,443,871,318	\$	348,406,159			

Fair Value 785,762,770	 \$	2021 Unfunded Commitments	Remaining Life	Redemption Notice Period	Redemption Restrictions
785,762,770	\$	_			
			No limit	Monthly,Quarterly, and Annually	Lock-up provisions ranging from none to 2 years
415,061,514		174,482,041	1-10 years	Partnerships ineligible for redemption	Not redeemable
86,098,351		_	No limit	Monthly and Quarterly	None
228,844,894		131,972,561	1-15 years	Partnerships ineligible for redemption	Not redeemable
1,515,767,529	\$	306,454,602			
LIQUIDI	ΤΥ Α		ERVE FUND		
	86,098,351 228,844,894 1,515,767,529	86,098,351 228,844,894 1,515,767,529	86,098,351 – 228,844,894 131,972,561 1,515,767,529 \$ 306,454,602 LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RES	86,098,351 — No limit 228,844,894 131,972,561 1-15 years	415,061,514 174,482,041 1-10 years ineligible for redemption 86,098,351 — No limit Monthly and Quarterly 228,844,894 131,972,561 1-15 years Partnerships ineligible for redemption 1,515,767,529 \$ 306,454,602 LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESERVE FUND Value

			2022			
	 Fair Value	Value Unfunded Commitments		Remaining Life	Redemption Notice Period	Redemption Restrictions
Hedge funds - absolute return, credit, long/short equities	\$ 1,121,752,329	\$	67,500,000	No limit	Monthly,Quarterly, and Annually	Lock-up provisions ranging from none to 2 years
Real assets - public real estate, natural resources, and infrastructure	 228,743,023		_	No limit	Monthly and Quarterly	None
	\$ 1,350,495,352	\$	67,500,000			

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESERVE FUND

			2021			
	 Fair Value	-	Jnfunded mmitments	Remaining Life	Redemption Notice Period	Redemption Restrictions
Hedge funds - absolute return, credit, long/short equities	\$ 1,253,780,387	\$	_	No limit	Monthly,Quarterly, and Annually	Lock-up provisions ranging from none to 2 years
Real assets - public real estate, natural resources, and infrastructure	 253,017,907		_	No limit	Monthly and Quarterly	None
	\$ 1,506,798,294	\$	_			

Investment Risk Factors

There are many factors that can affect the value of investments. Some, such as custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk and foreign currency risk, may affect both equity and fixed income securities. Equity securities respond to such factors as economic conditions, individual company earnings performance and market liquidity, while fixed income securities are particularly sensitive to credit risks and changes in interest rates.

Credit Risk

Fixed income securities are subject to credit risk, which is the chance that a bond issuer will fail to pay interest or principal in a timely manner, or that negative perceptions of the issuer's ability to make these payments will cause security prices to decline. These circumstances may arise due to a variety of factors such as financial weakness, bankruptcy, litigation, and/or adverse political developments. Certain fixed income securities, primarily obligations of the U.S. government or those explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, are not considered to have significant credit risk.

The investment policy recognizes that credit risk is appropriate in balanced investment pools such as the PEF and LCRP, and the credit quality of underlying fund investments is monitored on an ongoing basis. Fixed income investments within the PEF and LCRP include corporate, mortgage backed, asset backed, collateralized mortgage and U.S. treasury and/or agency bonds. In addition, approximately \$180.3 million and \$208.9 million in the PEF and LCRP, collectively, at September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, is invested in unrated fixed income securities, excluding fixed income commingled funds. Fixed income commingled funds and money market funds were approximately \$462.7 million and \$643.0 million in the PEF and LCRP, collectively, at September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

The credit risk for fixed and variable income securities, for the System Pools, at September 30, 2022 and 2021 is as follows:

	POOLED ENDOWMENT FUND				LCRP FUND			
		2022		2021	2022		2021	
Fixed or Variable Income Securities								
U.S. Government Obligations	\$	10,282,592	\$	13,246,381	\$ 227,749,680	\$	250,565,337	
Other U.S. Denominated:								
AAA		1,111,407		751,743	28,847,345		33,536,982	
AA		777,166		1,691,717	42,527,588		49,370,980	
А		8,524,786		12,042,928	143,652,806		135,358,729	
BBB		12,054,784		18,930,562	124,110,357		128,995,396	
BB		3,940,529		5,670,545	6,363,702		7,716,916	
В		_		242,759	9,672,564		12,510,612	
C and < C		_		_	4,226,053		5,566,724	
Unrated		11,839,327		14,005,384	168,460,273		194,867,566	
Commingled Funds:								
U.S. Bond Funds: Unrated		_		_	372,671,133		495,084,539	
Non-U.S. Bond Funds: Unrated		_		_	_		_	
Money Market Funds: Unrated		45,006,743		45,941,864	 44,987,405		101,990,000	
TOTAL	\$	93,537,334	\$	112,523,883	\$ 1,173,268,906	\$	1,415,563,781	

In accordance with the Board policy disclosed previously, credit risk for UAB's fixed and variable income securities held outside of the System Pools is managed by diversifying across issuers and limiting the amount of portfolio assets that are invested in non- investment grade securities.

The credit risk for fixed and variable income securities of UAB's separately held investments at September 30, 2022 and 2021 is as follows:

	 2022	 2021
Fixed or Variable Income Securities		
U.S. Government Guaranteed	\$ —	\$ _
Other U.S. and Non U.S. Denominated:		
ААА	162,525,395	148,895,846
АА	—	_
А	—	_
BBB	—	_
BB	—	_
В	—	—
CCC	_	_
CC	—	—
Unrated	—	—
Commingled Funds:		
U.S. Bond Funds: Unrated	—	—
Non-U.S. Bond Funds: Unrated	—	—
Money Market Funds: Unrated	_	_
Commercial Paper: Unrated	 100,000	 100,000
TOTAL	\$ 162,625,395	\$ 148,995,846

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the corporate failure of the custodian, the investment securities may not be returned.

Investment securities in the System Pools and UAB's separately held investments are registered in the Board's name by the custodial bank as an agent for the System. Other types of investments (e.g. open-ended mutual funds, money market funds) represent ownership interests that do not exist in physical or book-entry form. As a result, custodial credit risk is remote.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk associated with a lack of diversification, such as having substantial investments in a few individual issuers, thereby exposing the organization to greater risks resulting from adverse economic, political, regulatory, geographic, or credit developments.

As previously mentioned, credit risk in each investment pool and UAB's separately held portfolio is managed primarily by diversifying across issuers and limiting the amount of portfolio assets that can be invested in non-investment grade securities.

As of September 30, 2022 and 2021, there was no investment in a single issuer that represents 5% or more of total investments held by any single investment manager of the System Pools or UAB's separately held investment portfolio except for investments issued by the U.S. government and money market fund investments.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of fixed income securities will decline because of changing interest rates. The prices of fixed income securities with a longer time to maturity, measured by effective duration, tend to be more sensitive to changes in interest rates and, therefore, more volatile than those with shorter durations. Effective duration is the approximate change in price of a security resulting from a 100 basis point (1 percentage point) change in the level of interest rates. It is not a measure of time.

The Board does not have a specific policy relative to interest rate risk. As such, there are no restrictions on weighted average maturity for each investment pool as they are managed relative to the investment objectives and liquidity demands of the investors.

The effective durations in years for fixed or variable income securities, for the System Pools at September 30, 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

	POOLED ENDO	WMENT FUND	LCRP	FUND
	2022	2021	2022	2021
U.S. Government Obligations	10.2	9.8	3.8	3.2
Corporate Bonds	5.0	6.1	2.4	2.5
Non-US Bonds	5.0	6.1	2.4	2.5
Commingled Bond Funds	-	—	2.8	2.5
Other Fixed Income	—	—	—	1.9

The effective durations for fixed or variable income securities for UAB's separately held investments at September 30, 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

	SEPARAT	ELY HELD	
	2022	2021	
Funds	2.7	3.4	

Investments may also include mortgage pass through securities and collateralized mortgage obligations that may be considered to be highly sensitive to changes in interest rates due to the existence of prepayment or conversion features. At September 30, 2022 and 2021, the fair market values of these investments in the System Pools are as follows:

	POOLED ENDOWMENT FUND				LCRP FUND			
		2022		2021		2022		2021
Mortgage Backed Securities	\$	12,621,581	\$	14,281,482	\$	207,578,465	\$	239,316,613
Collateralized Mortgage Obligations						18,211,357		21,324,002
TOTAL FIXED	\$	12,621,581	\$	14,281,482	\$	225,789,822	\$	260,640,615

Mortgage Backed Securities. These securities are issued by the Federal National Mortgage Association ("Fannie Mae"), Government National Mortgage Association ("Ginnie Mae") and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association ("Freddie Mac") and include short embedded prepayment options. Unanticipated prepayments by the obligees of the underlying asset reduce the total expected rate of return. *Collateralized Mortgage Obligations.* Collateralized mortgage obligations ("CMOs") generate a return based upon either the payment of interest or principal on mortgages in an underlying pool. The relationship between interest rates and prepayments makes the fair value highly sensitive to changes in interest rates. In falling interest rate environments, the underlying mortgages are subject to a higher propensity of prepayments. In a rising interest rate environment, the opposite is true.

At September 30, 2022 and 2021, the effective durations for these securities held in the System Pools are as follows:

	POOLED ENDO	WMENT FUND	LCRP	FUND
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Mortgage Backed Securities	6.6	3.6	3.3	2.6
Collateralized Mortgage Obligations	_	_	4.3	6.6

There are no mortgage backed securities or CMOs in UAB's separately held investments at September 30, 2022 and 2021.

Foreign Currency Risk

The strategic asset allocation policy for the PEF, the LCRP, and UAB's separately held investments includes an allocation to non-United States equity and fixed income securities. Currency hedging of foreign bonds and stocks is allowed under System policy. As of September 30, 2022 and 2021, all foreign investments in the System Pools and UAB's separately held investments are denominated in U.S. dollars and are in international commingled funds, which in turn invest in equity securities and bonds of foreign issuers except for foreign stock and non-U.S. bond funds denominated in U.S. dollars and held by each of the two pools as disclosed in previous tables.

Securities Lending

The System permits security lending as a mechanism to augment income. Loans of the securities are required to be collateralized by cash, letters of credit or securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government or its agencies. The collateral must equal at least 102% of the current market value of the loaned securities. Securities lending contracts must state acceptable collateral for securities loaned, duties of the borrower, delivery of loaned securities and acceptable investment of the collateral. At September 30, 2022 and 2021, there were no securities on loan from the investment pools.

Joint Ventures

UAB accounts for its ownership of the PLTF as a joint venture, using the equity method in the amount of approximately \$40.8 million and \$69.9 million at September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. See Note 8 for further discussion of the PLTF.

(5) Receivables

Account receivable:

Accounts receivable consist of patient receivables, tuition charged to students and amounts due from federal, state and local governments, or private sources, in connection with reimbursement of allowable expenditures made pursuant to UAB's contracts and grants.

The composition of accounts receivable at September 30, 2022 and 2021 is summarized as follows:

	 2022	 2021
Patient care	\$ 536,007,761	\$ 579,841,693
Receivables from sponsoring agencies	114,513,548	93,499,257
Student accounts	49,607,347	47,080,570
Other	 129,216,472	 94,578,147
Total accounts receivable	\$ 829,345,128	\$ 814,999,667
Less: Allowances for doubtful accounts from patient care	176,530,020	199,997,424
Less: Allowances for doubtful accounts from student accounts	6,591,447	1,157,044
Less: Allowances for doubtful accounts, other	 3,165,610	 3,091,238
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, NET	\$ 643,058,051	\$ 610,753,961

Loans receivable:

Loans receivable represent all amounts owed on promissory notes from debtors, including student loans made under the Federal Perkins Loan Program and other loan programs. The principal repayment and interest rate terms of federal and university loans vary considerably. The allowance for doubtful accounts only applies to University-funded notes and the University portion of federal student loans, since the University is not obligated to fund the federal portion of uncollected student loans. Federal loan programs are funded principally with federal advances to UAB under the Perkins and various health professions loan programs.

The composition of loans receivable at September 30, 2022 and 2021 is summarized in the table as follows:

		2022	 2021
Federal loan program	\$	10,022,381	\$ 11,172,570
University loan funds		2,298,824	2,338,606
Other		45,153	 116,794
Total loans receivable	\$	12,366,358	\$ 13,627,970
Less allowance for doubtful accounts		3,664,733	 3,247,930
Total loans receivable, net	\$	8,701,625	\$ 10,380,040
Less: current portion		1,624,939	 1,824,938
TOTAL LOANS RECEIVABLE OUTSTANDING, NONCURRENT	<u>\$</u>	7,076,686	\$ 8,555,102

Pledges receivable:

Pledges receivable represent unconditional promises to give from third party donors. Pledges for permanent endowments do not meet eligibility requirements, as defined by GASB Statement No. 33, until the related gift is received. Due to uncertainties with regard to their realization and valuation, bequest intentions and other conditional promises are not recognized as assets until the specified conditions are met.

The composition of pledges receivable at September 30, 2022 and 2021 is summarized in the following table.

