## Fall 2013

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Signature:

## SHOW ALL YOUR WORK!

If you have time, find a way to check your answers.

## Part 1

1. [5 points] Evaluate  $\lim_{t \to \infty} \frac{5t^3 + 7t^3 + 6}{2t^3 - 7t - 5}$ 

2. [5 points] Given that  $\lim_{t \to a} h(t) = -6$  and  $\lim_{t \to a} g(t) = -9$ , find

 $\lim_{t \to a} \frac{h(t)}{g(t) - h(t)}$ 

3. [5 points] Find the x-coordinate of each critical number of  $f(\theta) = 2\cos(\theta) - \sin^2(\theta)$  in  $[0, 2\pi]$ .

4. [5 points] Find the values of x for which the curve  $y = 2x^3 - 9x^2 - 24x + 1$  has a horizontal tangent line.

5. [5 points] Find the linearization L(x) of the function f(x) at  $\frac{\pi}{4}$  for  $f(x) = \sin(x)$ 

6. [5 points] Find the second derivative of the function  $f(x) = \cos(x^3)$ .

7. [5 points] Find y' if  $\cos(xy) = 1 + \sin(y)$ .

8. [5 points] Differentiate  $f(x) = e^{\sin x \cos x}$ .

9. [5 points] Find 
$$\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{e^x - 1 - x}{x^2}$$
.

10. [5 points] A particle moves along a straight line so that its coordinate at the time t is s(t). It is known that its velocity equals  $v(t) = 6t^2 + 4t + 1$  and that s(0) = 0. Find the precise expression for s(t).

## Part 2

1. [5 points] Differentiate  $f(x) = e^{\tan x} - (\ln(x))^5$ 

2.  $\left[5 \text{ points}\right]$  Given the following function on the given interval

 $g(t) = t^2 + 2t + 1,$  [-2,0],

find all numbers c that satisfy the conclusion of the Mean Value Theorem.

3. [5 points] Use logarithmic differentiation to calculate the derivative of

$$y = \frac{x^{\frac{3}{4}}\sqrt{x^2 + 4}}{(3x+4)^5}$$

4. [10 points] If  $y = f(x) = -4x\sqrt{x+3}$ , find the absolute maxima and minima of f(x) on the closed interval [-3, 6]. Include the appropriate x and y values of the maximum and minimum.

5. [8 points] Find the dimensions of a rectangle whose area is 9 and whose perimeter is minimal.

6. Let 
$$f(x) = \frac{x-2}{(x-1)^2}$$
.

(a) [2 points] Find the domain and the x and y intercepts of the function.

(b) [3 points] Find the vertical and horizontal asymptotes of the function.

(c) [2 points] Find the open intervals where f(x) is increasing and the open intervals where f(x) is decreasing.

(d) [2 points] Find the local maxima and the local minima of the function if any (give both x and y coordinates of each of them).

(e) [2 points] Find all open intervals where the graph of f(x) is concave up and all open intervals where it is concave down.

(f) [1 points] Find all inflection points (give both x and y coordinates!).

(g) [5 points] Use all this information to graph the function. Indicate all relevant information on the graph (such as x, y-intercepts, local/absolute maxima/minima, asymptotes, inflection points etc).