	 2022	 2021	
Operations	\$ 36,420,624	\$ 35,236,666	
Capital	16,478,105	7,478,690	
Total gift pledges	\$ 52,898,729	\$ 42,715,356	
Less: current portion	9,587,255	8,610,396	
TOTAL GIFT PLEDGES, NONCURRENT	\$ 43,311,474	\$ 34,104,960	

(6) Capital Assets

Capital assets as of September 30, 2022 and 2021 are summarized as follows:

	BEGINNING BALANCE			ADDITIONS		SALES/ ETIREMENTS/ TRANSFERS	ENDING BALANCE		
	с	october 1, 2021					9	September 30, 2022	
UNIVERSITY AND BLENDED COMPONENT UNITS		-							
Capital assets not being depreciated									
Land	\$	87,061,419	\$	_	\$	(505,611)	\$	86,555,808	
Construction in progress		28,844,822		62,812,125		(9,338,905)		82,318,042	
		115,906,241		62,812,125		(9,844,516)		168,873,850	
Capital assets being depreciated									
Land Improvements		62,660,947		560,531		_		63,221,478	
Buildings		1,841,750,043		40,841,664		(28,152,322)		1,854,439,385	
Fixed Equipment Systems		89,926,623		827,980		_		90,754,603	
Equipment		414,215,557		28,121,591		(8,066,975)		434,270,173	
Library Materials		142,395,957		10,770,391		-		153,166,348	
Right Of Use Assets		61,778,267		12,465,088		(90,144)		74,153,211	
		2,612,727,394		93,587,245		(36,309,441)		2,670,005,198	
Total Capital Assets		2,728,633,635		156,399,370		(46,153,957)		2,838,879,048	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		1,501,950,370		92,335,071		(15,869,713)		1,578,415,728	
Total Net Capital Assets	\$	1,226,683,265	\$	64,064,299	\$	(30,284,244)	\$	1,260,463,320	
UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL									
Capital assets not being depreciated									
Land	\$	20,813,545	\$	_	\$	_	\$	20,813,545	
	Ψ	17,834,349	Ψ	21,192,596	Ψ	(4,661,044)	Ψ	34,365,901	
Construction in progress		38,647,894		21,192,596		(4,661,044)		55,179,446	
		30,047,034		21,192,590		(4,001,044)		55,175,440	
Capital assets being depreciated									
Land Improvements		705,439		1,487,257		-		2,192,696	
Buildings		993,041,519		14,065,474		-		1,007,106,993	
Fixed Equipment Systems		10,217,842		_		_		10,217,842	
Equipment		629,036,807		37,427,798		(17,905,118)		648,559,487	
Right Of Use Assets		65,827,477		6,743,390				72,570,867	
		1,698,829,084		59,723,919		(17,905,118)		1,740,647,885	
Total Capital Assets		1,737,476,978		80,916,515		(22,566,162)		1,795,827,331	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		1,067,617,219		87,695,333		(17,666,237)		1,137,646,315	
Total Net Capital Assets	\$	669,859,759	\$	(6,778,818)	\$	(4,899,925)	\$	658,181,016	
TOTAL UAB									
Capital assets not being depreciated									
Land	\$	107,874,964	\$		\$	(505,611)	\$	107,369,353	
Construction in progress		46,679,171		84,004,721		(13,999,949)		116,683,943	
A M M M M M M M M M M		154,554,135		84,004,721		(14,505,560)		224,053,296	
Capital assets being depreciated				0.047.700				<u> </u>	
Land Improvements		63,366,386		2,047,788		-		65,414,174	
Buildings		2,834,791,562		54,907,138		(28,152,322)		2,861,546,378	
Fixed Equipment Systems		100,144,465		827,980				100,972,445	
Equipment		1,043,252,364		65,549,389		(25,972,093)		1,082,829,660	
Library Materials		142,395,957		10,770,391		_		153,166,348	
Right Of Use Assets		127,605,744		19,208,478		(90,144)		146,724,078	
		4,311,556,478		153,311,164		(54,214,559)		4,410,653,083	
Total Capital Assets		4,466,110,613		237,315,885		(68,720,119)		4,634,706,379	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	_	2,569,567,589	_	180,030,404	*	(33,535,950)	_	2,716,062,043	
TOTAL NET CAPITAL ASSETS	\$	1,896,543,024	\$	57,285,481	\$	(35,184,169)	\$	1,918,644,336	

		BEGINNING BALANCE		ADDITIONS		SALES/ ETIREMENTS/ IRANSFERS	EN	DING BALANCE
	o	ctober 1, 2020					9	September 30, 2021
UNIVERSITY AND BLENDED COMPONENT UNITS		,						
Capital assets not being depreciated								
Land	\$	87,075,169	\$	_	\$	(13,750)	\$	87,061,419
Construction in progress		30,327,101		21,054,258		(22,536,537)		28,844,822
		117,402,270		21,054,258		(22,550,287)		115,906,241
Capital assets being depreciated								
Land Improvements		61,582,590		1,078,357		_		62,660,947
Buildings		1,802,926,979		49,165,597		(10,342,533)		1,841,750,043
Fixed Equipment Systems		89,398,978		527,645		_		89,926,623
Equipment		393,974,360		26,710,865		(6,469,668)		414,215,557
Library Materials		133,503,852		8,892,105		_		142,395,957
Right Of Use Assets		28,952,879		32,825,388				61,778,267
		2,510,339,638		119,199,957		(16,812,201)		2,612,727,394
Total Capital Assets		2,627,741,908		140,254,215		(39,362,488)		2,728,633,635
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		1,425,716,711		90,274,715		(14,041,056)		1,501,950,370
Total Net Capital Assets	\$	1,202,025,197	\$	49,979,500	\$	(25,321,432)	\$	1,226,683,265
UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL								
Capital assets not being depreciated								
Land	\$	20,813,545	\$	_	\$	_	\$	20,813,545
Construction in progress	+	14,170,963	+	11,883,702	+	(8,220,316)	+	17,834,349
		34,984,508		11,883,702		(8,220,316)		38,647,894
Consisted and the basis of a sum of stand		54,504,500		11,000,702		(0,220,510)		56,647,654
Capital assets being depreciated				10 5 0 5				707 400
Land Improvements		656,874		48,565		-		705,439
Buildings		982,792,320		14,314,104		(4,064,905)		993,041,519
Fixed Equipment Systems		10,217,842		-				10,217,842
Equipment		576,012,153		65,143,192		(12,118,538)		629,036,807
Right Of Use Assets		56,057,742		9,769,735				65,827,477
		1,625,736,931		89,275,596		(16,183,443)		1,698,829,084
Total Capital Assets		1,660,721,439		101,159,298		(24,403,759)		1,737,476,978
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		993,505,604		85,483,135		(11,371,520)		1,067,617,219
Total Net Capital Assets	\$	667,215,835	\$	15,676,163	\$	(13,032,239)	\$	669,859,759
TOTAL UAB								
Capital assets not being depreciated								
Land	\$	107,888,714	\$	_	\$	(13,750)	\$	107,874,964
Construction in progress		44,498,064		32,937,960		(30,756,853)		46,679,171
		152,386,778		32,937,960		(30,770,603)		154,554,135
Capital assets being depreciated								
Land Improvements		62,239,464		1,126,922		_		63,366,386
Buildings		2,785,719,299		63,479,701		(14,407,438)		2,834,791,562
Fixed Equipment Systems		99,616,820		527,645		-		100,144,465
Equipment		969,986,513		91,854,057		(18,588,206)		1,043,252,364
Library Materials		133,503,852		8,892,105		_		142,395,957
Right Of Use Assets		85,010,621		42,595,123				127,605,744
		4,136,076,569		208,475,553		(32,995,644)		4,311,556,478
Total Capital Assets		4,288,463,347		241,413,513		(63,766,247)		4,466,110,613
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	<u> </u>	2,419,222,315	<u> </u>	175,757,850		(25,412,576)		2,569,567,589
TOTAL NET CAPITAL ASSETS	\$	1,869,241,032	\$	65,655,663	\$	(38,353,671)	\$	1,896,543,024

A summary of right of use asset by major classes as of September 30, 2022 and 2021, is as follows:

	July 14, 1905			July 13, 1905
Land	\$	593,302	\$	714,883
Building		94,814,426		96,281,792
Equipment		10,676,869		11,383,723
Vehicle		9,508		1,111
		106,094,105		108,381,509

(7) Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt activity for the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 is summarized as follows:

		BEGINNING BALANCE	NEW DEBT	I	PRINCIPAL REPAYMENT		ENDING BALANCE	CURRENT PORTION	
	00	ctober 1, 2021				S	eptember 30, 2022		
UNIVERSITY									
Direct Borrowings and Direct Placement Other									
Leases Payable, 0.38% to 5.39% due monthly through 2045	\$	52,916,757	\$ 12,763,869	\$	10,213,401	\$	55,467,225	\$	8,441,040
Note Payable, 2.7% due annually from 2023 through 2044	\$	_	\$ 80,250,000	\$	_	\$	80,250,000	\$	1,495,000
General Receipts Bonds									
Birmingham General Revenue Bonds Series 2010A, 2.0% to 5.0% due annually through 2025		8,185,000	_		8,185,000		_		_
Birmingham General Revenue Bonds Series 2010C, 2.0% to 5.0% due annually through 2025		5,505,000	_		5,505,000		_		_
Birmingham General Revenue Bonds Series 2013A-2, 2.25% to 5.0% due annually from 2022 through 2044		72,595,000	_		61,700,000		10,895,000		3,480,000
Birmingham General Revenue Bonds Series 2013B, 1.99% due annually through 2030		24,040,000	_		3,270,000		20,770,000		3,325,000
Birmingham General Revenue Bonds Series 2013D-1, 1.97% due annually through 2024		7,130,000	_		2,330,000		4,800,000		2,375,000
Birmingham General Revenue Bonds Series 2013D-2, 4.0% to 5.0% due annually from 2025 through 2044		78,325,000	_		75,855,000		2,470,000		_
Birmingham General Revenue Bonds Series 2015A, 2.0% to 5.0% due annually through 2028		18,890,000	_		3,005,000		15,885,000		3,160,000
Birmingham General Revenue Bonds Series 2016A, 1.94% due annually from 2021 through 2027		21,195,000	_		3,365,000		17,830,000		3,430,000
Birmingham General Revenue Bonds Series 2016B, 4.0% to 5.0% due annually from 2028 through 2044		95,585,000	_		_		95,585,000		_
Birmingham General Revenue Bonds Series 2019A, 4.0% to 5.0% due annually from 2022 through 2030		24,775,000	_		1,135,000		23,640,000		1,330,000
Birmingham General Revenue Bonds Series 2019B, 3.0% to 5.0% due annually from 2031 through 2049		145,940,000	_		_		145,940,000		_
Birmingham General Revenue Bonds Series 2019C, 3.0% to 5.0% due annually from 2021 through 2041		38,495,000	_		1,410,000		37,085,000		1,500,000
Birmingham General Revenue Bonds Series 2019D, 2.15% to 4.0% due annually from 2021 through 2041		35,530,000	_		205,000		35,325,000		210,000
Birmingham General Revenue Bonds Series 2022A, 3.0% to 5.0% due annually from 2023 through 2052		_	162,700,000		_		162,700,000		1,480,000
Birmingham General Revenue Bonds Series 2022B, 5.0% due annually from 2023 through 2025		_	9,585,000		_	9,585,000			3,560,000
Birmingham General Revenue Bonds Series 2022C, 2.15% due annually 2023 through 2044			 58,960,000				58,960,000		
	\$	629,106,757	\$ 324,258,869	\$	176,178,401	\$	777,187,225	\$	33,786,040
Less (Plus): unamortized bond discount (premium)							(31,816,458)		_
TOTAL UNIVERSITY DEBT						\$	809,003,683	\$	33,786,040

	Balance		Principal	Balance	Current
	October 1, 2021	New Debt	Repayment	September 30, 2022	Portion
UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL					
Direct Borrowings and Direct Placement Other					
Lease Payable, 2.25% to 4.0% due monthly through 2046	\$ 59,498,764	\$ 6,743,390	\$ 10,595,305	\$ 55,646,849	\$ 11,143,684
Note payable UAB Medical Enterprise, 3.0% to 5.0% due annually through 2048	91,995,143	_	1,464,525	\$ 90,530,618	1,461,564
General Receipts Bonds					
Birmingham Hospital Revenue Bonds Series 2012A, 2.57% due annually through 2027	9,226,000	_	1,437,000	\$ 7,789,000	1,476,000
UAB Medicine Financing Authority Revenue Bonds Series 2016A, 1.2% due annually through 2022	11,340,000	-	11,340,000	\$ —	-
UAB Medicine Financing Authority Revenue Bonds Series 2016B, 3.125% to 5.0% due annually from 2023 through 2041	302,530,000	_	-	\$ 302,530,000	8,800,000
UAB Medicine Financing Authority Revenue Bonds Series 2017A, 2.13% due annually from 2025 through 2027	18,385,000	_	-	\$ 18,385,000	_
UAB Medicine Financing Authority Revenue Bonds Series 2017B, 3.0% to 5.0% due annually from 2028 through 2042	44,810,000			\$ 44,810,000	
	\$ 537,784,907	\$ 6,743,390	\$ 24,836,830	\$ 519,691,467	\$ 22,881,248
Less (Plus): unamortized bond discount (premium)				(20,425,713)	
TOTAL UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL DEBT				\$ 540,117,180	\$ 22,881,248
TOTAL UAB	\$1,166,891,664	\$ 331,002,259	\$ 201,015,231	\$1,296,878,692	\$ 56,667,288
Less (Plus): unamortized bond discount (premium)				(52,242,171)	
TOTAL UAB DEBT				\$1,349,120,863	\$ 56,667,288

	BEGINNING BALANCE			NEW DEBT	I	PRINCIPAL REPAYMENT		ENDING BALANCE	CURRENT PORTION
	00	tober 1, 2020					S	eptember 30, 2021	
UNIVERSITY									
Direct Borrowings and Direct Placement Other									
Leases Payable, 0.38% to 5.39% due monthly through 2045	\$	29,247,212	\$	32,925,644	\$	9,256,099	\$	52,916,757	\$ 9,074,464
General Receipts Bonds									
Birmingham General Revenue Bonds Series 2005A, 3.0% to 5.0% due annually through 2021		3,390,000		_		3,390,000		_	_
Birmingham General Revenue Bonds Series 2010A, 2.0% to 5.0% due annually through 2025		10,080,000		_		1,895,000		8,185,000	1,950,000
Birmingham General Revenue Bonds Series 2010C, 2.0% to 5.0% due annually through 2025		7,150,000		_		1,645,000		5,505,000	1,700,000
Birmingham General Revenue Bonds Series 2013A-1, 1.1.% due annually through 2021		3,280,000		_		3,280,000		_	_
Birmingham General Revenue Bonds Series 2013A-2, 2.25% to 5.0% due annually from 2022 through 2044		72,595,000		_		_		72,595,000	3,320,000
Birmingham General Revenue Bonds Series 2013B, 1.99% due annually through 2030		27,245,000		_		3,205,000		24,040,000	3,270,000
Birmingham General Revenue Bonds Series 2013D-1, 1.97% due annually through 2024		9,415,000		_		2,285,000		7,130,000	2,330,000
Birmingham General Revenue Bonds Series 2013D-2, 4.0% to 5.0% due annually from 2025 through 2044		78,325,000		_		_		78,325,000	_
Birmingham General Revenue Bonds Series 2015A, 2.0% to 5.0% due annually through 2028		21,755,000		_		2,865,000		18,890,000	3,005,000
Birmingham General Revenue Bonds Series 2016A, 1.94% due annually from 2021 through 2027		24,495,000		_		3,300,000		21,195,000	3,365,000
Birmingham General Revenue Bonds Series 2016B, 4.0% to 5.0% due annually from 2028 through 2044		95,585,000		_		_		95,585,000	_
Birmingham General Revenue Bonds Series 2019A, 4.0% to 5.0% due annually from 2022 through 2030		24,775,000		_		_		24,775,000	1,135,000
Birmingham General Revenue Bonds Series 2019B, 3.0% to 5.0% due annually from 2031 through 2049		145,940,000		_		_		145,940,000	_
Birmingham General Revenue Bonds Series 2019C, 3.0% to 5.0% due annually from 2021 through 2041			1,325,000		38,495,000	1,410,000			
Birmingham General Revenue Bonds Series 2019D, 2.15% to 4.0% due annually from 2021 through 2041	\$	35,725,000	19		195,000		35,530,000	205,000	
	\$	628,822,212	\$ 32,925,644		\$ 32,641,099		\$	629,106,757	\$ 30,764,464
Less (Plus): unamortized bond discount (premium)								(23,014,875)	 _
TOTAL UNIVERSITY DEBT							\$	652,121,632	\$ 30,764,464

	Balance				Principal		Balance	Current
	0	ctober 1, 2020		New Debt	 Repayment	Sep	otember 30, 2021	 Portion
UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL								
Direct Borrowings and Direct Placement Other								
Lease Payable, 2.25% to 4.0% due monthly through 2046	\$	59,031,376	\$	9,769,735	\$ 9,302,347		59,498,764	\$ 9,579,424
Note payable UAB Medicine Enterprise, 3.0% to 5.0% due annually through 2048		75,754,420		17,654,000	1,413,277		91,995,143	1,464,525
General Receipts Bonds								
Birmingham Hospital Revenue Bonds Series 2012A, 2.57% due annually through 2027		10,626,000		_	1,400,000		9,226,000	1,437,000
UAB Medicine Financing Authority Revenue Bonds Series 2016A, 1.2% due annually through 2022		22,545,000		_	11,205,000		11,340,000	11,340,000
UAB Medicine Financing Authority Revenue Bonds Series 2016B, 3.125% to 5.0% due annually from 2023 through 2041		302,530,000		_	_		302,530,000	_
UAB Medicine Financing Authority Revenue Bonds Series 2017A, 2.13% due annually from 2025 through 2027		18,385,000		_	_		18,385,000	_
UAB Medicine Financing Authority Revenue Bonds Series 2017B, 3.0% to 5.0% due annually from 2028 through 2042		44,810,000		_	_		44,810,000	_
	\$	533,681,796	\$	27,423,735	\$ 23,320,624	\$	537,784,907	\$ 23,820,949
Less (Plus): unamortized bond discount (premium)							(21,861,997)	_
TOTAL UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL DEBT						\$	559,646,904	\$ 23,820,949
TOTAL UAB	\$	1,162,504,008	\$	60,349,379	\$ 55,961,723	\$	1,166,891,664	\$ 54,585,413
Less (Plus): unamortized bond discount (premium)							(44,876,872)	
TOTAL UAB DEBT						\$	1,211,768,536	\$ 54,585,413

Maturities and interest on Direct Borrowings and Direct Placement Other and General Receipts Bonds for the next five years and in subsequent five-year incremental periods are presented in the table below:

			U	NIVERSITY		 UNI	VEF	RSITY HOSPI	TAL	_	TOTAL					
Year	Pr	incipal		Interest	Total	Principal		Interest	Total			Principal		Interest		Total
2023	\$	9,872,179	\$	3,907,419	\$ 13,779,598	\$ 12,605,252	\$	4,326,877	\$	16,932,129	\$	22,477,431	\$	8,234,296	\$	30,711,727
2024		6,955,386		3,114,743	10,070,129	11,469,199		3,990,599		15,459,798		18,424,585		7,105,342		25,529,927
2025		5,785,585		2,804,573	8,590,158	10,791,996		3,669,558		14,461,554		16,577,581		6,474,131		23,051,712
2026		8,101,432		2,599,507	10,700,939	10,267,880		3,376,525		13,644,405		18,369,312		5,976,032		24,345,344
2027		7,229,276		2,382,474	9,611,750	9,937,726		3,098,213		13,035,939		17,167,002		5,480,687		22,647,689
2028-2032	:	25,156,990		9,985,808	35,142,798	24,592,903		12,760,643		37,353,546		49,749,893		22,746,451		72,496,344
2033-2037	2	6,480,690		7,060,153	33,540,843	17,301,210		10,254,367		27,555,577		43,781,900		17,314,520		61,096,420
2038-2042	:	30,533,591		3,749,571	34,283,162	19,956,418		7,230,200		27,186,618		50,490,009		10,979,771		61,469,780
2043-2047	1	5,602,096		480,098	16,082,194	23,707,940		3,466,334		27,174,274		39,310,036		3,946,432		43,256,468
2048-2052		_		_	 _	 5,546,943		172,550		5,719,493		5,546,943		172,550		5,719,493
TOTAL	\$ 13	35,717,225	\$	36,084,346	\$ 171,801,571	\$ 146,177,467	\$	52,345,866	\$	198,523,333	\$	281,894,692	\$	88,430,212	\$	370,324,904

Direct Borrowings and Direct Placement Other

General Receipts Bonds

		UNIVERSITY		UNI	VERSITY HOSPI	ITAL			
Year	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 23,850,000	\$ 22,338,154	\$ 46,188,154	\$ 10,276,000	\$ 15,623,290	\$ 25,899,290	\$ 34,126,000	\$ 37,961,444	\$ 72,087,444
2024	25,210,000	21,599,998	46,809,998	10,711,000	15,145,280	25,856,280	35,921,000	36,745,278	72,666,278
2025	26,500,000	20,674,384	47,174,384	11,347,000	14,636,516	25,983,516	37,847,000	35,310,900	73,157,900
2026	24,125,000	19,800,525	43,925,525	13,739,000	14,250,402	27,989,402	37,864,000	34,050,927	71,914,927
2027	24,655,000	19,015,382	43,670,382	14,781,000	13,801,196	28,582,196	39,436,000	32,816,578	72,252,578
2028-2032	114,420,000	82,079,648	196,499,648	83,495,000	59,274,325	142,769,325	197,915,000	141,353,973	339,268,973
2033-2037	116,120,000	58,961,244	175,081,244	108,310,000	39,260,263	147,570,263	224,430,000	98,221,507	322,651,507
2038-2042	122,085,000	37,340,413	159,425,413	120,855,000	14,193,138	135,048,138	242,940,000	51,533,551	294,473,551
2043-2047	100,560,000	17,795,393	118,355,393	_	_	_	100,560,000	17,795,393	118,355,393
2048-2052	63,945,000	3,830,250	67,775,250				63,945,000	3,830,250	67,775,250
TOTAL	\$ 641,470,000	\$ 303,435,391	\$ 944,905,391	\$ 373,514,000	\$ 186,184,410	\$ 559,698,410	\$ 1,014,984,000	\$ 489,619,801	\$ 1,504,603,801

Pledged revenues for 2022 and 2021, as defined by the Series 2012A Hospital Revenue Trust Indenture, are as follows:

UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL BONDS	 2022	 2021		
Total pledged revenues	\$ 2,670,517,272	\$ 2,490,817,657		

Pledged revenues for 2022 and 2021, as defined by the Series 2005A, 2010A, 2010B, 2010C, 2013A, 2013B, 2013C, 2013D, 2015A, 2016A, 2016B, 2019A, 2019B, 2022A and 2022B, General Revenue Trust Indentures, are as follows:

UNIVERSITY BONDS	 2022	 2021
Tuition fees	\$ 337,336,681	\$ 336,412,781
Indirect cost recovery	130,043,971	112,448,434
Sales and service of educational activities	66,563,264	67,666,602
Auxiliary sales and service	57,796,141	36,611,584
Endowment and investment income	45,279,211	33,944,327
Other sources	 20,772,484	 35,235,066
TOTAL PLEDGED REVENUES	\$ 657,791,752	\$ 622,318,794

The University defeased certain indebtedness during fiscal year 2022 with the 2022 Series B, C and D bond issuance. For this defeasance, funds were deposited in escrow trust accounts sufficient to provide for the subsequent payment of principal and interest on the defeased indebtedness. Under the trust agreements, funds deposited in the trust accounts were invested in obligations of the U.S. Government. The University estimates that the amounts on deposit will be sufficient to satisfy the debt service requirements on the defeased indebtedness and that the defeasance will result in lower overall debt service payments to the University. Should the amounts on deposit not be sufficient to retire the defeased indebtedness upon maturity, the University would be responsible to satisfy the shortfall. The University remains legally obligated for the repayment of the defeased indebtedness. Neither the assets of the trust accounts nor

the defeased indebtedness are included in the accompanying statements of net position. The principal outstanding on the 2022 defeased indebtedness at September 30, 2022 was approximately \$148.8 million.

In February 2022, the University issued \$80.3 million in Series 2022D General Revenue Bonds. The Bond is being issued to evidence a taxable loan made to the Board by Regions Commercial Equipment Finance, LLC, as lender and the holder of the bond. The bond pay interest rate of 2.70%, with principal due annually through October 1, 2043. As part of the Series 2022D bond agreement, the University has the option to redeem the Series 20 22D bonds in whole during a period beginning July 3. 2023 and ending on October 1, 2023. The redemption of the Series 2022D bonds would be accomplished through an exchange of the Series 2022D bonds for a forward delivery bond with an initial principal amount equal to the principal amount of the Series 2022D bonds being redeemed plus payment of any accrued interest on those same bonds. The proceeds of this offering is being used for the purposes of advance refunding Series 2013D2 General Revenue Bonds; and paying costs and expenses associated with this issue.

In March 2022, the University issued \$162.7 million and \$9.6 million in Series 2022A and Series 2022B General Revenue Bonds, respectively. The Series 2022A bonds consisted of \$101.2 million in serial bonds and \$61.5 million in term bonds. The bonds pay interest at varying rates of 3.0% to 5.0%, respectively. The Serial bonds have principal due annually through October 1, 2043. The term bonds principal due October 1, 2047 and October 1, 2051. The proceeds of these offering are being used to finance the cost of certain capital improvements to the facilities of UAB, for the purposes of advance refunding Series 2010A and 2010C General Revenue Bonds; and paying costs and expenses associated with this issue. These bonds were issued at a premium of \$11.7 million and \$0.5 million resulting in total proceeds of \$174.4 million and \$10.2 million respectively.

In July 2022, the University issued \$58.9 million in Series 2022C General Revenue Bonds. The bonds pay taxable interest rate of 2.76% or tax-exempt interest rate of 2.15%, with principal due annually through October 1, 2043. The proceeds of these offering are being used for the purposes of advance refunding Series 2013A2 General Revenue Bonds; and paying costs and expenses associated with this issue. The bonds were issued at a par resulting in total proceeds of \$58.9 million.

The undiscounted cash flows required to service principal and interest under the old bonds as of September 30, 2022, would have been \$213.4 million compared to undiscounted cash flow requirements of \$184.3 million under the new bonds. The economic gain to the University of the bond refinancing in fiscal year 2022 was calculated to be approximately \$21.6 million using an effective interest rate of approximately 2.2% applied to the old and new bond cash flow requirements.

The University defeased certain indebtedness during fiscal year 2020 with the 2019 Series C and D bond issuance. For this defeasance, funds were deposited in escrow trust accounts sufficient to provide for the subsequent payment of principal and interest on the defeased indebtedness. Under the trust agreements, funds deposited in the trust accounts were invested in obligations of the U.S. Government. The University estimates that the amounts on deposit will be sufficient to satisfy the debt service requirements on the defeased indebtedness and that the defeasance will result in lower overall debt service payments to the University. Should the amounts on deposit not be sufficient to retire the defeased indebtedness upon maturity, the University would be responsible to satisfy the shortfall. The University remains legally obligated for the repayment of the defeased indebtedness. Neither the assets of the trust accounts nor the defeased indebtedness are included in the accompanying statements of net position. There was no principal outstanding on the 2019 defeased indebtedness at September 30, 2021.

In November 2019, the University issued \$39.8 million and \$35.7 million in Series 2019C and Series 2019D General Revenue Bonds, respectively. The bonds pay interest at varying rates of 3.0% to 5.0% and 2.15% to 4.0%, respectively, with principal due annually through October 1, 2041. The proceeds of these offering are being used for the purposes of advance refunding Series 2010A, 2010B, and 2010C General Revenue Bonds; and paying costs and expenses associated with this issue. These bonds were issued at a premium of \$5.8 million resulting in total proceeds of \$81.4 million.

In June 2019, the University issued \$24.8 million in Series 2019A General Revenue Bonds. The bonds pay interest at a rate of 4.00% with principal due annually through October 1, 2029. In June 2019, the University issued \$145.9 million in Series 2019B General Revenue Bonds, \$75.1 million of which was in the form of Serial Bonds and \$71.9 million of which was in the form of Term Bonds. The bonds pay interest at varying rates of 3.0% to 5.0% with principal due annually through October 1, 2048, respectively. The proceeds of both the Series 2019A and 2019B bonds will be used for the purposes of financing a portion of the cost of certain capital improvements to the UAB campus, as well as paying costs and expenses associated with this issue. These bonds were issued at a premium of \$16.4 million resulting in total cash received of \$187.1 million.

In June 2019, the UAB Medicine Finance Authority issued \$8.1 million in Series 2019A Revenue Bonds and \$103.3 million in Series 2019B Revenue Bonds, the proceeds of which were loaned to UAB Medicine Enterprise pursuant to Series 2019A and Series 2019B loan agreements. Concurrently, University Hospital entered into a loan agreement with UAB Medicine Enterprise for \$77 million of the 2019A and 2019B bond proceeds for the purpose of financing capital improvement projects. In January 2021, University Hospital borrowed an additional \$17.7 million of the 2019A and 2019B bond proceeds from UAB Medicine Enterprise. Of the total amount borrowed, \$42.5 million was distributed to University Hospital as of September 30, 2020 and September 30, 2021. As University Hospital is legally obligated to repay \$94.7 million on its statement of net position as long-term debt and \$52.2 million as Due from affiliate on the statement of net position. University Hospital pays interest to UAB Medicine Enterprise on the entire amount, regardless of the amount outstanding. There are no financial covenants related to the loan between University Hospital and UAB Medicine Enterprise.

The UAB general revenue bonds and the Hospital Revenue Trust Indentures are subject to certain covenants with the most restrictive being those on the Hospital's 2012A series issuance. These covenants, among other things, require the University Hospital to ensure pledged revenues are sufficient for debt service coverage by a ratio of 1.1 times. UAB and the University Hospital are in compliance with all financial covenants as of September 30, 2022.

The UAB Medicine Financing Authority's Revenue Trust Indentures are also subject to certain covenants. These covenants require the obligated group to ensure pledged revenues are sufficient for debt service coverage by a ratio of 1.1 times. The obligated group is in compliance with all financial covenants as of September 30, 2022

UAB has leases for land, buildings, vehicles, and equipment under agreements that extend through 2046. Some leases include one or more options to renew. Leases may also include options to terminate the leases. UAB measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. If the interest rate implicit in the lease cannot be readily determined, UAB uses an incremental borrowing rate to discount the lease payments, which is an estimate of the interest rate that would be charged for borrowing the lease payment amounts during the lease term.



UAB manages risks related to medical malpractice, general liability, and employee health care through a combination of self-insurance, risk pooling arrangements, and commercial insurance coverage.

UAB's medical malpractice liability is managed by PLTF, a professional liability trust fund. PLTF functions as a risksharing vehicle for UAB and more than ten nongovernmental organizations. PLTF covers liabilities of the covered parties, including UAB, arising from reported claims, claims that are incurred but not reported, and future costs of handling these claims. The liabilities are generally based on present value actuarial valuations discounted at a rate of 2% in 2022 and 2021. The associated risks of claims are subject to aggregate limits, with excess liability coverage provided by independent insurers to protect participants against losses should a claim arise that exceeds PLTF coverage limits. Although UAB is the sponsor of PLTF, it is not the predominant participant in the fund.

The PLTF's policy committee establishes the premium rate of participants based on recommendations from consulting actuaries and considering the assumption of risk from the PLTF's date of inception. Premiums paid to the PLTF are provided by UAB, HSF, and other participants. In addition, certain legal and administrative services are provided to the PLTF by the University of Alabama System.

The PLTF agreement requires a flat \$15 million of all PLTF assets to be held in liquid assets. At September 30, 2022 and 2021, the liquid assets of the PLTF, as defined by the agreement, were in compliance with the agreement.

As discussed in Note 4, UAB accounts for its ownership of the PLTF under the equity method of accounting and it is not included in the table below.

General liability is subject to various claims and aggregate limits, with excess liability coverage provided by an independent insurer. General liability and employee health care claims and expenses are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Those losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported and the future costs of handling claims. The liabilities are based on actuarial valuations and are reported at present value. The discount rate used for the general liability was 2% in both 2022 and 2021. Changes in the total self-insured liabilities for the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 are presented as follows for UAB:

SELF INSURED LIABILITIES	 2022	 2021
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 3,548,183	\$ 7,765,760
Claims incurred and changes in estimates	\$ 96,302,841	\$ 78,523,589
Claim payments	\$ (92,907,360)	\$ (82,741,166)
BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 6,943,664	\$ 3,548,183



Eligible employees of the University and University Hospital participate in the mandatory Teachers' Retirement System of Alabama ("TRS"), a cost sharing, multiple-employer public retirement system designated as a defined benefit plan. In addition, eligible employees may elect to participate in a voluntary 403(b) defined contribution retirement plan. Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association ("TIAA") serves as the single recordkeeper and sole vendor for the plan.

Defined Benefit Plan - TRS

Plan Description. The TRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement plan, was established as of September 15, 1939, pursuant to the Code of Alabama 1975, Title 16, Chapter 25 (Act 419 of the Legislature of 1939) for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other specified benefits for qualified persons employed by State-supported educational institutions. The responsibility for the general administration and operation of the TRS is vested in its Board of Control which consists of 15 trustees. The plan is administered by the Retirement Systems of Alabama ("RSA"). The Code of Alabama 1975, Title 16, Chapter 25 grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the TRS Board of Control. The Plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.rsa-al.gov.

Benefits provided. State law establishes retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits and any ad hoc increase in postretirement benefits for the TRS. Members of TRS are classified as either Tier 1 or Tier 2 plan members, contingent upon if their eligible service began prior to January 1, 2013.

Tier 1 members who retire after age 60 with 10 years or more of creditable service or with 25 years of service (regardless of age) are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life unless there is a return to fulltime employment with a TRS or Employees' Retirement System ("ERS") agency, or to temporary employment in excess of specified limits. Service and disability retirement benefits are based on a guaranteed minimum or a formula method, with the member receiving payment under the method that yields the highest monthly benefit. Under the formula method, Tier 1 members of the TRS are allowed 2.0125% of their average final compensation (highest 3 of the last 10 years) for each year of service.

Act 377 of the Legislature of 2012 established a new tier of benefits (Tier 2) for members hired on or after January 1, 2013. Tier 2 TRS members are eligible for retirement after age 62 with 10 years or more of creditable service and are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life unless there is a return to full-time employment with a TRS or ERS agency, or to temporary employment in excess of specified limits. Service and disability retirement benefits are based on a guaranteed minimum or a formula method, with the member receiving payment under the method that yields the highest monthly benefit. Under the formula method, Tier 2 members of the TRS are allowed 1.65% of their average final compensation (highest 5 of the last 10 years) for each year of service up to 80% of their average final compensation. Members are eligible for disability retirement if they have 10 years of creditable service, are currently inservice, and determined by the RSA Medical Board to be permanently incapacitated from further performance of duty. Preretirement death benefits equal to the annual earnable compensation of the member as reported to the Plan for the preceding year ending June 30 are paid to a qualified beneficiary.

Contributions. Covered Tier 1 members of the TRS contributed 5% of earnable compensation to the TRS as required by statute until September 30, 2011. From October 1, 2011 to September 30, 2012, covered members of the TRS were required by statute to contribute 7.25% of earnable compensation. Effective October 1, 2012, covered members of the TRS are required by statute to contribute 7.50% of earnable compensation. Effective October 1, 2021, the covered Tier 2 members' contribution rate increased from 6% to 6.2% of earnable compensation to the TRS as required by statute. All regular employees of the University are members of the TRS with the exception of temporary employees. Contributions for covered employees are mandatory for both employee and employer.

Tier 2 covered members of the TRS contribute 6% of earnable compensation to the TRS as required by statute. Tier 2 certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters of the TRS are required by statute to contribute 7% of earnable compensation.

UAB's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended September 30, 2022 was 12.43% of annual pay for Tier 1 members and 11.32% of annual pay for Tier 2 members. UAB's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended September 30, 2021 was 12.36% of annual pay for Tier 1 members and 11.22% of annual pay for Tier 2 members.

These required contribution rates are a percent of annual payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with member contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by members during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The total contribution requirement for fiscal years 2022, 2021 and 2020 is as follows:

	 2022	 2021	 2020
Employer Contributions	\$ 101,166,000	\$ 96,839,000	\$ 98,485,000
Employee Contributions	59,625,000	 57,052,000	 57,688,000
TOTAL CONTRIBUTIONS	\$ 160,791,000	\$ 153,891,000	\$ 156,173,000

Pensionable salaries and wages for covered employees participating in TRS were approximately \$1.02 billion during fiscal year 2022 and \$947.5 million during fiscal year 2021.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At September 30, 2022 and September 30, 2021, the financial statements of UAB reflected a liability of \$1.05 billion and \$1.41 billion, respectively, for its proportionate share of the collective net pension liability, as prescribed by GASB Standard No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - An Amendment of GASB No.* 27. The collective net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2021 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2020. UAB's proportion of the collective net pension liability was based on the employers' shares of contributions to the pension plan relative to the total employer contributions of all participating TRS employers. At September 30, 2021, UAB's proportion was 11.13%, which was a decrease of 0.29% from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2020. At September 30, 2020, UAB's proportion was 11.43%, which was a increase of 0.16% from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2020. At September 30, 2020, UAB's proportion was 11.43%, which was a increase of 0.16% from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2020. At September 30, 2019.

For the years ended September 30, 2022 and September 30, 2021, UAB recognized pension expense of \$64.4 million and \$132.5 million, respectively. At September 30, 2022 and 2021, UAB reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

2022	Outfle	Deferred ows of Resources	Inflo	Deferred ows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	48,566,000	\$	61,114,000
Changes of assumptions		110,107,000		_
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		_		247,602,000
Changes in proportion and differences between Employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		10,425,000		47,545,000
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		101,166,000		_
TOTAL	\$	270,264,000	\$	356,261,000

2021	Outflo	Deferred ows of Resources	Inflo	Deferred ows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	69,947,000	\$	24,511,000
Changes of assumptions		14,700,000		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		104,961,000		_
Changes in proportion and differences between Employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		13,898,000		34,807,000
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		96,839,000		
TOTAL	\$	300,345,000	\$	59,318,000

\$101.2 million reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from UAB contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending September 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years ending September 30:

2023	\$ (32,733,000)
2024	(29,273,000)
2025	(47,626,000)
2026	(77,531,000)
2027	_
Thereafter	_

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability as of September 30, 2021 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2020 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50%				
Projected salary increases	3.25% - 5.00%				
Investment rate of return*	7.45%				
*Net of pension plan investment expense					

The actuarial assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2020, were based on the results of an investigation of the economic and demographic experience for the TRS based upon participant data as of September 30, 2020. The Board of Control accepted and approved these changes in September 2021 which became effective the beginning of fiscal year 2021.

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 teacher tables with the following adjustments, projected generationally using scale MP-2020 adjusted by 66-2/3% beginning with year 2019:

Group	Membership Table	Set Forward (+) / Set Back (1)	Adjustment to Rates
Service Retirees	Teacher Retiree - Below Median	Male: +2 Female: +2	Male: 108% ages < 63, 96% ages > 67, Phasing down 63-67 Female: 112% ages < 69, 98% ages > 74, Phasing down 69-74
Beneficiaries	Contingent Survivor - Below Median	Male: +2 Female: None	None
Disabled Retirees	Teacher Disability	Male: +8 Female: +3	None

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are as follows:

	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return*
Fixed Income	15.00 %	2.80 %
U.S. Large Stocks	32.00 %	8.00 %
U.S. Mid Stocks	9.00 %	10.00 %
U.S. Small Stocks	4.00 %	11.00 %
International Developed Market Stocks	12.00 %	9.50 %
International Emerging Market Stocks	3.00 %	11.00 %
Alternatives	10.00 %	9.00 %
Real Estate	10.00 %	6.50 %
Cash	5.00 %	2.50 %
TOTAL	100.00 %	

*Includes assumed rate of inflation of 2.00%

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45%. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability at the prior measurement date was 7.70%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, components of the pension plan's fiduciary net position were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of UAB's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table reflects UAB's proportionate share of the net pension liability, as prescribed by GASB 68, calculated using the discount rate of 7.45%, as well as what UAB's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.45%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.45%) than the current rate:

	 1% Decrease	 Current Rate	 1% Increase
UAB's proportionate share of collective net pension liability	\$ 1,543,953,000	\$ 1,048,949,000	\$ 632,029,000

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued RSA Comprehensive Annual Report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. The supporting actuarial information is included in the GASB Statement No. 67 Report for the TRS prepared as of September 30, 2021. The auditor's report on the Schedule of Employer Allocation and Pension Amounts by Employer and accompanying note detail by employer and in aggregate information needed to comply with GASB 68. The additional financial and actuarial information is available at is available at http://www.rsa-al.gov/index.php/employers/financial-reports/gasb-68-reports/

Defined Contribution Plans

As previously noted, some employees also participate in a voluntary UA System 403(b) defined contribution plan. In defined contribution plans, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed plus investment earnings. All full-time regular monthly employees are eligible to participate from the date of employment. UAB contributes a matching amount of up to 5% of total salaries for participating employees. UAB's contribution is funded as it accrues and, along with that of the employee, is immediately and fully vested. The contributions for fiscal years 2022 and 2021, excluding employee amounts not eligible for matching, were approximately \$77.4 million and \$68.9 million, respectively. This includes employee contributions eligible for matching of \$38.7 million and \$34.5 million, and UAB contributions of \$38.7 million and \$34.5 million, in 2022 and 2021, respectively.

The LLC sponsors a voluntary 403(b) retirement plan for eligible employees. The 403(b) plan is a voluntary, definedcontribution, tax-deferred as well as Roth after tax plan governed by Internal Revenue Code 403(b). TIAA is the administrator for the voluntary retirement program. Employees are vested after 3 years of employment. Eligibility for matching is for all full-time and part-time regular, twelve-hour shift, and weekend staff employees.

The University, the University Hospital, LLC and UABRF total salaries and wages for fiscal years 2022 and 2021 were approximately \$1.55 billion and \$1.40 billion, respectively. Total salaries and wages during fiscal years 2022 and 2021 for covered employees participating in TRS were approximately \$862.1 million and \$815.5 million, respectively. Total

salaries and wages during fiscal years 2022 and 2021 for covered employees participating in the 403(b) Plan were approximately \$869.9 million and \$760.7 million, respectively.

Triton sponsors a 401(k) plan covering substantially all employees who have completed at least six months of service. Information regarding this benefit is presented in Triton's annual report.

Compensated Absences

Certain UAB employees accumulate vacation and sick leave at varying rates depending upon their years of continuous service and their payroll classification, subject to maximum limitations. Upon termination of employment, employees are paid unused accrued vacation at their regular rate of pay up to a designated maximum number of days.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, the financial statements include accruals of approximately \$85 million and \$84 million as of September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, for accrued vacation pay and salary-related payments associated with vacation pay. There is no such accrual recognized for sick leave benefits because there is no terminal cash benefit available to employees for accumulated sick leave.

(10) Post-Employment Benefits

Post-employment health care benefits ("OPEB") are offered to all employees who officially retire from UAB through the Alabama Retired Education Employees Health Care Trust Plan with TRS or certain retired employees may elect to continue to participate in UAB's group health plan until they are eligible for Medicare by paying the full cost of the plan premium. TRS offers health care benefits through a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health care plan administered by the Public Education Employee Health Insurance Plan ("PEEHIP"). Retired employees age sixty-five or older who are eligible for Medicare must enroll in the Medicare Coordinated Plan under which Medicare is the primary insurer and UAB's health care plan becomes the secondary insurer. Despite the availability of the UAB plan, most retirees elect to participate in the PEEHIP with TRS, in which case the retirees pay a portion of the PEEHIP premium, with UAB paying an allocation towards the cost of retiree coverage.

Certain retirees may also elect to continue their basic term life insurance coverage and accidental death and dismemberment insurance up to certain maximum amounts. The retirees pay the full amount of the premiums in such cases. Retirees are not eligible for tuition assistance benefits themselves. However, their unmarried dependent children may qualify in some cases.

PEEHIP

Plan description. The Alabama Retired Education Employees' Health Care Trust (the "Trust") is a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan that administers healthcare benefits to the retirees of participating state and local educational institutions. The Trust was established under the Alabama Retiree Health Care Funding Act of 2007 which authorized and directed the Public Education Employees' Health Insurance Board ("PEEHI Board") to create an irrevocable trust to fund post-employment healthcare benefits to retirees participating in PEEHIP. Active and retiree health insurance benefits are paid through the PEEHIP. In accordance with GASB, the Trust is considered a component unit of the State of Alabama (the "State") and is included in the State's Annual Financial Report.

The PEEHIP was established in 1983 pursuant to the provisions of the *Code of Alabama 1975, Title 16, Chapter 25A (Act 83-455)* to provide a uniform plan of health insurance for active and retired employees of state and local educational institutions which provide instruction at any combination of grades K-14 (collectively, eligible employees), and to provide a method for funding the benefits related to the plan. The four-year universities participate in the plan with respect to their retired employees, and are eligible and may elect to participate in the plan with respect to their active employees. Responsibility for the establishment of the health insurance plan and its general administration and operations is vested in the PEEHI Board. The PEEHI Board is a corporate body for purposes of management of the health insurance plan. The *Code of Alabama 1975, Section 16-25A-4* provides the PEEHI Board with the authority to amend the benefit provisions in order to provide reasonable assurance of stability in future years for the plan. All assets of the PEEHIP are held in trust for the payment of health insurance benefits. The Teachers' Retirement System of Alabama ("TRS") has been appointed as the administrator of the PEEHIP and, consequently, serves as the administrator of the Trust.

Benefits provided. PEEHIP offers a basic hospital medical plan to active members and non-Medicare eligible retirees. Benefits include inpatient hospitalization for a maximum of 365 days without a dollar limit, inpatient rehabilitation, outpatient care, physician services, and prescription drugs. Active employees and non-Medicare eligible retirees who do not have Medicare eligible dependents can enroll in a health maintenance organization (HMO) in lieu of the basic hospital medical plan. The HMO includes hospital medical benefits, dental benefits, vision benefits, and an extensive formulary. However, participants in the HMO are required to receive care from a participating physician in the HMO plan.

The PEEHIP offers four optional plans (Hospital Indemnity, Cancer, Dental, and Vision) that may be selected in addition to or in lieu of the basic hospital medical plan or HMO. The Hospital Indemnity Plan provides a per-day benefit for hospital confinement, maternity, intensive care, cancer, and convalescent care. The Cancer Plan covers cancer disease only and benefits are provided regardless of other insurance. Coverage includes a per-day benefit for each hospital confinement related to cancer. The Dental Plan covers diagnostic and preventative services, as well as basic and major dental services. Diagnostic and preventative services include oral examinations, teeth cleaning, x-rays, and emergency office visits. Basic and major services include fillings, general aesthetics, oral surgery not covered under a Group Medical Program, periodontics, endodontics, dentures, bridgework, and crowns. Dental services are subject to a maximum of \$1,250 per year for individual coverage and \$1,000 per person per year for family coverage. The Vision Plan covers annual eye examinations, eye glasses, and contact lens prescriptions.

PEEHIP members may opt to elect the PEEHIP Supplemental Plan as their hospital medical coverage in lieu of the PEEHIP Hospital Medical Plan. The PEEHIP Supplemental Plan provides secondary benefits to the member's primary plan provided by another employer. Only active and non-Medicare retiree members and dependents are eligible for the PEEHIP Supplemental Plan. There is no premium required for this plan, and the plan covers most out-of-pocket expenses not covered by the primary plan. The plan cannot be used as a supplement to Medicare, the PEEHIP Hospital Medical Plan, or the State or Local Governmental Plans administered by the State Employees' Insurance Board (the "SEIB").

Effective January 1, 2020, Medicare eligible members and Medicare eligible dependents who are covered on a retiree contract were enrolled in the Humana Group Medicare Advantage plan for PEEHIP. The plan is fully insured, and members are able to have all of their Medicare Part A (hospital insurance), Part B (medical insurance), and Part D (prescription drug coverage) in one convenient plan. Retirees can continue to see their same providers with no interruption and see any doctor who accepts Medicare on a national basis. Members have the same benefits in and out-of-network and there is no additional retiree cost share if a retiree uses an out-of-network provider and no balance billing from the provider.

Contributions. The Code of Alabama 1975, Section 16-25A-8 and the Code of Alabama 1975, Section, 16-25A-8.1 provide the Board with the authority to set the contribution requirements for plan members and the authority to set the employer contribution requirements for each required class, respectively. Additionally, the Board is required to certify to the Governor and the Legislature, the amount, as a monthly premium per active employee, necessary to fund the coverage of active and retired member benefits for the following fiscal year. The Legislature then sets the premium rate in the annual appropriation bill.

For employees who retired after September 30, 2005, but before January 1, 2012, the employer contribution of the health insurance premium set forth by the Board for each retiree class is reduced by 2% for each year of service less than 25 and increased by 2% percent for each year of service over 25 subject to adjustment by the Board for changes in Medicare premium costs required to be paid by a retiree. In no case does the employer contribution of the health insurance premium exceed 100% of the total health insurance premium cost for the retiree.

For employees who retired after December 31, 2011, the employer contribution to the health insurance premium set forth by the Board for each retiree class is reduced by 4% for each year of service less than 25 and increased by 2% for each year over 25, subject to adjustment by the Board for changes in Medicare premium costs required to be paid by a retiree. In no case does the employer contribution of the health insurance premium exceed 100% of the total health insurance premium cost for the retiree. For employees who retired after December 31, 2011, who are not covered by Medicare, regardless of years of service, the employer contribution to the health insurance premium set forth by the Board for each retiree class is reduced by a percentage equal to 1% multiplied by the difference between the Medicare entitlement age and the age of the employee at the time of retirement as determined by the Board. This reduction in the employer contribution to the Board of the attainment of Medicare coverage.

OPEB Liabilities, **OPEB** Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related

to OPEB. At September 30, 2022 and 2021, the financial statements of UAB reflected a liability of \$546.6 million and \$680.4 million, respectively for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.* The net OPEB liability was measured as of September 30, 2021 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2020. UAB's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of UAB's share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating

PEEHIP employers, actuarially determined. At September 30, 2021, UAB's proportion was 10.58%, which was an increase of 0.09% from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2020.

For the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, UAB recognized an OPEB expense of \$12.5 million and \$26.2 million, respectively with no special funding situations. At September 30, 2022 and 2021, UAB reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the PEEHIP plan from the following sources:

2022		rred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	12,931,778	\$	190,151,498	
Changes of assumptions		194,654,383		211,853,862	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		_		17,049,322	
Changes in proportion and differences between Employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		219,964,781		62,471,151	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		15,600,447		_	
TOTAL	\$	443,151,389	\$	481,525,833	

2021		rred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	17,255,266	\$	244,631,528
Changes of assumptions		237,669,500		126,349,962
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		—		28,691
Changes in proportion and differences between Employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		275,052,969		84,816,231
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		18,240,187		_
TOTAL	\$	548,217,922	\$	455,826,412

\$15.6 million reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from UAB's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending September 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Years ending September 30:

• •	
2023	\$ (33,395,742)
2024	(35,950,132)
2025	(37,172,738)
2026	42,342,366
2027	25,315,788
Thereafter	(15,114,433)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability for the PEEHIP was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50%
Projected Salary Increase ¹	3.25%-5.00%
Long-Term Investment Rate of Return ²	7.00%
Municipal Bond Index Rate at the Measurement	2.29%
Municipal Bond Index Rate at the Prior	2.25%
Projected Year for Fiduciary Net Position (FNP) to be	2051
Single Equivalent Interest Rate the Measurement	3.97%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate the Prior	3.05%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	
Pre-Medicare Eligible	6.50%
Medicare Eligible	**
Ultimate Trend Rate	
Pre-Medicare Eligible	4.50% in 2028
Medicare Eligible	4.75% in 2025

¹Includes 3.00% wage inflation.

²Compounded annually, net of investment expense, and includes inflation.

**Initial Medicare claims are set based on scheduled increases through plan year 2022.

The rates of mortality are based on the Pub-2010 Public Mortality Plans Mortality Tables, adjusted generationally based on scale MP-2020, with an adjustment of 66-2/3% to the table beginning in year 2019. The mortality rates are adjusted forward and/or back depending on the plan and group covered, as shown in the table below:

Group	Membership Table	Set Forward (+) / Set Back (1)	Adjustment to Rates
Active Members	Teacher Employee Below Median	None	65%
Service Retirees	Teacher Below Median	Male: +2 Female: +2	Male: 108% ages < 63, 96% ages > 67, Phasing down 63-67 Female: 112% ages < 69, 98% ages > 74, Phasing down 69-74
Disabled Retirees	Teacher Disability	Male: +8 Female: +3	None
Beneficiaries	Teacher Contingent Survivor Below Median	Male: +2 Female: None	None

The decremental assumptions used in the valuation were selected based on the actuarial experience study prepared as of September 30, 2020, submitted to and adopted by the Teachers' Retirement System of Alabama Board on September 13, 2021.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) were based on the September 30, 2020 valuation.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is to be reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every five years, in conjunction with similar analysis for the Teachers' Retirement System of Alabama. Several factors should be considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation), as developed for each major asset class. These ranges should be combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The long-term expected rate of return on the OPEB plan investments is determined based on the allocation of assets by asset class and by the mean and variance of real returns. The target asset allocation and best estimates of expected geometric real rates of return for each major asset class is summarized below:

	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Fixed Income	30.00 %	4.40 %
U.S. Large Stocks	38.00 %	8.00 %
U.S. Mid Stocks	8.00 %	10.00 %
U.S. Small Stocks	4.00 %	11.00 %
International Developed Market Stocks	15.00 %	9.50 %
Cash	5.00 %	1.50 %
TOTAL	100.00 %	

* Geometric mean, includes 2.5% inflation

Discount Rate. The discount rate (also known as the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR), as described by GASB 74) used to measure the PEEHIP total OPEB liability at September 30, 2021 was 3.97%. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at the prior measurement date was 3.05%. Premiums paid to the PEEHI Board for active employees shall include an amount to partially fund the cost of coverage for retired employees. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan contributions will be made at the current contribution rates. Each year, the State specifies the monthly employer rate that participating school systems must contribute for each active employee. Currently, the monthly employer rate is \$800 per non-university active member. Approximately, 12.990% of the employer contributions were used to assist in funding retiree benefit payments in 2021 and it is assumed that the 12.990% will increase at the same rate as expected benefit payments for the closed group until reaching an employer rate of 20.000%. It is assumed the \$800 rate will increase with inflation at 2.50% starting in 2024. Retiree benefit payments for UAB members are paid by the UAB and are not included in the cash flow projections. The discount rate determination will use a municipal bond rate to the extent the trust is projected to run out of money before all benefits are paid. Therefore, the projected future benefit payments for all current plan members were projected through 2119. The long-term rate of return is used until the assets are expected to be depleted in 2051, after which the municipal bond rate is used.

Sensitivity of the UAB's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following table reflects UAB's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability of the Trust, as prescribed by GASB 75, calculated using the current healthcare trend rate, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if calculated using 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate. A 1-percent-point decrease would change the current healthcare trend rate from 6.50% to 5.50%, the pre-Medicare from 4.50% to 3.50%, the Known Medicare eligible from 4.50% to 3.50%. A 1-percent-point increase would change the current healthcare trend rate from 6.50% to 5.50%, the Known Medicare eligible from 4.50% to 5.50%.

	 H		Current Healthcare Trend Rate	1% Increase	
UAB's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$ 428,875,789	\$	546,566,499	\$ 698,199,578	

The following table reflects UAB's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability of the Trust, as prescribed by GASB 75, calculated using the discount rate of 3.97%, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if calculated using 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	 2.97%	 3.97%	 4.97%
UAB's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$ 672,300,965	\$ 546,566,499	\$ 445,713,574

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is located in the Trust's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. The supporting actuarial information is included in the GASB Statement No. 74 Report for PEEHIP prepared as of September 30, 2021. Additional financial and actuarial information is available at www.rsa-al.gov.

UAB Plan

Plan description. The UAB plan is considered a single-employer plan which is administered by University of Alabama at Birmingham ("UAB"). The UAB Plan offers its members hospital benefits, major medical benefits, a prescription drug program and a basic term life insurance up to an established maximum policy limit. The health care benefits cover medical and hospitalization costs for retirees and their dependents. The portion of the UAB plan related to health care

may be amended by the approval of the President of UAB upon recommendation from the Benefits Committee. The portion of the UAB plan related to the life insurance may be amended by the System.

Benefits provided. UAB employees can participate in the UAB plan as a retiree if the following condition are met; retiree has 25 years of creditable service, regardless of age (Tier I only), or retiree has 10 years of service and is 60 years old (62 years old for Tier II), or retiree has 10 years of service and is determined disabled by the Social Security Administration or the Teachers' Retirement System of Alabama's Medical Board. These retired UAB employees may elect to continue to participate in UAB Plan until they are eligible for Medicare by paying the full cost of the plan premium. Retired employees age 65 or older who are eligible for Medicare must enroll in the Medicare Coordinated Plan under which Medicare is the primary insurer and UAB Plan becomes the secondary insurer. Despite the availability of the UAB Plan, most retirees elect to participate in the PEEHIP with TRS. The UAB Plan consists of hospital benefits, major medical benefits, a prescription drug program and a basic term life insurance up to an established maximum policy limit.

Employees included in the actuarial valuation include active employees, retirees and disabled employees enrolled in the medical plan with retiree life insurance. The following table summarizes the membership of the UAB Plan as of September 30, 2021, the Valuation Date.

Membership:	2022
Inactive Employees or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	202
Inactive Members Entitled To But Not Yet Receiving Benefits	-
Active Employees	10,317
TOTAL MEMBERSHIP	10,519

Contributions. UAB retired employees make contributions to the plan by making premium payments associated with their selected health plan option. Eligible disabled retirees are responsible for only the employee portion of those premiums and UAB is responsible for the employer portion. All other UAB retirees are responsible for the full premium cost of the plan and in no case does the employer contribute to the plan.

OPEB Liabilities, **OPEB** Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB. At September 30, 2022 and 2021, UAB reported a total OPEB liability ("TOL") of \$7.2 million and \$5.3 million, respectively. The TOL is based upon an Entry Age Normal ("EAN") actuarial funding method as of the valuation date, September 30, 2020. Since the valuation date at which the TOL is determined is before the measurement date, the TOL must be rolled forward to the measurement date.

For the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, UAB recognized an OPEB benefit of \$1.0 million and \$1.2 million, respectively with no special funding situations. At September 30, 2022 and 2021, UAB reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the UAB plan from the following sources:

2022	Defer	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	678,374	\$	4,823,778
Changes of assumptions		1,662,683		3,904,199
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement period		711,333		_
TOTAL	\$	3,052,390	\$	8,727,977
2021	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	_	\$	5,668,729
Changes of assumptions		75,946		4,632,413
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement period		1,895,059		_
TOTAL	\$	1,971,005	\$	10,301,142

\$0.7 million reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from University Hospital's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending September 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended September 30:

2023	\$ (1,302,468)
2024	(1,302,468)
2025	(1,302,468)
2026	(1,289,471)
2027	(1,173,168)
Thereafter	(16,877)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability for the UAB Plan was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50 %
Real Wage Growth	0.25 %
Projected Salary Increases ¹	3.25% - 5.00%
Wage inflation.	2.75 %
Municipal Bond Index Rate at the Measurement Date	2.29 %
Municipal Bond Index Rate at the Prior Measurement Date	2.25 %
Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	
Pre-Medicare Medical and Prescription Drug (decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2029)	6.50 %

¹Includes 3.00% wage inflation.

The rates of mortality are based on the Pub-2010 Public Mortality Plans Mortality Tables, adjusted generationally based on scale MP-2020, with an adjustment of 66-2/3% to the table beginning in year 2019. The mortality rates are adjusted forward and/or back depending on the plan and group covered, as shown in the table below:

Group	Membership Table	Set Forward (+) / Set Back (1)	Adjustment to Rates
Active Members	Teacher Employee Below Median	None	65%
Service Retirees	Teacher Below Median	Male: +2 Female: +2	Male: 108% ages < 63, 96% ages > 67, Phasing down 63-67 Female: 112% ages < 69, 98% ages > 74, Phasing down 69-74
Disabled Retirees	Teacher Disability	Male: +8 Female: +3	None
Beneficiaries	Teacher Contingent Survivor Below Median	Male: +2 Female: None	None

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, and salary increases used in the September 30, 2021 valuation were based on the actuarial experience study prepared as of September 30, 2015, submitted to and adopted by the Teachers' Retirement System of Alabama Board on September 13, 2021.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the September 30, 2021 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience performed concurrently with the September 30, 2021 valuation.

The UAB Plan does not hold any plan assets, as such, there are no long-term expected rate of return or target allocation presented.

Discount Rate. The discount rate, as defined by Paragraph 155 of GASB 75 is to be a 20-year tax-exempt municipal bond (rating AA/Aa or higher) rate (Municipal Bond Index Rate) The Municipal Bond Index Rate used for this purpose is the average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index, the Fidelity General Obligation AA 20-year Municipal Bond Index, and the S&P High Grade 20-year Municipal Bond Index. The rates as of September 30, 2020 were 2.21%, 2.41%, and 2.14% for the Bond Buyer, Fidelity, and S&P Municipal Bond Indices respectively. These three rates resulted in an averaged Municipal Bond Index Rate of 2.25%. This is a change from the Municipal Bond

Index Rate of 2.29% as of the Prior Measurement Date, which used a single source from the Bond Buyer (www.bondbuyer.com).

Sensitivity of the UAB Plan's net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following table presents the total OPEB Liability of the UAB Plan, calculated using the current healthcare trend rate, as well as what the total OPEB Liability would be if calculated using 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate. A 1-percent-point decrease would change the current healthcare trend rate from 6.50% to 5.50% and pre-Medicare from 4.50% to 3.50%. A 1-percent-point increase would change the current healthcare trend rate from 6.50% to 7.50% and the pre-Medicare from 4.50% to 5.50%.

	Current Healthcare						
		1% Decrease	Trend Rate			1% Increase	
UAB's total OPEB liability	\$	6,967,652	\$	7,207,553	\$	7,467,200	

The following table presents the total OPEB Liability of the UAB Plan, calculated using the discount rate of 2.29%, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if calculated using 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	 1.29%	 2.29%	3.29%		
UAB's total OPEB liability	\$ 7,586,915	\$ 7,207,553	\$	6,861,866	

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability. Since the UAB Plan does not meet the definition within paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No 75, UAB is disclosing a schedule of changes in the total OPEB liability below:

	 2022
Total OPEB Liability as of September 30, 2021	\$ 5,280,513
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	176,656
Interest on TOL and cash flows	108,805
Changes in benefit terms	250
Difference between expected and actual experience	756,169
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	1,779,639
Benefit payments	 (894,479)
Net changes	\$ 1,927,040
Total OPEB Liability as of September 30, 2022	\$ 7,207,553

*The service cost include interest for the year.

(11) Federal Direct Student Loan Program

The Federal Direct Student Loan Program ("FDSLP") was established under the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended in the Student Loan Reform Act of 1993. The FDSLP enables an eligible student or parent to obtain a loan to pay for the student's cost of attendance directly through the university rather than through private lenders. UAB began participation in the FDSLP on July 1, 1994. As a university qualified to originate loans, UAB is responsible for handling the complete loan process, including funds management, as well as promissory note functions. UAB is not responsible for collection of these loans. During the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, UAB disbursed approximately \$158.0 million and \$163.2 million, respectively, under the FDSLP.

(12) Grants and Contracts

At September 30, 2022 and 2021, UAB had been awarded approximately \$950.1 million and \$907.5 million, respectively, in grants and contracts which have not been expended. These awards, which represent commitments of sponsors to provide funds for specific research, training, and service projects, have not been reflected in the financial statements.

(13) Operating Expenses by Function

Total operating expenses by functional classification for the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 are as follows for UAB:

2022 Operating Expenses

	laries, Wages, and Benefits	 Supplies and Services	preciation and Amortization	5	Scholarships and Fellowships	 Total
Instruction	\$ 254,093,368	\$ 34,006,866	\$ _	\$. –	\$ 288,100,234
Research	204,583,844	130,638,802	_		—	335,222,646
Public service	110,208,683	81,678,438	-		—	191,887,121
Academic support	172,405,795	27,968,503	-		_	200,374,298
Student services	28,266,610	8,342,140	-		_	36,608,750
Institutional support	119,432,872	103,144,811	-		_	222,577,683
Operations and maintenance of plant	42,976,230	42,105,778	-		_	85,082,008
Scholarships and fellowships	_	_	_		33,114,448	33,114,448
University Hospital	1,020,673,576	1,295,135,461	_		_	2,315,809,037
Auxiliary	76,209,520	707,575,843	_		_	783,785,363
Depreciation	_	_	180,030,404		_	180,030,404
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	\$ 2,028,850,498	\$ 2,430,596,642	\$ 180,030,404	\$	33,114,448	\$ 4,672,591,992

(by functional classification)

2021 Operating Expenses

(by functional classification)

Salaries, Wages, Supplies and Depreciation and Scholarships and Total and Benefits Services Amortization Fellowships 259,960,374 \$ \$ \$ 293,021,318 Instruction \$ 33,060,944 \$ 206,051,685 338,353,105 Research 132,301,420 Public service 113,748,440 68,723,953 182,472,393 Academic support 161,076,915 8,826,999 169,903,914 Student services 29,096,394 10,491,179 39,587,573 Institutional support 129,108,352 91,731,038 220,839,390 Operations and maintenance of plant 41,346,247 31,906,518 73,252,765 _ Scholarships and fellowships 55,053,095 55,053,095 _ _ University Hospital 2,060,650,890 951,567,782 1,109,083,108 Auxiliary 71,672,708 668,172,085 739,844,793 Depreciation 175,757,850 175,757,850 TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES \$ 1,963,628,897 \$ \$ 175,757,850 \$ \$ 4,348,737,086 2,154,297,244 55,053,095

(14) Contingencies and Commitments

UAB has sovereign immunity and is, therefore, in the opinion of UAB counsel, immune to ordinary tort actions including those based on medical malpractice or general injury to patients. Consequently, while UAB is sometimes named as defendant in malpractice actions and other actions for injuries arising in the University Hospital, it has consistently been dismissed from those lawsuits on the basis of the sovereign immunity doctrine. That doctrine also protects UAB from vicarious liability arising from the negligence of its employees. To the extent that UAB employees are sued in their individual capacity for actions related to their official duties within the line and scope of their employment, UAB has defended those actions and paid for any resulting costs through its self-insured trust fund. While UAB is not aware of any impending threat to this doctrine, UAB is a named insured under the terms of the PLTF and excess insurance purchased from commercial companies (Note 8). There are some exceptions to the sovereign immunity doctrine, most notably federal court cases arising under the federal constitution or federal statutes.

UAB is engaged in various legal actions in the ordinary course of business. Management does not believe the ultimate outcome of these actions will have a material adverse effect on the financial statements. However, the settlement of legal actions is subject to inherent uncertainties and it is possible that such outcomes could differ materially from management's current expectations.

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustments by such agencies, principally the United States Government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of UAB. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although UAB expects any such amounts to be immaterial.

UAB has contracted for the construction and renovation of several facilities. At September 30, 2022 and 2021, the estimated remaining cost to complete the construction and renovation of these facilities was approximately \$468 million and \$293 million, respectively, which is expected to be financed from private gifts, grants, bond proceeds, and UAB reserves.

(15) Segment Reporting

As discussed in Note 1, UAB's two significant identifiable activities that have bonds outstanding where revenue is pledged in support of the bonds are the University and the University Hospital. Condensed financial statement information related to the University and University Hospital as of and for the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 is as follows:

UNIVERSITY	2022			2021		
CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION						
Current assets	\$	905,310,840	\$	988,756,461		
Capital assets, net		1,258,377,988		1,223,358,141		
Other assets		1,207,170,848		1,153,604,330		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	3,370,859,676	\$	3,365,718,932		
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES	\$	484,468,683	\$	562,409,447		
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	3,855,328,359	\$	3,928,128,379		
Current liabilities		339,189,442		334,151,703		
Long-term debt		775,217,646		621,357,170		
Other noncurrent liabilities		1,019,965,334		1,373,463,572		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	2,134,372,422	\$	2,328,972,445		
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES	\$	567,293,559	\$	334,290,774		
Net investment in capital assets		605,982,389		608,224,952		
Restricted nonexpendable		435,550,602		390,565,083		
Restricted expendable		416,868,445		548,697,797		
Unrestricted		(304,739,058)		(282,622,672)		
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	1,153,662,378	\$	1,264,865,160		
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION	\$	3,855,328,359	\$	3,928,128,379		

UNIVERSITY	 2022	 2021
CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION		
Tuition and fees, net	\$ 238,778,078	\$ 243,476,387
Grant and contract revenue	572,438,336	526,727,010
Sales and services, educational	66,563,264	67,666,602
Other operating revenues	78,568,625	72,219,276
Salaries, wages, and benefits	(947,380,434)	(955,714,291)
Supplies and services	(458,464,190)	(406,825,370)
Depreciation	(91,104,802)	(88,992,244)
Scholarships and fellowships	 (33,099,152)	 (55,047,847)
OPERATING LOSS	(573,700,275)	(596,490,477)
State appropriations	292,027,354	276,997,252
Investment income	(239,084,640)	307,137,486
Interest expense	(22,017,589)	(18,327,490)
Gifts	31,620,373	57,336,704
Other nonoperating revenues	 51,230,247	 115,065,144
(LOSS) INCOME BEFORE OTHER CHANGES IN NET POSITION	 (459,924,530)	 141,718,619
Capital gifts and grants	12,806,599	1,645,260
State capital funds	26,379,881	3,610,767
Endowment gifts	44,941,789	33,163,130
Intergovernmental transfers	 264,593,479	 255,710,660
(DECREASE) INCREASE IN NET POSITION	(111,202,782)	435,848,436
Net position, beginning of year	 1,264,865,160	 829,016,724
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 1,153,662,378	\$ 1,264,865,160
UNIVERSITY	2022	2021
CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS	 	
Net cash provided by (used in):		
Operating activities	\$ (524,256,332)	\$ (498,196,337)
Noncapital financing activities	683,388,794	737,375,181
Investing activities	(60,104,419)	(55,038,798)
Capital and related financing activities	21,931,212	(133,606,799)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	 120,959,255	 50,533,247
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	215,490,306	164,957,059
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$ 336,449,561	\$ 215,490,306

UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL		2022		2021
CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION				
Current assets	\$	1,392,058,470	\$	1,521,544,493
Capital assets, net		658,181,017		669,859,761
Other assets		532,814,383		860,118,237
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,583,053,870	\$	3,051,522,491
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES	\$	247,091,368	\$	300,205,570
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	2,830,145,238	\$	3,351,728,061
Current liabilities		236,651,954		400,401,897
Long-term debt		517,235,928		535,825,954
Other noncurrent liabilities		587,501,559		741,468,850
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	1,341,389,441	\$	1,677,696,701
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES	\$	309,205,504	\$	222,499,903
Net investment in capital assets		177,350,244		175,035,236
Restricted nonexpendable		128,099		128,099
Restricted expendable		38,034,426		40,600,146
Unrestricted		964,037,524		1,235,767,976
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	1,179,550,293	\$	1,451,531,457
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION	\$	2,830,145,238	\$	3,351,728,061
UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL		2022		2021
CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION				
Operating revenues	\$	2,630,862,366	\$	2,472,592,069
Operating expenses		(2,317,714,012)	·	(2,051,279,108)
Depreciation expense		(87,695,333)		(85,483,135)
OPERATING INCOME		225,453,021		335,829,826
Economic relief funds		21,209,457		412,719
State appropriations		40,421,576		37,955,804
Investment income		(280,918,844)		241,041,041
Interest expense		(19,776,642)		(19,907,574)
Gifts		121,661		(13,307,374) 104,779
Other nonoperating expenses		(238,881)		(327,872)
(LOSS) INCOME BEFORE OTHER CHANGES IN NET POSITION		(239,181,673)		259,278,897
Capital gifts and grants		75		233,278,837
Intergovernmental transfers		(258,252,587)		(232,565,085)
(DECREASE) INCREASE IN NET POSITION		(271,981,164)		362,543,638
Net position, beginning of year		1,451,531,457		1,088,987,819
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	¢	1,179,550,293	¢	1,451,531,457
	\$	1,179,550,295	Ψ	1,451,551,457
CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS				
Net cash provided by (used in):				
Operating activities		126,823,107		353,382,547
Noncapital financing activities		(196,499,893)		(190,862,468)
Investing activities		136,344,929		(289,430,883)
Capital and related financing activities		(114,993,929)		(126,029,622)
NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(48,325,786)		(252,940,426)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		81,233,509		334,173,935

(16) Health Care Services

Net Patient Service Revenue

The University Hospital has agreements with governmental and other third-party payors that provide for reimbursement to the University Hospital at amounts different from its established rates. Contractual adjustments under third-party reimbursement programs represent the difference between the University Hospital's billings at established rates for services and amounts reimbursed by third-party payors. A summary of the basis of reimbursement with major thirdparty payors follows:

Medicare. Substantially all acute-care services rendered to Medicare program beneficiaries are paid at prospectively determined rates. These rates vary according to the patient classification systems that are based on clinical, diagnostic, and other factors. Additionally, the University Hospital is reimbursed for both its direct and indirect medical education costs (as defined), principally based on per-resident prospective payment amounts and certain adjustments to prospective rate-per-discharge operating reimbursement payments. The University Hospital generally is reimbursed for certain retroactively settled items at tentative rates, with final settlement determined after submission of annual cost reports by the University Hospital and audits by the Medicare fiscal intermediary. the University Hospital's cost reports have been audited and settled for all fiscal years through 2012. Revenue from the Medicare program accounted for approximately 17% and 18% of the University Hospital's net patient service revenue for the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Section 302 of the Tax Relief and Health Care Act of 2006 authorized a permanent program involving the use of thirdparty recovery audit contractors (RACs) to identify Medicare overpayments and underpayments made to providers. As of September 30, 2022, the University Hospital reported claims in various stages of review based on the requests received by the RACs during the fiscal year. Payment recoveries resulting from RAC reviews are appealable through administrative and judicial processes, and the University Hospital intends to pursue the reversal of adverse determinations, where appropriate. The University Hospital cannot predict with certainty the impact of the Medicare RAC program on our future results of operations or cash flows.

Blue Cross. Inpatient services rendered to Blue Cross subscribers are paid at a prospectively determined per diem rate. Outpatient services are reimbursed at a prospectively determined rate. The method of reimbursement is determined by the procedures that are performed. Revenue from the Blue Cross program accounted for approximately 36% and 35% of the University Hospital's net patient service revenue for the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Medicaid. Inpatient services rendered to Medicaid program beneficiaries are reimbursed at all-inclusive prospectively determined per diem rates. Outpatient services are reimbursed based on an established fee schedule. The University Hospital is designated as a Disproportionate Share Hospital (DSH) and receives payments under the Medicaid DSH program. In addition, as a participant in the Alabama Medicaid Plan, the University Hospital also receives supplemental payments based on formulas established by the Alabama Medicaid Agency. The net benefit associated with the University Hospital's participation in these programs, totaling approximately \$154.1 million and \$168.2 million in 2022 and 2021, respectively, is included in net patient service revenue in the accompanying statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position. There can be no assurance that the University Hospital will continue to qualify for future participation in these programs or that the programs will not ultimately be discontinued or materially modified. Revenue from the Medicaid program accounted for approximately 15% and 16% of the University Hospital's net patient service revenue for the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Other. The University Hospital has also entered into payment agreements with certain commercial insurance carriers, health maintenance organizations, and preferred provider organizations. The basis for payments to the University Hospital under these agreements includes discounts from established charges and prospectively determined daily and case rates.

The composition of University Hospital operating revenue follows:

	 2022	 2021
Gross Patient Service Revenue	\$ 10,318,705,328	\$ 9,562,939,692
Less Provision for Contractual and Other Adjustments	(7,906,817,837)	(7,196,037,301)
Less Provision for Uncollectible Accounts	 (204,914,523)	 (248,640,077)
Net Patient Service Revenue	\$ 2,206,972,968	\$ 2,118,262,314
Capitation Revenue	80,335,191	79,939,250
Other Operating Revenue	 524,715,538	 435,683,905
TOTAL UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL SALES REVENUE	\$ 2,812,023,697	\$ 2,633,885,469

Charity Care

The University Hospital maintains records to identify and monitor the level of charity care it provides. These records include the amount of charges foregone for services and supplies furnished under its charity care policy, the estimated costs of those services, and supplies and equivalent service statistics. The estimated cost of charity care provided during the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 was approximately \$42.4 million and \$36.6 million, respectively, calculated based on the ratio of total direct and indirect costs to establish charges applied to the charges foregone under the charity care policy.

	 2022	 2021
Approximate charges foregone, based on established rates	\$ 155,552,620	\$ 137,442,012
Percentage of charity charges to total charges	1.5%	1.4%

Credit Risk

The University Hospital grants credit without collateral to its patients, most of whom are local residents and are insured under third-party payor agreements. The mix of receivables from patients and third-party payors at September 30, 2022 and 2021 follows:

	2022	2021
Blue Cross	40%	40%
Medicare	10%	11%
Medicaid	6%	6%
Other	44%	43%
	100%	100%

Related Parties

The University Hospital and the other divisions of UAB provide a variety of support services to each other. The cost of these services is allocated to the end user on bases which vary according to the service being furnished. These services are paid for by transfers of funds which reduce operating expenses of the unit providing the service and are included in the operating costs of the unit receiving the service. Administrative and purchased services provided by UAB and allocated to and reimbursed by the University Hospital during the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 were approximately \$38.1 million and \$36.1 million, respectively. In addition, during the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, the University Hospital transferred approximately \$209.6 million and \$232.6 million, respectively, to UAB to support UAB's academic and medical programs.

As noted in footnote 7, in June 2019, the UAB Medicine Finance Authority issued \$8.1 million in Series 2019A Revenue Bonds and \$103.4 million in Series 2019B Revenue Bonds, the proceeds of which were loaned to UAB Medicine Enterprise, formally known as UAB Health System pursuant to Series 2019A and Series 2019B loan agreements. Concurrently, University Hospital entered into a loan agreement with UAB Medicine Enterprise for \$77.0 million of the 2019A and 2019B bond proceeds for the purpose of financing capital improvement projects. In January 2021, University Hospital borrowed an additional \$17.7 million of the 2019A and 2019B bond proceeds from UAB Medicine Enterprise. Of the total amount borrowed, \$42.5 million was distributed to University Hospital as of September 30, 2022 and September 30, 2021. As University Hospital is legally obligated to repay \$94.7 million on its statement of net position as long-term debt and \$52.2 million as Due from affiliate on the statement of net position. University Hospital pays interest to UAB Medicine Enterprise on the entire amount, regardless of the amount outstanding. There are no financial covenants related to the loan between University Hospital and UAB Medicine Enterprise. During 2008, the University Hospital entered into an operating agreement with the Health Services Foundation ("HSF") whereby HSF would lease two floors of the Women and Infants Center ("WIC"). HSF reimbursed the University Hospital for construction costs of this space as they were incurred on a square-footage basis. Total reimbursements are being amortized as rent revenue on a straight-line basis over a period equal to the 90 year total lease term, commencing on February 22, 2010, the date the building was placed into service. The University Hospital had received reimbursements from HSF totaling approximately \$14.7 million in 2022 and 2021, of which approximately \$12.4 million and \$12.6 million respectively, is included in the accompanying statement of net position as lease related deferred inflows for the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

In the normal course of business, HSF purchases various services from University Hospital, which aggregated to approximately \$50.3 million and \$45.3 million for the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and University Hospital purchased various services from HSF, which aggregated to approximately \$81.6 million and \$76.5 million for the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. University Hospital had a net receivable from HSF of approximately \$16.5 million at September 30, 2022, and a net payable to HSF of \$2.0 million at September 30, 2021, which is included in accounts receivable and accrued expenses in the accompanying statements of net position, respectively.

The Board and HSF entered into an agreement dated October 7, 1996, amended April 6, 2017, to establish the UAB Medicine Enterprise and to provide common management for both existing and future healthcare delivery operations. In connection with its agreement with UAB Medicine Enterprise, University Hospital partially funded the operations of UAB Medicine Enterprise and its corporate office, charging approximately \$18.3 million and \$17.4 million to other operating expense in fiscal year 2022 and 2021, respectively. University Hospital made equity transfers of approximately \$76.0 million and \$86.9 million to UAB Medicine Enterprise during fiscal year 2022 and 2021, respectively. In addition, UAB Medicine Enterprise periodically makes payments on behalf of University Hospital for which it is reimbursed. University Hospital had a net payable to UAB Medicine Enterprise of approximately \$6.7 million and \$6.9 million at September 30, 20222 and 2021, respectively.

In March 2014, the University Hospital assumed operations of the outpatient clinics in The Kirklin Clinic and entered into an agreement with HSF to lease the land and the building known as The Kirklin Clinic. The initial term of the lease, which is cancellable by either party upon proper written notice and without penalty, is five years, with automatic oneyear renewals thereafter. The expenses related to this agreement for year ending September 30, 2022 and 2021 is \$9.4 million and \$9.3 million, respectively.

VF's primary purpose is to provide a group medical practice for physicians who are faculty members in the UAB School of Medicine Huntsville. It is governed by a 17-member board of directors, consisting of three nonvoting members and 14 voting members, of whom seven are affiliated with UAB.

During the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, University Hospital received approximately \$80.3 million and \$79.9 million, respectively, in capitation fees from Triton Health Systems, LLC ("Triton"), a Health Insurance Plan sponsored by UAB.

During October 2021, University Hospital transferred \$48.6 million via an equity transfer to the UAB Health System Authority. These funds were subsequently transferred by the UAB Health System Authority to UAB Medicine Enterprise for the purpose of purchasing the Medical West Hospital Authority main hospital facility located in Bessemer, Alabama.

Effective July 1, 2012, all new hires of University Hospital are employed by UAB Hospital Management, LLC ("LLC"), the single member of which is UAB. The LLC offers the employees a voluntary 403(b) retirement plan for eligible employees. The 403(b) is a voluntary, defined-contribution, tax-deferred plan as well as Roth after-tax plan governed by Internal Revenue Code 403(b). Eligible employees can choose between both TIAA and VALIC (Variable Annuity Life Insurance Company) for investments. The LLC matches the individual's contributions up to 5% of gross monthly pay not to exceed \$245,000 annual LLC salary. The salary cap only applies to employees hired on or after July 1, 1996. Employees are vested in LLC contributions after 3 years of employment with the LLC. Eligibility for matching is for all full-time and part-time regular, twelve-hour shift, and weekend staff employees. Upon the LLC formation, University Hospital employees were given the option to become employees of the LLC. Those University Hospital employees who chose not to transfer to the LLC effective July 2012 may choose to transfer to the LLC at any time in the future. Once employees transfer to the LLC, they may not transfer employment back to University Hospital. For the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, University Hospital purchased \$617.5 million and \$549.8 million in contract labor from the LLC. There were approximately 8,950 employees of the LLC at September 30, 2022 and approximately 8,207 employees at September 30, 2021. In addition to the LLC contract labor, for the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, the University Hospital purchased \$25.6 million and \$26.6 million of contract labor from HSF related to provider based clinics.

(17) Recently Issued Pronouncements

The GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*, in May 2019. The objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This statement is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021. UAB has determined there will be no material impact from its adoption of GASB 91.

The GASB issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020, in January 2020.* The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. The statement is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. UAB has determined there was no material impact from its adoption of GASB 92

The GASB issued Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates*, in March 2020. The objective of this Statement is to address those and other accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of the IBOR. The requirements of this Statement, except for paragraphs 11b, 13, and 14 are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2020. The requirement in paragraph 11b is effective for reporting periods ending after December 31, 2021. The requirements in paragraphs 13 and 14 are effective for fiscal years periods beginning after June 15, 2021, and all reporting periods thereafter. UAB has determined there was no material impact from its adoption of the portions of GASB 93 which were effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2020, and June 15, 2021, and there will be no material impact from its adoption of the Statement effective for reporting periods beginning after December 31, 2021.

The GASB issued Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*, in March 2020. The objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private partnership arrangements. This Statement also provides guidance for accounting and financial reporting for availability payment arrangements. The statement is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022. UAB has determined there will be no material impact from its adoption of GASB 94.

The GASB issued Statement No. 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*, in May 2020. The objective of this Statement is to provide temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic. That objective is accomplished by postponing the effective dates of certain provisions in Statements 83 - 93. The effective dates disclosed above have been adjusted to reflect this deferral. UAB will apply the GASB 95 postponement of effective dates.

The GASB issued Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*, in May 2020. The objective of this Statement is to provide guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements for government end users. The statement is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022. UAB is evaluating whether there will be any material impact from its adoption of GASB 96.

The GASB issued Statement No. 97, *Certain Component Unit Criteria*, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32, in June 2020. The primary objectives of this Statement are to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans. The requirements in (1) paragraph 4 of this Statement as it applies to defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution pension plans and for benefits provided through those plans. The requirements in (1) paragraph 4 of this Statement as it applies to defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution OPEB plans, and other employee benefit plans and (2) paragraph 5 of this Statement are effective immediately. All other requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. UAB has determined there was no material impact from its adoption of GASB 97.

The GASB issued Statement No. 98, *The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report*, in October 2021. This Statement establishes the term annual comprehensive financial report and its acronym ACFR. That new term and acronym replace instances of comprehensive annual financial report and its acronym in generally accepted accounting principles for state and local governments. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2021. UAB's early adoption of GASB 98 during fiscal year 2021 had no material impact on its financial statements.

The GASB issued Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022, in April 2022. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The requirements related to extension of the use of LIBOR, accounting for SNAP distributions, disclosures of nonmonetary transactions, pledges of future revenues by pledging governments, clarification of certain provisions in Statement 34, as amended, and terminology updates related to Statement 53 and Statement 63 were effective upon issuance. The requirements related to leases, PPPs, and SBITAs are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter. The requirements 53 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. UAB has determined there was no material impact from its adoption of the portions of GASB 99 which were effective immediately, and UAB is evaluating whether there will by any material impact from its adoption of the portions of this Statement effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

The GASB issued Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections* - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62, in June 2022. The primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. As GASB Statement No. 100 is based on an unknown possible future event, materiality can not be determined. The University will continue to evaluate for any potential impact in the future.

The GASB issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, in June 2022. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023. UAB is evaluating whether there will be any material impact from its adoption of GASB 101.

The University of Alabama at Birmingham Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

The following required supplementary information relates to UAB's participation in the Teachers' Retirement System of Alabama. (Dollars in thousands)

Schedule of UAB's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Teachers' Retirement Plan of Alabama

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Employer's proportion of the net pension liability	11.134965 %	11.425593 %	11.260686 %	11.750518 %	11.814264 %	11.863961 %	11.916376 %	12.188512 %
Employer's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$1,048,949	\$1,413,306	\$1,245,083	\$1,168,305	\$ 1,161,162	\$1,284,396	\$1,247,128	\$1,107,275
Employer's covered payroll during the measurement period	\$ 947,482	\$ 946,085	\$ 940,203	\$ 916,059	\$ 901,338	\$ 876,899	\$ 864,300	\$ 880,666
Employer's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	110.71 %	149.38 %	132.43 %	127.54 %	128.83 %	146.47 %	144.29 %	125.73 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total collective pension liability	76.44 %	67.72 %	69.85 %	72.29 %	71.50 %	67.93 %	67.51%	71.01 %

Schedule of UAB's Contributions Teachers' Retirement Plan of Alabama

	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 101,166	\$ 96,839	\$ 98,485	\$ 94,900	\$ 91,228	\$ 88,660	\$ 86,334	\$ 84,999
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution required contribution	\$ 101,166	\$ 96,839	\$ 98,485	\$ 94,900	\$ 91,228	\$ 88,660	\$ 86,334	\$ 84,999
Contribution deficiency (excess)	 _	 _	 _	 _	 _	 _	 _	 _
Employer's covered payroll	\$ 1,022,561	\$ 947,482	\$ 946,085	\$ 940,203	\$ 916,059	\$ 901,338	\$ 876,899	\$ 864,300
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	9.89%	10.22%	10.41%	10.09%	9.96%	9.84%	9.85%	9.83%

Notes to Schedules

Employer's covered payroll: The payroll on which contributions to a pension plan are based.

Measurement period:

For fiscal year 2022, the measurement period is October 1, 2020 – September 30, 2021
For fiscal year 2021, the measurement period is October 1, 2019 – September 30, 2020
For fiscal year 2020, the measurement period is October 1, 2018 – September 30, 2019
For fiscal year 2019, the measurement period is October 1, 2017 – September 30, 2018
For fiscal year 2018, the measurement period is October 1, 2016 – September 30, 2017
For fiscal year 2017, the measurement period is October 1, 2015 – September 30, 2016
For fiscal year 2016, the measurement period is October 1, 2014 – September 30, 2015
For fiscal year 2015, the measurement period is October 1, 2013 – September 30, 2014

The following required supplementary information related to UAB's participation in the Alabama Retired Education Employees' Health Care Trust (PEEHIP). (Dollars in thousands)

	2022		2021		2020		2019			2018
Employers' proportion of the net OPEB liability	10.578406 %			10.484536 %		7.028808 %		8.029386 %		8.670675 %
Employer's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	546,566	\$	680,432	\$	265,181	\$	659,913	\$	644,008
Employer's covered payroll during the measurement period	\$	955,043	\$	951,988	\$	911,574	\$	922,919	\$	908,353
Employer's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		57.23 %		71.47 %		29.09 %		71.50 %		70.90 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	27.11 %		19.80 %		28.14 %		14.81 %			15.37 %

Schedule of UAB's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Alabama Retired Education Employees' Health Care Trust (PEEHIP)

Schedule of UAB's Contributions to the Alabama Retired Education Employees' Health Care Trust (PEEHIP)

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Contractually required contribution	\$ 15,600,447	\$ 18,240,187	\$20,775,402	\$ 19,976,210	\$ 19,713,541
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 15,600,447	\$ 18,240,187	\$20,775,402	\$ 19,976,210	\$ 19,713,541
Contribution deficiency (excess)					
Employer's covered payroll	\$1,018,753,848	\$955,043,349	\$951,987,983	\$911,573,992	\$922,919,000
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1.53 %	1.91 %	2.18 %	2.19 %	2.14 %

Notes to Schedules

Employer's covered payroll: The payroll on which contributions to an OPEB plan are based.

Measurement period:

For fiscal year 2022, the measurement period is October 1, 2020 – September 30, 2021 For fiscal year 2021, the measurement period is October 1, 2019 – September 30, 2020 For fiscal year 2020, the measurement period is October 1, 2018 – September 30, 2019 For fiscal year 2019, the measurement period is October 1, 2017 – September 30, 2018 For fiscal year 2018, the measurement period is October 1, 2016 – September 30, 2017 The following required supplementary information is related to the UAB Health Care Plan.

Schedule of Change in UAB Health Care Plan's Total OPEB Liability

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability					
Service cost*	176,656	168,931	169,614	168,312	6,230,996
Interest on TOL and cash flows	108,805	153,833	708,983	691,351	690,596
Changes in benefit terms	250	_	—	_	(6,710,449)
Difference between expected and actual experience	756,169	(436,896)	(6,173,296)	(787,087)	—
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	1,779,639	85,758	(4,662,781)	(767,436)	(961,631)
Benefit payments	(894,479)	(942,445)	(1,489,763)	(1,927,388)	(4,961,185)
Net changes in Total OPEB Liability	1,927,040	(970,819)	(11,447,243)	\$ (2,622,248)	\$ (5,711,673)
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	\$ 5,280,513	\$ 6,251,332	\$ 17,698,575	\$ 20,320,823	\$ 26,032,496
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ 7,207,553	\$ 5,280,513	\$ 6,251,332	\$ 17,698,575	\$ 20,320,823
Covered payroll	\$955,043,349	\$ 951,987,983	\$ 911,573,992	\$922,919,000	\$908,353,000
Total OPEB Liability as a percentage of covered payroll	0.75 %	0.55 %	0.69 %	1.92 %	2.24 %

*The service cost include interest for the year.

Notes to Schedules

Employer's covered payroll: The payroll on which contributions to an OPEB plan are based.

Measurement period:

For fiscal year 2022, the measurement period is October 1, 2020 – September 30, 2021 For fiscal year 2021, the measurement period is October 1, 2019 – September 30, 2020 For fiscal year 2020, the measurement period is October 1, 2018 – September 30, 2019 For fiscal year 2019, the measurement period is October 1, 2017 – September 30, 2018 For fiscal year 2018, the measurement period is October 1, 2016 – September 30, 2017

The University of Alabama at Birmingham Administration (Unaudited)

As of September 30, 2022



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As of September 30, 2022

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